

# ZT600 Series

## Industrial Printer



## User Guide



**ZEBRA**

**ULINE** H-7378

1-800-295-5510

0718 IH-7378VND

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**Part Number: P1088680-001 Rev. A**

**ULINE** H-7378

1-800-295-5510

0718 IH-7378VND



# Declaration of Conformity

We have determined that the Zebra printers identified as the

**ZT610™ and ZT620™**

manufactured by:

**Zebra Technologies Corporation**

3 Overlook Point

Lincolnshire, Illinois 60069 U.S.A.

Have been shown to comply with the applicable technical standards of the FCC

**For Home, Office, Commercial, and Industrial use**

If no unauthorized change is made in the equipment,  
and if the equipment is properly maintained and operated.

## Compliance Information

### FCC Compliance Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



**Note** • This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### FCC Radiation Exposure Statement (for printers with RFID encoders)

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

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This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.



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# About This Document

This section provides you with contact information, document structure and organization, and additional reference documents.

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## Who Should Use This Document

This User Guide is intended for use by any person who needs to perform routine maintenance, upgrade, or troubleshoot problems with the printer.

## How This Document Is Organized

The User Guide is set up as follows:

Section	Description
<i>Introduction on page 13</i>	This section provides a high-level overview of the printer and its components.
<i>Printer Setup and Operation on page 27</i>	This section assists the technician with initial setup and operation of the printer.
<i>Printer Configuration and Adjustment on page 101</i>	This section assists you with configuration of and adjustments to the printer.
<i>Routine Maintenance on page 211</i>	This section provides routine cleaning and maintenance procedures.
<i>Diagnostics and Troubleshooting on page 227</i>	This section provides diagnostic tests and other information that may help you to optimize printing or to troubleshoot issues with your printer.
<i>Using the USB Host Ports and the NFC Capabilities on page 261</i>	This section will help you to learn how to use the USB host ports on your Zebra printer and how to use the printer's Near Field Communication (NFC) capability. The information is presented in the form of exercises with some SGD commands listed for advanced users.
<i>Specifications on page 275</i>	This section lists general printer specifications, printing specifications, ribbon specifications, and media specifications.
<i>Glossary on page 287</i>	The glossary provides a list of common terms.



# Introduction

This section provides a high-level overview of the printer and its components.

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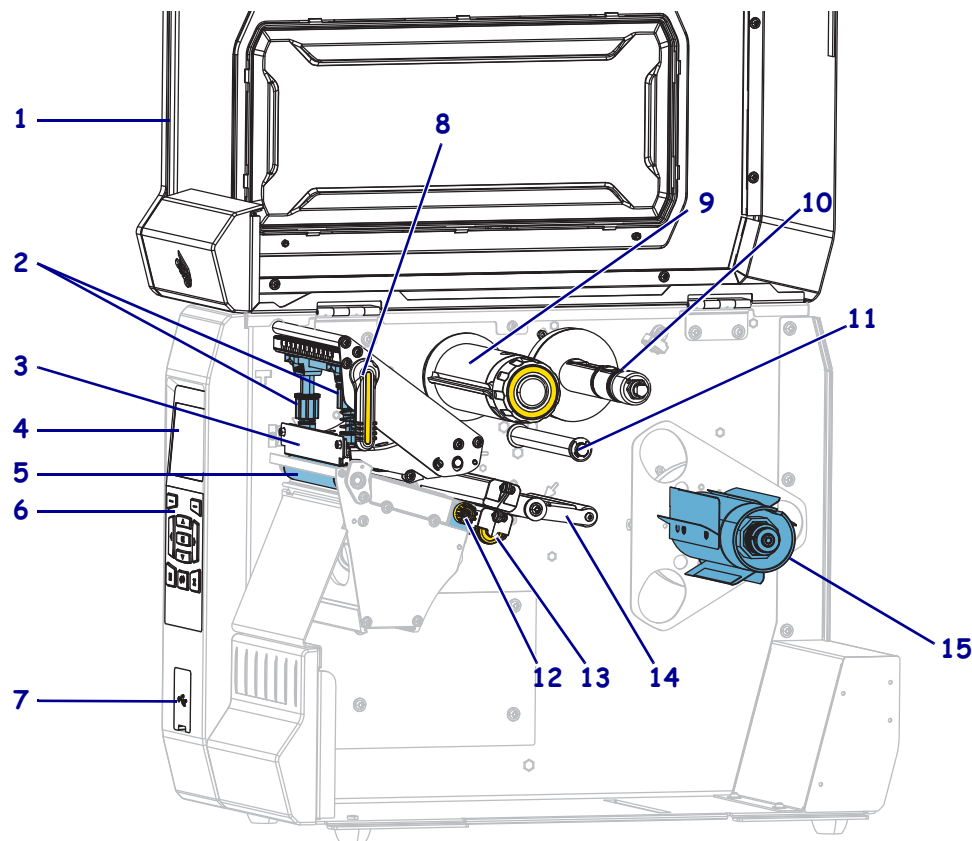
# Printer Components



- Note •** The components inside your printer are color-coded.
- The touch points that you will need to handle are colored **gold** inside the printers and are highlighted in **gold** in the illustrations in this manual.
  - Some components are highlighted in **light blue** in the illustrations in this manual for emphasis or clarity.

Figure 1 shows the components inside the media compartment of a standard printer. Depending on the printer model and the installed options, your printer may look slightly different. The components that are labeled are mentioned in procedures throughout this manual.

