ONE COMPONENT POLYURETHANE FOAM SEALANT HC
(Includes Strawfoam, Gunfoam, Fireblock, Black and Extreme)

MSDS # A16186
Issue Date: March 2005    Last Rev: October 22, 2010

M A T E R I A L          S A F E T Y          D A T A          S H E E T

1. PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical Product
One-Component Polyurethane Foam Sealant HC

Manufacturer
FOMO PRODUCTS, INC.
P. O. Box 1078
Norton, Ohio   44203

Emergency Overview
Product Information: 1-800-321-5585 (Monday-Friday 8:00am-5:00pm). In Ohio and outside the United States call (330) 753-4585
Transportation Emergency: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours). One-Component Polyurethane Foam Sealant HC is registered by the manufacturer, FOMO PRODUCTS, INC.
International Transportation Emergency: CHEMTREC (703) 527-3887

Product is a liquid urethane prepolymer mixture that is packaged under pressure (Flammable Compressed Gas). Containers should not be heated above 120°F (49°C) to avoid excessive pressure build-up.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

DANGER! Extremely Flammable. Vapors may cause a flash fire. May cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. Contents under pressure, storage temperature should not exceed 120°F (49°C) in order to avoid excessive pressure build up and possible container rupture. Vapor reduces oxygen available for breathing. May cause lung injury. Respiratory sensitizer. May cause central nervous system effects. May cause liver damage. Toxic gases/fumes may be given off during burning.

Potential Health Effects

The primary adverse health effects of this product are related to the individual components that make-up the mixture; Polymeric Isocyanate (pMDI) component and the Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Hydrocarbon, HC) component. These products should be used in a well ventilated area to avoid exceeding the exposure limits of these components (listed in Section 8 of this MSDS). If used indoors, mechanical ventilation or exhaust should be provided during use and until product is cured (see Section 8).

Entry Route: Effects of Overexposure
Inhalation: Vapors may irritate mucous membranes with tightness in chest, coughing, wheezing, or allergic asthmatics-like sensitivity. Extensive overexposure can lead to respiratory symptoms such as asthma and pulmonary edema. These diseases may be aggravated by prolonged exposure. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract and lungs. Over exposure to the Hydrocarbon Gas Mixture may cause lightheadedness, headaches, or lethargy. Persons with cardiac arrhythmia may be at increased risk in severe exposure. In poorly ventilated areas, vapor can easily accumulate and can cause unconsciousness and death due to
displacement of oxygen. Excessive exposure may aggravate pre-existing conditions such as asthma, emphysema, bronchitis, etc.

**Eyes:**  May cause eye irritation. Foam contact can cause physical damage due to its adhesive characteristics. Vapors may cause slight temporary corneal injury.

**Skin:**  May cause localized irritation, reddening or swelling. Prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to sensitization. May cause an allergic reaction. Prolonged skin exposure is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. Foam will stick to the skin causing irritation upon removal. (See section 8 for PPE guidelines).

**Ingestion:**  May cause irritation of mucous membranes in the mouth and digestive tract. Small amounts swallowed as a result of normal handling are not likely to cause injury; swallowing large amounts may cause injury.

If accidental contact occurs, follow the appropriate first aid procedure described in Section 4 of this MSDS.

### 3. COMPOSITION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name (common names)</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Urethane Pre-Polymer Blend</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td>60 to 100 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Using Non-Hazardous Proprietary Polyol Blend)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,4’ Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (MDI)</td>
<td>101-68-8</td>
<td>5 to 10 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Higher Oligomers of MDI (pMDI)</td>
<td>9016-87-9</td>
<td>5 to 10 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td>74-28-5</td>
<td>5 to 10 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimethyl ether</td>
<td>115-10-6</td>
<td>5 to 10 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>1 to 5 percent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(NOTE: See Section 8 of this MSDS for Exposure Guidelines)
(NOTE: See Section 11 of this MSDS for Toxicological Information- LC$_{50}$ and LD$_{50}$)

### 4. FIRST AID

**Inhalation:**  If breathing difficulty is experienced, move to area free of exposure. Provide fresh air. If necessary, provide oxygen or artificial respiration by trained personnel and obtain medical attention. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed for 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress.

**Eye Contact:**  Immediately flush with clean water for at least 15 minutes and obtain medical attention. If the person is wearing contact lenses, flush initially for 5 minutes, remove lenses and then flush for an additional 15 minutes. Contact a physician.

**Skin Contact:**  Use a rag to remove liquid from skin and remove contaminated clothing. May cause mild irritation or temporary darkening of skin. Persistent washing with soap and water will eventually remove all residues. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

**Ingestion:**  Drink 1 to 3 glasses of water and seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything orally to an unconscious person.
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical, carbon dioxide, Halon 1211, chemical foams, or water spray (if used in large quantities).

**Firefighting Procedures:** Isolate area and deny unnecessary entry. Stay upwind. Water is not recommended unless used in large quantities as a fine spray when other extinguishing agents are not available. Water may spread the fire. Protective equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against toxic decomposition by-products, including Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen oxides, Hydrogen fluoride and traces of Hydrogen cyanide. Wear all turn out gear (boots, trousers, helmet, gloves, and hood).

**Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards:** Contains flammable propellant. Eliminate ignition sources. High temperatures will raise the pressure in the containers, which may lead to rupturing. Aerosol cans exposed to fire or high temperature can rupture and rocket. Cured foam is organic and, therefore, will burn in the presence of sufficient heat, oxygen and an ignition source. Main hazards associated with burning foam are similar to burning of other organic materials (wood, paper, cotton, etc.) and precautions against exposure should be taken accordingly. Dense smoke is produced when the product is burned. Avoid welding or other “hot work” in the vicinity of exposed cured foam.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions:** Wear skin, eye, and respiratory protection and equipment (See section 8). Ventilate the area. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Read all product instructions before using.

**Environmental Precautions:** Containment should include preventing the spill from entering drains, sewers, waterways, groundwater, or soil.

**Clean Up Procedures/Neutralization:** Uncured product is very sticky, so carefully remove the bulk of the foam by scraping it up and then immediately remove the residue with a rag and solvent such as polyurethane cleaner, mineral spirits, acetone (nail polish remover), paint thinner, etc. One the product is cured; it can only be removed mechanically by scraping, buffing, etc. Dispose as plastic waste (foam plastic) in accordance with all applicable guidelines and regulations.

Before disposing of containers, relieve container of any remaining foam and pressure. Allow product to fully cure before disposing. Never discard in a liquid state.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Extremely flammable aerosol compressed gas. Keep away from sources of heat, sparks, and flame. Remove all ignition sources. Turn off all pilot lights. Do not smoke. Wear proper personal protective equipment when using the product. Use only in a well ventilated area.

**Storage:** Store in a dry place. Ideal storage temperature for is 60°F to 80°F (15.5°C to 26.6°C). Do not expose aerosol cans to open flame or temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Excessive heat can cause premature aging of components resulting in a shorter shelf life. Storage below 55°F (12.7°C) may affect foam quality if chemicals are not warmed to room temperature before using. Protect containers from physical abuse. Always store containers upright. **KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN**

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Read all product instructions before using.

**Exposure Guidelines**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4,4 Diphenylmethane diisocyanate</td>
<td>0.020 ppm</td>
<td>0.200 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ceiling</td>
<td>ceiling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
Dimethyl ether  WEEL  1000 ppm TWA  1880 mg/m³
Propane  ACGIH  1000 ppm TWA

OSHA  1000 ppm PEL  1880 mg/m³

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection/Ventilation: Use products only in a well ventilated area. If atmospheric levels are expected to exceed the exposure levels, use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor cartridge and a particulate filter (N95). If atmospheric levels exceed 10 times the TLV or PEL level for which an air-purifying respirator is effective, use a powered air purifying respirator (PAPR). The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA’s Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134). Use local and general exhaust ventilation to control levels of exposure. The odor and irritancy of this material are inadequate to warn of excessive exposure.

Hand Protection: Use chemically resistant gloves. Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Butyl Rubber, polyethylene, PVC (vinyl), or neoprene gloves are also effective. Glove selection should take into account potential body reactions to certain materials and manufacturer’s instructions for use.

Eye Protection: Use safety glasses or goggles. An eye wash station should be in the area.

Skin Protection: Avoid contact with skin. Use clothing that protects against dermal exposure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance: Viscous liquid which foams upon release of the container as an off-white to yellowish froth. (Note; Appearance may differ with the introduction of a dye or colorant).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor: Slight hydrocarbon odor during curing stage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH: No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting/Freezing Point: Liquefied petroleum gas (hydrocarbon, HC) components boil between -28°F to 11°F (-33.3°C to -11.7°C). Other components boil at temperatures greater than 200°F (93.3°C).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point: -156°F (-68.9°C) estimated based on liquefied petroleum gas (hydrocarbon, HC).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point: Approximately 1.1 (H₂O = 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity: Insoluble, reacts slowly with water during cure; liberating traces of CO₂</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in Water: No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition Coefficient N-octanol/water: No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition Temperature: No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature: No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold: No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate: Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability Limits: Contents under pressure have vapor pressure greater than 50 psig /345 kPa. After release from container, the vapor pressure is very low (not determined).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure: Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density: Contents can be sensitive to mechanical impact or static discharge. A vapor released during and immediately after dispensing may ignite explosively if proper ventilation is not employed and vapor build up is allowed to occur. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition during dispensing, until product becomes tack free or skins over.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion Data:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: This product is considered stable under normal and anticipated storage and handling conditions. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). For longest shelf life, avoid storage above 90°F (32.2°C).

Materials to Avoid: Alcohols, strong bases or amines, metal compounds, ammonia, strong oxidizers.

Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures will raise the pressure in the containers, which may lead to rupturing. Product use is temperature sensitive. Avoid temperatures below 40°F (5°C) or temperatures above 95°F (35°C).