Figure 1 • Printer Components



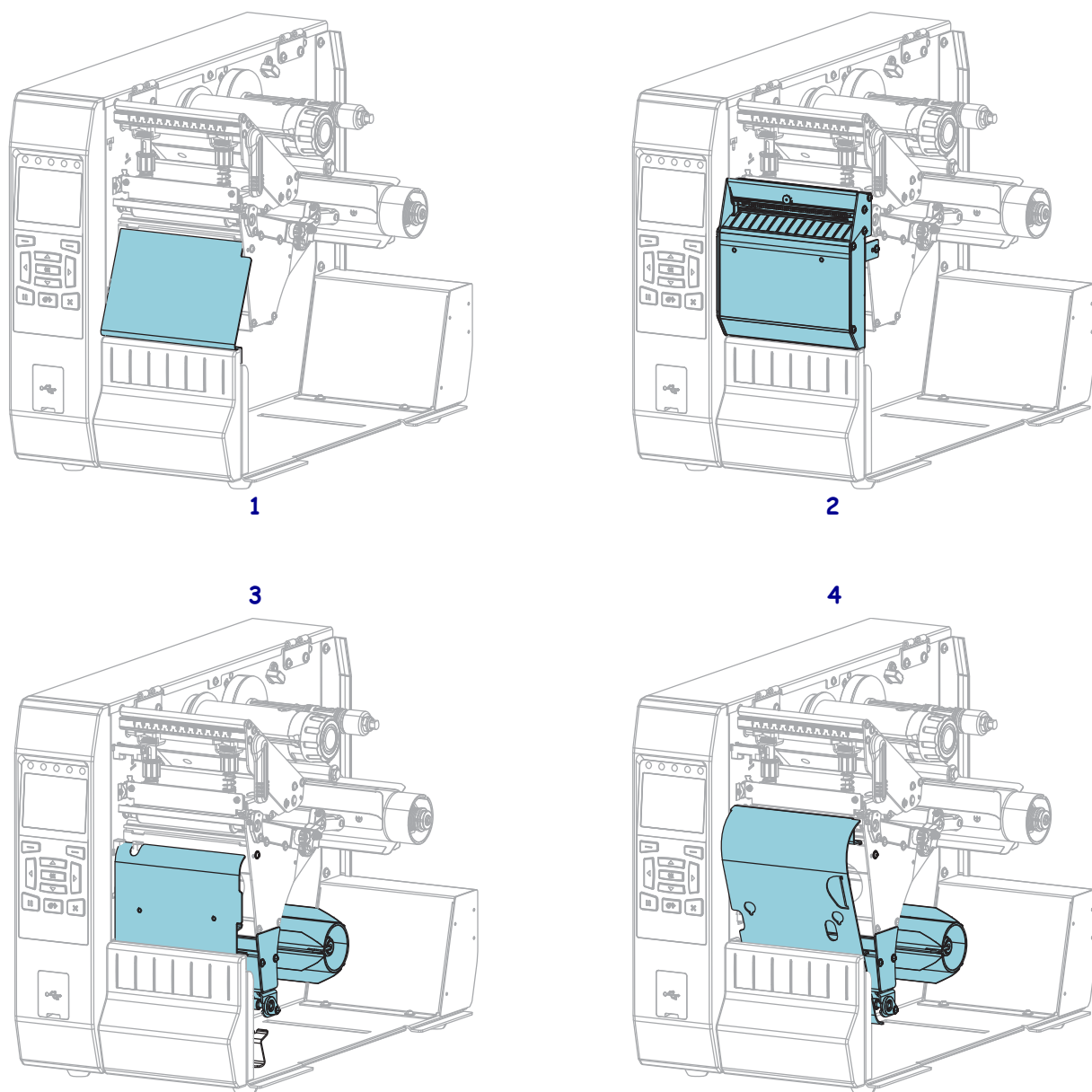
1	Media door
2	Printhead pressure toggles
3	Printhead assembly
4	Control panel display
5	Platen roller
6	Control panel
7	USB host port
8	Printhead-open lever

9	Ribbon take-up spindle
10	Ribbon supply spindle
11	Ribbon guide roller
12	Media guide adjustment knob
13	Transmissive media sensor adjustment wheel
14	Media dancer assembly
15	Media supply spindle

## Printer Options

The available printer options are shown in [Figure 2](#). For information about the print modes that can be used with the printer options, see [Select a Print Mode on page 31](#).

Figure 2 • Printer Options



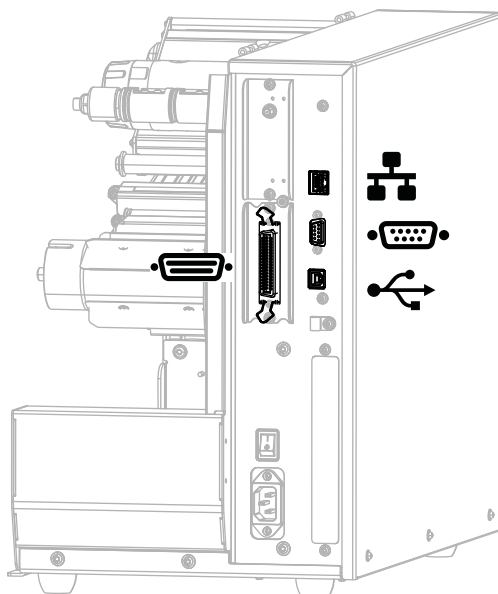
1	Tear-Off (standard)
2	Cutter option
3	Rewind option set for Peel mode
4	Rewind option set for Rewind mode





## Communication Interfaces

The available communication interface connectors are shown in [Figure 3](#). Your printer may not have all of the connections shown here, and a ZebraNet wireless print server option may also be present on your printer. You may send label formats to the printer through any communication interface that is available on your printer.

- For detailed information about the types of connections available, see [Communication Interface Specifications](#) on page 276.
- For instructions on when and how to connect your computer to one ore more of these communication interfaces, see [Install the Printer Driver and Connect the Printer to the Computer](#) on page 62.

**Figure 3 • Location of Communication Interfaces**



	Parallel port
	Internal wired Ethernet print server
	Serial port
	USB port

## Data Cables

You must supply all data cables for your application. The use of cable strain relief clamps is recommended.

Ethernet cables do not require shielding, but all other data cables must be fully shielded and fitted with metal or metalized connector shells. Unshielded data cables may increase radiated emissions above the regulated limits.

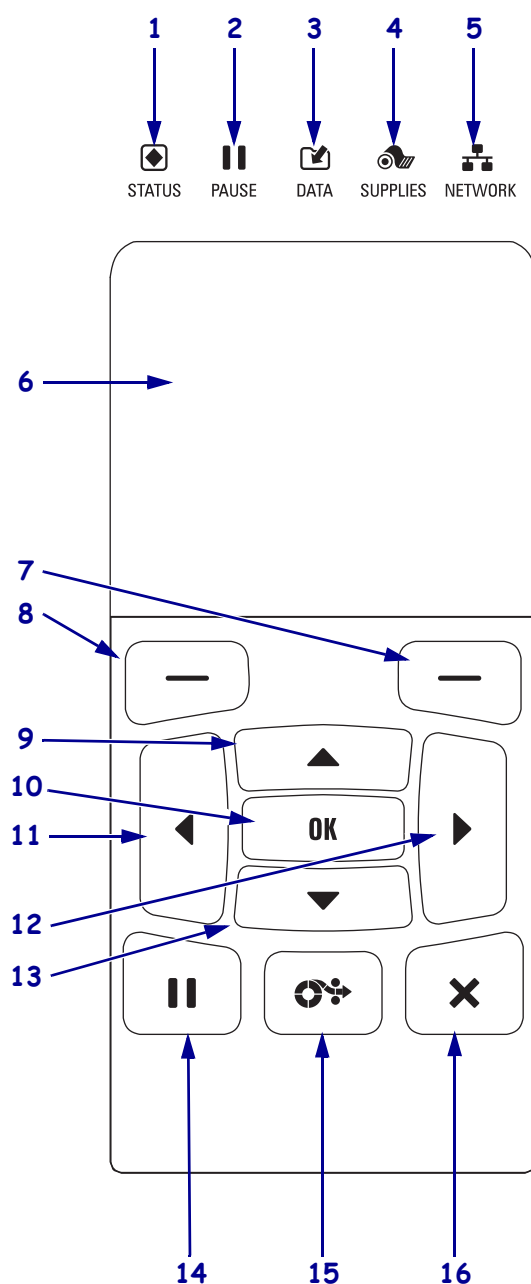
To minimize electrical noise pickup in the cable:






- Keep data cables as short as possible.
- Do not bundle the data cables tightly with the power cords.
- Do not tie the data cables to power wire conduits.

## Standard Control Panel

The standard control panel indicates the printer's current status and allows the user to control basic printer operation. An optional color touch control panel is available for purchase. Because it functions differently, it is documented in a separate User Guide.

Figure 4 • Control Panel



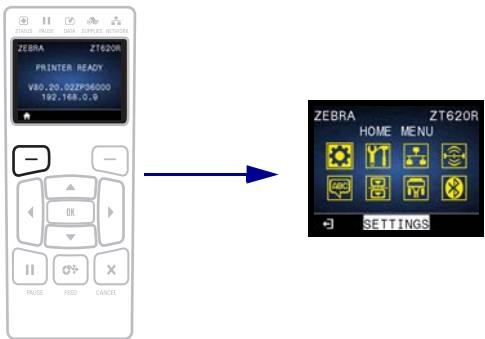
1		<b>STATUS light</b>	These <b>indicator lights</b> show the current status of the printer. For more information, see <i>Indicator Lights</i> on page 242.
2		<b>PAUSE light</b>	
3		<b>DATA light</b>	
4		<b>SUPPLIES light</b>	
5		<b>NETWORK light</b>	
6	The <b>display</b> shows the printer's current status and allows the user to navigate the menu system.		
7	<b>RIGHT SELECT button</b>		These buttons execute the commands shown directly above them in the display.
8	<b>LEFT SELECT button</b>		
9	The <b>UP ARROW button</b> changes the parameter values. Common uses are to increase a value or to scroll through choices.		
10	The <b>OK button</b> selects or confirms what is shown on the display.		
11	The <b>LEFT ARROW button</b> , which is active only in the menu system, navigates to the left.		
12	The <b>RIGHT ARROW button</b> , which is active only in the menu system, navigates to the right.		
13	The <b>DOWN ARROW button</b> changes the parameter values. Common uses are to decrease a value or to scroll through choices.		
14	The <b>PAUSE button</b> starts or stops printer operation when pressed.		
15	The <b>FEED button</b> forces the printer to feed one blank label each time the button is pressed.		
16	The <b>CANCEL button</b> cancels label formats when the printer is paused. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Press once to cancel the next label format.</li><li>• Press and hold for 2 seconds to cancel all label formats.</li></ul>		

## Navigating through Screens in the Standard Display

- Table 1 shows the following:
- the options available for navigating through the screens in the control panel display
  - how to select or modify things shown on the display

Table 1 • Navigation

### Idle Display



At the Idle Display (Figure 5 on page 21), press LEFT SELECT to go to the printer’s Home menu (Figure 6 on page 21).