Thermal Decomposition: Toxic decomposition by-products, including Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen oxides, Hydrogen fluoride and traces of Hydrogen cyanide can be released in instances of fire.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity for MDI:
Ingestion: LD50 >5,000 mg/kg (rat, male/female)  
Skin: LD50 >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit)  
Sensitization  
Skin: (rabbit, slightly irritating)  
Eye: (rabbit, slightly irritating)

Repeated Dose Toxicity: 2 yrs, Inhalation, NOAEL .19, (rat, male/female, 6hrs/day, 5days/week) Irritation to lungs and nasal cavity

Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity: 6.3 mg/m (high level of exposure, 2years, 6hrs/day, 5days/week) Lung tumors observed.

Developmental Toxicity: rat, female, 6hrs/day, 12 mg/m³, days 6-15 (gestation period); 4 mg/m³ (maternal/fetotoxicity)

Genetic Toxicity In vitro: Inconclusive, In vitro studies were negative/positive, salmonella typhiimurium

Acute Toxicity for Hydrocarbon Blend:
Dimethyl Ether: Inhalation: LC50 308.5 mg/L (rat) 4 h  
Isobutane: Inhalation: LC50 658 mg/L (rat) 4 h  
Propane: LC50 Dermal: 658 mg/kg (rat)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological Data for Polymeric MDI:
Biodegradation: Expected to have a short half-life  
Bioaccumulation: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 112 day exposure, <1 BCF. Does not bioaccumulate.  
Acute Toxicity to Fish: LC0: >1000mg/l brachydanio rerio (zebra fish), 96 hour exposure  
Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50: >1000 mg/l Daphnia magna (water flea), 24h  
Toxicity to Microorganisms: EC50: >100 mg/l, activated sludge, 3h

Ecological Data for MDI
Acute Toxicity to Fish: LC50: >500mg/l brachydanio rerio (zebra fish), 24h  
Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50: >500 mg/l Daphnia magna (water flea), 24h

In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Ecological Data for Dimethyl ether:
LC50/EC50/EL50 >100mg/L in the most sensitive species  
Acute Toxicity to Fish: LC50 >3677 mg/L (gold fish), 96h
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not dispose product into drains, sewers, waterways, groundwater, or soil.

1. DO NOT INCINERATE CONTAINERS
2. Before disposing of containers, relieve container of any remaining foam and pressure. Allow product to fully cure before disposing. Never discard in a liquid state. Always wear safety glasses or goggles, nitrile gloves, and clothing that protects against dermal exposure when disposing of product.
3. DISPOSE OF EMPTY CONTAINERS ACCORDING TO APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, PROVINCIAL AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. CHECK WITH YOUR LOCAL WASTE DISPOSAL SERVICE FOR GUIDANCE.

Regulations may vary in different locations. The information only pertains to the product as shipped in its intended condition as described in the MSDS section: Composition.

14. TRANSPORTATION

Shipping Information

Containers 1000 cu. cm. (1 liter) or Less

Ground
Consumer Commodity ORM-D (On Shipper Carton)
Consumer Commodity Polyurethane Foam Sealant HC (On Shipping Document)

Air
UN1950 Aerosols, Flammable 2.1 (Flammable Gas Label)
LIMITED QUANTITY
Packing Instruction (Cargo & Passenger) 203

Water
UN1950 Aerosols, Flammable 2.1 (Flammable Gas Label)
LIMITED QUANTITY

Note
Emergency Response Guide Numbers – Consumer Commodity #171, for Aerosols

15. REGULATORY

OSHA Hazcom Standard Rating:
Hazardous

WHMIS Classification:
A
D2B

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)/Domestic Substances List (DSL):
All ingredients are listed on the TSCA inventory, as well as the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

SARA Title III: Section 311/312:
Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard, Fire Hazard, Reactive Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

SARA Title III: Section 313
Contains Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) and Diphenylmethane diisocyanate, Isomers and homologues (CAS #9016-87-9) which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III. Applicability must be determined by end user.
State Right-To Know Information: Massachusetts, New Jersey or Pennsylvania Right to Know Substance Lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name (common names)</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diphenylmethane diisocyanate</td>
<td>101-68-8</td>
<td>5% to 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td>75-28-5</td>
<td>5% to 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
<td>115-10-6</td>
<td>1% to 5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimethyl ether</td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>5% to 10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Proposition 65:
Based on information currently available, this product is not known to contain detectable amounts of any chemicals currently listed under California Proposition 65.

16. OTHER

NFPA: Health Hazard 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 1
HMIS: Health Hazard 2; Flammability 3; Physical Hazard 1

The information and recommendations set forth herein are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. The manufacturer makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving it will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will the manufacturer be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon information. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability or fitness for a particular use are made hereunder with respect to this information or the product to which information refers.

Information contained herein is deemed to be reliable, conservative and accurate. Fomo Products, Inc. reserves the right to change the design, specifications or any other features at any time and without notice, while otherwise maintaining regulatory compliance.

LAST REVISION: October 2010 Product Management
A16186