### Home Menu



To move from icon to icon in the Home menu, press any of the ARROW buttons.

When an icon is selected, its colors are reversed to highlight it.



SETTINGS menu icon



SETTINGS menu icon highlighted



To select the highlighted menu icon and enter the menu, press OK.



Press LEFT SELECT to exit the Home menu and return to the Idle Display. The printer automatically returns to the Idle Display after 15 seconds of inactivity in the Home menu.

Table 1 • Navigation (Continued)

User Menus



Press LEFT SELECT to return to the Home menu. The printer automatically returns to the Home menu after 15 seconds of inactivity in a user menu.



▲ and ▼ indicate that a value can be changed. Any changes that you make are saved immediately. Press the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to scroll through accepted values.

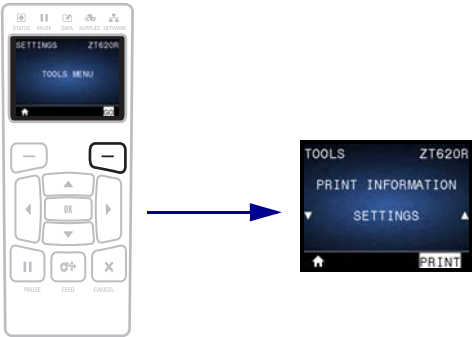


To scroll through the items in a user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.

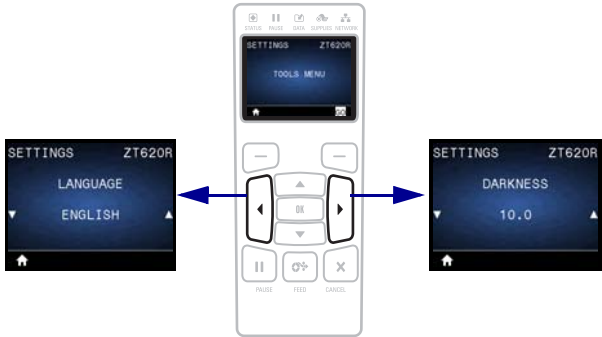


A word in the bottom-right corner of the display indicates an available action. Press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to perform the action shown.

Menu Shortcuts



To go to the next user menu from a menu shortcut, press OK or press RIGHT SELECT to select GO.



To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the LEFT ARROW or RIGHT ARROW.

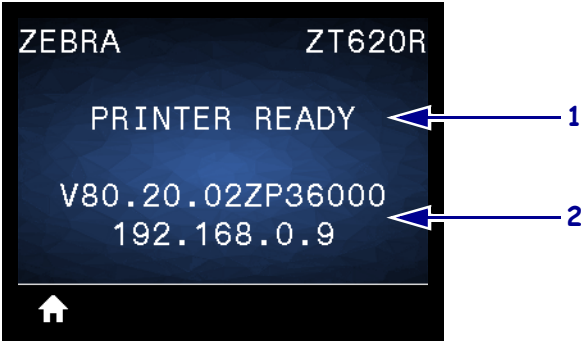



## Idle Display, Home Menu, and User Menus in the Standard Display

The printer’s control panel includes a display, where you can view the printer’s status or change its operating parameters. In this section, you will learn how to navigate through the printer’s menu system and change values for menu items.

**Idle Display** After the printer completes the power-up sequence, it moves to the Idle Display (Figure 5). The printer displays the current firmware version and its IP address.

Figure 5 • Idle Display



1	The printer’s current status
2	The printer’s firmware version (top line) and its IP address (bottom line)
	Home menu shortcut

**Home Menu** Use the Home menu (Figure 6) to access the printer’s operating parameters through the eight user menus (see *Adjust Printer Settings on page 102*). Click any of the icons in Figure 6 to go to the descriptions of the menu items for that user menu.

Figure 6 • Home Menu



	Exit and return to the Idle Display (Figure 5).
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------

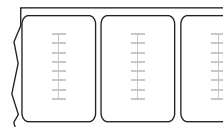
## Types of Media



**Important** • Zebra strongly recommends the use of Zebra-brand supplies for continuous high-quality printing. A wide range of paper, polypropylene, polyester, and vinyl stock has been specifically engineered to enhance the printing capabilities of the printer and to prevent premature printhead wear. To purchase supplies, go to <http://www.zebra.com/supplies>.

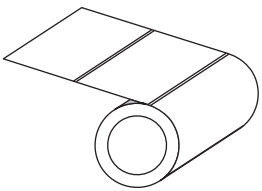
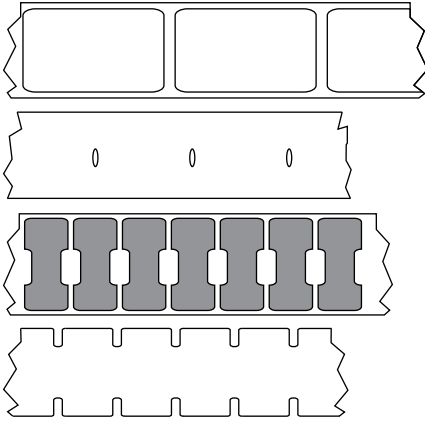
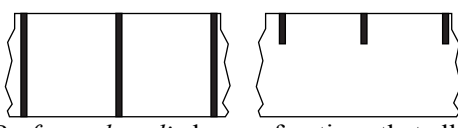
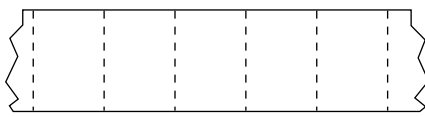
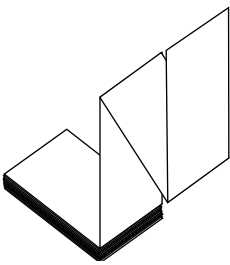
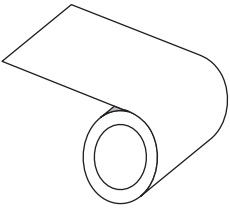
Your printer can use various types of media:

- *Standard media*—Most standard media uses an adhesive backing that sticks individual labels or a continuous length of labels to a liner. Standard media can come on rolls or in a fanfold stack ([Table 2](#)).
- *Tag stock*—Tags are usually made from a heavy paper. Tag stock does not have adhesive or a liner, and it is typically perforated between tags. Tag stock can come on rolls or in a fanfold stack ([Table 2](#)).
- *Radio frequency identification (RFID) “smart” media*—RFID media can be used in a printer that is equipped with an RFID reader/encoder. RFID labels are made from the same materials and adhesives as non-RFID labels. Each label has an RFID transponder (sometimes called an “inlay”), made of a chip and an antenna, embedded between the label and the liner. The shape of the transponder varies by manufacturer and is visible through the label. All “smart” labels have memory that can be read, and many have memory that can be encoded.



**Important** • Transponder placement within a label depends on the transponder type and the printer model. Make sure that you are using the correct “smart” media for your printer. For more information, refer to the *RFID Programming Guide 3*. A copy of the manual is available at <http://www.zebra.com/manuals> or on the user CD that came with your printer. For transponder placement details, go to <http://www.zebra.com/transponders>.

Table 2 • Roll and Fanfold Media

Media Type	How It Looks	Description
<b>Non-Continuous Roll Media</b>		<p>Roll media is wound on a core that can be 1 in. to 3 in. (25 to 76 mm) in diameter. Individual labels or tags are separated by one or more of the following methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Web media</i> separates labels by gaps, holes, or notches.  </li> <li><i>Black mark media</i> uses pre-printed black marks on the back side of the media to indicate label separations.  </li> <li><i>Perforated media</i> has perforations that allow the labels or tags to be separated from each other easily. The media may also have black marks or other separations between labels or tags.  </li> </ul>
<b>Non-Continuous Fanfold Media</b>		<p>Fanfold media is folded in a zigzag pattern. Fanfold media can have the same label separations as non-continuous roll media. The separations would fall on or near the folds.</p>
<b>Continuous Roll Media</b>		<p>Roll media is wound on a core that can be 1 in. to 3 in. (25 to 76 mm) in diameter.</p> <p>Continuous roll media does not have gaps, holes, notches, or black marks to indicate label separations. This allows the image to be printed anywhere on the label. Sometimes a cutter is used to cut apart individual labels.</p>

## Ribbon Overview

Ribbon is a thin film that is coated on one side with wax, resin, or wax resin, which is transferred to the media during the thermal transfer process. The media determines whether you need to use ribbon and how wide the ribbon must be.

When ribbon is used, it must be as wide as or wider than the media being used. If the ribbon is narrower than the media, areas of the printhead are unprotected and subject to premature wear.

### When to Use Ribbon

Thermal transfer media requires ribbon for printing while direct thermal media does not. To determine if ribbon must be used with a particular media, perform a media scratch test.

#### To perform a media scratch test, complete these steps:

1. Scratch the print surface of the media rapidly with your fingernail.
2. Did a black mark appear on the media?

If a black mark...	Then the media is...
Does not appear on the media	<b>Thermal transfer.</b> A ribbon is required.
Appears on the media	<b>Direct thermal.</b> No ribbon is required.

### Coated Side of Ribbon

Ribbon can be wound with the coated side on the inside or outside (Figure 7). This printer can only use ribbon that is coated on the outside unless you purchase and install the optional spindle that allows ribbon that is coated on the inside. Contact your authorized Zebra reseller for ordering information.

If you are unsure which side of a particular roll of ribbon is coated, perform an adhesive test or a ribbon scratch test to determine which side is coated.

Figure 7 • Ribbon Coated on Outside or Inside





## Adhesive Test

If you have labels available, perform the adhesive test to determine which side of a ribbon is coated. This method works well for ribbon that is already installed.

### To perform an adhesive test, complete these steps:

1. Peel a label from its liner.
2. Press a corner of the sticky side of the label to the outer surface of the roll of ribbon.
3. Peel the label off of the ribbon.
4. Observe the results. Did flakes or particles of ink from the ribbon adhere to the label?

If ink from the ribbon...	Then...
Adhered to the label	The ribbon is coated on the outside and <b>can</b> be used in this printer. 
Did not adhere to the label	The ribbon is coated on the inside and <b>cannot</b> be used in the standard printer. An optional ribbon spindle is available to use ribbon that is coated on the inside. Contact your authorized Zebra reseller for ordering information.  To verify this result, repeat the test on the other surface of the roll of ribbon.



## Ribbon Scratch Test

Perform the ribbon scratch test when labels are unavailable.

### To perform a ribbon scratch test, complete these steps:

1. Unroll a short length of ribbon.
2. Place the unrolled section of ribbon on a piece of paper with the outer surface of the ribbon in contact with the paper.
3. Scratch the inner surface of the unrolled ribbon with your fingernail.
4. Lift the ribbon from the paper.

5. Observe the results. Did the ribbon leave a mark on the paper?

If the ribbon...	Then...
Left a mark on the paper	The ribbon is coated on the outside and <b>can</b> be used in this printer. 
Did not leave a mark on the paper	The ribbon is coated on the inside and <b>cannot</b> be used in the standard printer. An optional ribbon spindle is available to use ribbon that is coated on the inside. Contact your authorized Zebra reseller for ordering information.   To verify this result, repeat the test on the other surface of the roll of ribbon.

# Printer Setup and Operation

This section assists the technician with initial setup and operation of the printer.

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## Handling the Printer

This section describes how to handle your printer.

### Unpack and Inspect the Printer

When you receive the printer, immediately unpack it and inspect for shipping damage.

- Save all packing materials.
- Check all exterior surfaces for damage.
- Raise the media door, and inspect the media compartment for damage to components.

If you discover shipping damage upon inspection:

- Immediately notify the shipping company and file a damage report.
- Keep all packaging material for shipping company inspection.
- Notify your authorized Zebra reseller



**Important** • Zebra Technologies is not responsible for any damage incurred during the shipment of the equipment and will not repair this damage under warranty.

### Store the Printer

If you are not placing the printer into immediate operation, repackage it using the original packing materials. You may store the printer under the following conditions:

- Temperature: –40°F to 140°F (–40° to 60°C)
- Relative humidity: 5% to 85% non-condensing

### Service the Printer

If you have a problem using the printer, contact your facility's technical or systems support. If there is a problem with the printer, they will contact the Zebra Global Customer Support Center at: <http://www.zebra.com/support>.

When contacting Zebra Global Customer Support, have the following information available:

- Serial number of the unit
- Model number or product name
- Firmware version number

Zebra responds to calls by e-mail, telephone, or fax within the time limits set forth in service agreements. If your problem cannot be solved by Zebra Global Customer Support, you may need to return your equipment for servicing and will be given specific directions.

If you purchased your product from a Zebra business partner, please contact that business partner for support.



## Ship the Printer

Zebra is not responsible for any damages incurred during shipment if an approved shipping container is not used. Shipping the units improperly can possibly void the warranty.

If you must ship the printer:

- Turn off (●) the printer, and disconnect all cables.
- Remove any media, ribbon, or loose objects from the printer interior.
- Close the printhead.
- Carefully pack the printer into the original container or a suitable alternate container to avoid damage during transit. A shipping container can be purchased from Zebra if the original packaging has been lost or destroyed.

## Select a Location for the Printer

Select a location for the printer that meets these conditions:

- **Surface:** The surface where the printer will be located must be solid, level, and of sufficient size and strength to hold the printer.
- **Space:** The area where the printer will be located must include enough space for ventilation and for accessing the printer components and connectors. To allow for proper ventilation and cooling, leave open space on all sides of the printer.



**Caution** • Do not place any padding or cushioning material behind or under the printer because this restricts air flow and could cause the printer to overheat.

- **Power:** The printer should be within a short distance of an appropriate power outlet that is easily accessible.
- **Data communication interfaces:** The printer must be within range of your WLAN radio (if applicable) or within an acceptable range for other connectors to reach your data source (usually a computer). For more information on maximum cable lengths and configuration, see [General Specifications on page 276](#).
- **Operating conditions:** Your printer is designed to function in a wide range of environmental and electrical conditions, including a warehouse or factory floor. [Table 3](#) shows the temperature and relative humidity requirements for the printer when it is operating.

Table 3 • Operating Temperature and Humidity

Mode	Temperature	Relative Humidity
Thermal Transfer	40° to 104°F (5° to 40°C)	20 to 85% non-condensing
Direct Thermal	32° to 104°F (0° to 40°C)	

## Select a Print Mode

Use a print mode that matches the media being used and the printer options available. The media path is the same for roll and fanfold media. To set the printer to use an available print mode, see [PRINT MODE on page 111](#).

**Table 4 • Print Modes and Printer Options**

Print Mode	Description
TEAR OFF	<i>This mode (default) can be used with any printer options and most media types.</i> The printer prints label formats as it receives them. The printer operator can tear off the printed labels any time after they print.
PEEL-OFF	<i>This mode can be used if the printer has a rewind option.</i> The printer peels the label from the liner during printing and then pauses until the label is removed. The backing is wound on the rewind spindle without using the rewind plate.
REWIND	<i>This mode can be used only if the printer has a rewind option.</i> The printer prints without pausing between labels. The media is wound onto a core after printing. The rewind plate is used to keep the labels from separating from the backing.
CUTTER	<i>This mode can be used only if the printer has a cutter option.</i> The printer cuts between labels after each one is printed.
DELAYED CUT	<i>This mode can be used only if the printer has a cutter option.</i> The printer waits for a delayed cut ZPL command (~JK) before it cuts the last printed label.
LINERLESS PEEL*	* Reserved for future use.
LINERLESS REWIND*	
LINERLESS TEAR*	
APPLICATOR	<i>This mode is for use with a machine that applies labels.</i> The printer prints when it receives a signal from the applicator. Refer to the Advanced User Information section of the Maintenance Manual for additional information about the applicator interface.

## Load the Media

Use the instructions in this section for loading roll or fanfold media in the appropriate print mode for your needs.

---

**Caution** • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.

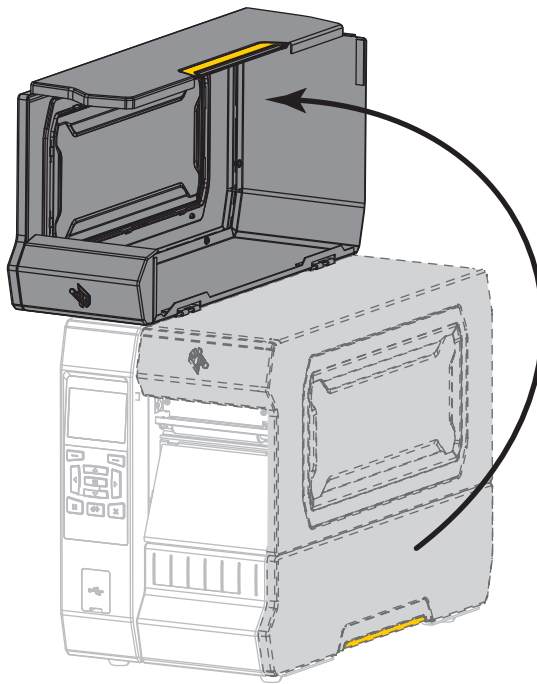
---

### Insert the Media into the Printer

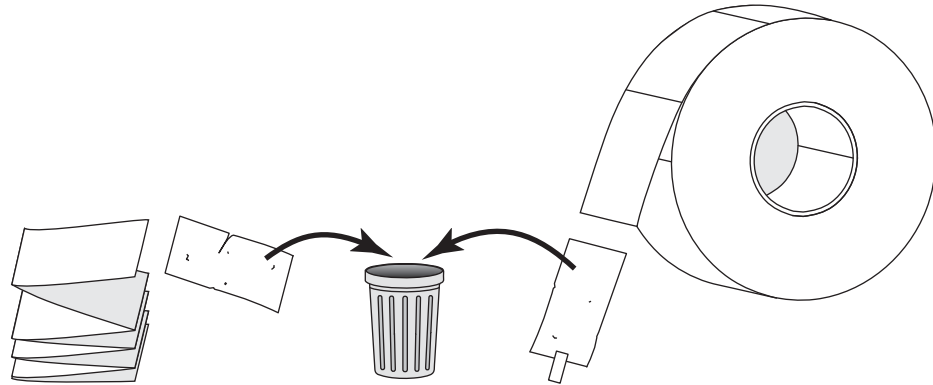
The majority of the illustrations in this section show roll media because the media loading path is the same for both roll and fanfold media.

#### To load media, complete these steps:

1. Raise the media door.



2. Remove and discard any tags or labels that are torn or dirty or that are held by adhesives or tape.

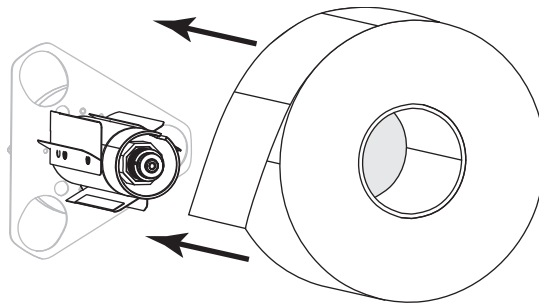


3. Insert roll or fanfold media into the printer.



#### Roll Media

Place the roll of media on the media supply spindle. Push the roll as far back as it will go.

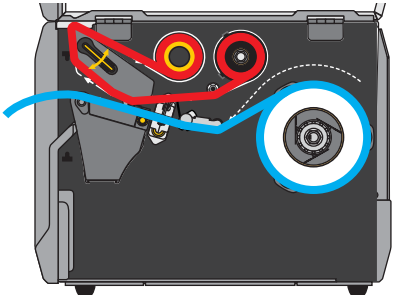
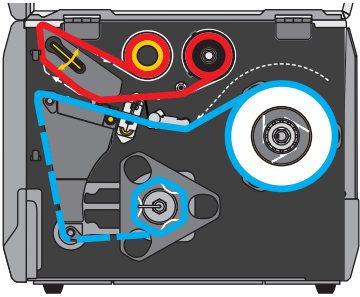
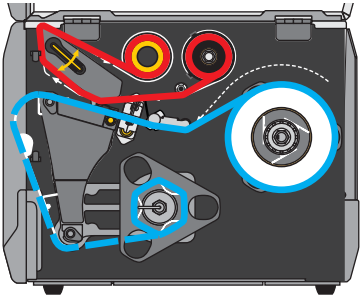
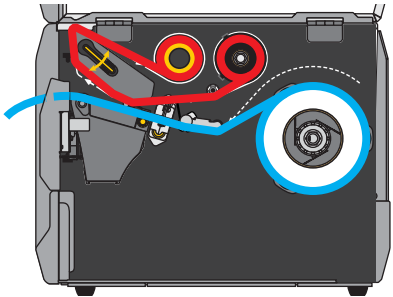


#### Fanfold Media

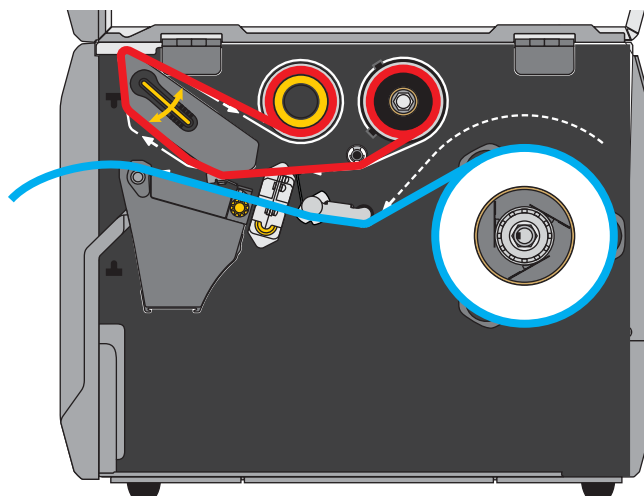
Fanfold media can be stored behind or under the printer. Depending on where the media is stored, feed the media from behind or through the bottom access slot.

Rear Feed	Bottom Feed

4. In which print mode will your printer be operating? (For more information on print modes, see [Select a Print Mode on page 31.](#))

If using...	Then...
<div>TEAR OFF</div> <div></div>	Continue with <i>Tear-Off Mode</i> on page 35.
<div>PEEL-OFF or APPLICATOR</div> <div></div>	Continue with <i>Peel-Off Mode or Applicator Mode</i> on page 39.
<div>REWIND</div> <div></div>	Continue with <i>Rewind Mode</i> on page 46.
<div>CUTTER or DELAYED CUT</div> <div></div>	Continue with <i>Cutter Mode or Delayed Cut Mode</i> on page 53.

## Tear-Off Mode

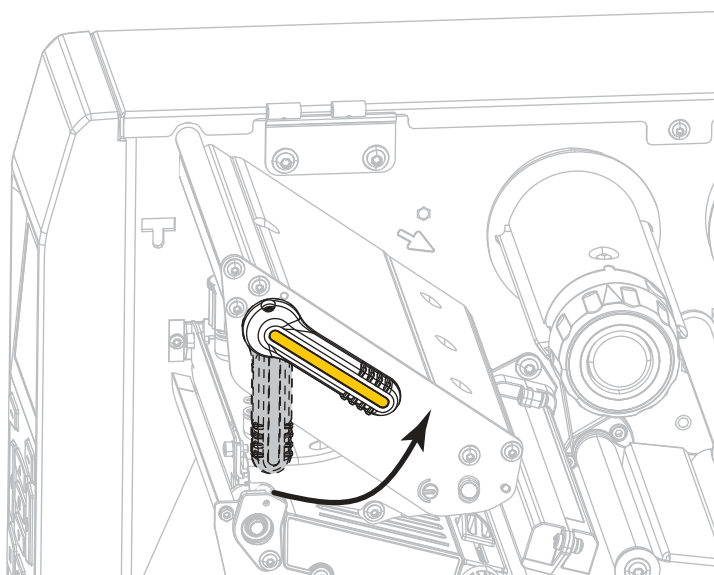


1. If you have not already done so, follow the instructions in the section *Insert the Media into the Printer* on page 32.

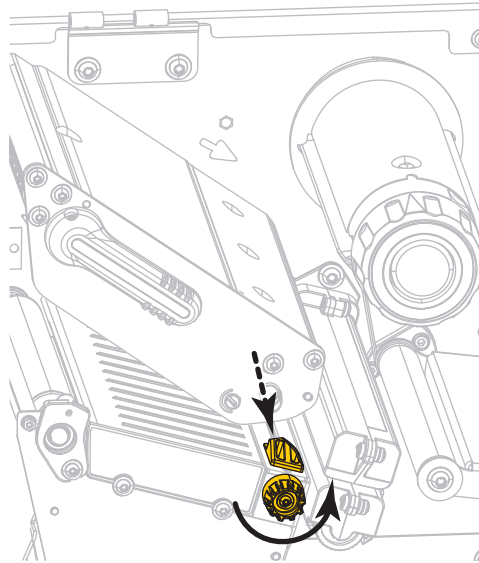


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever upward.

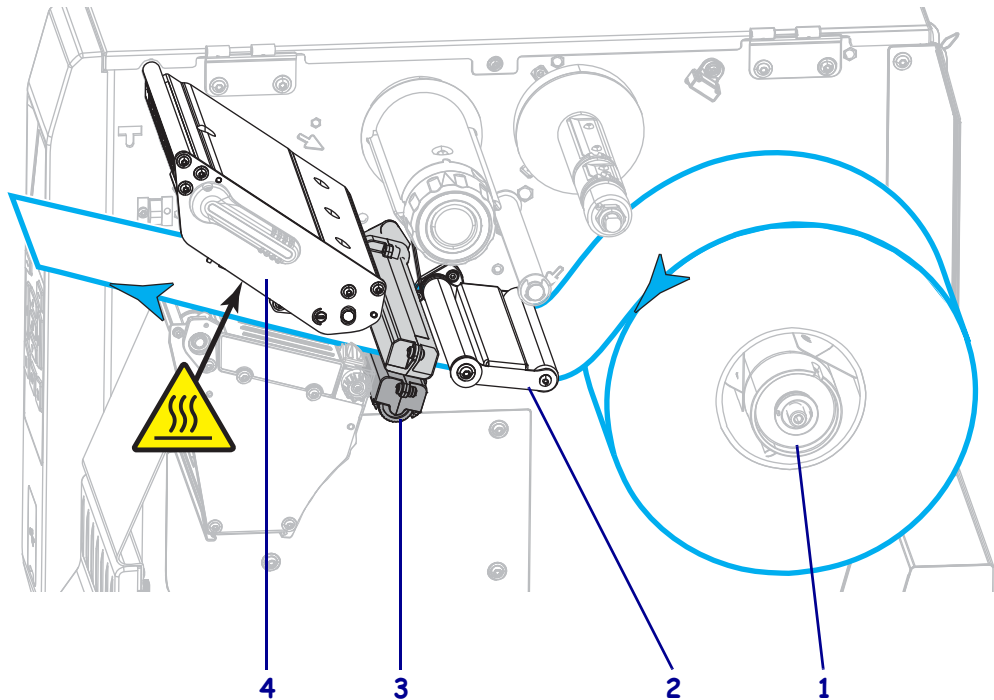


3. Rotate the media guide adjustment knob as shown until the media guide slides all the way out.



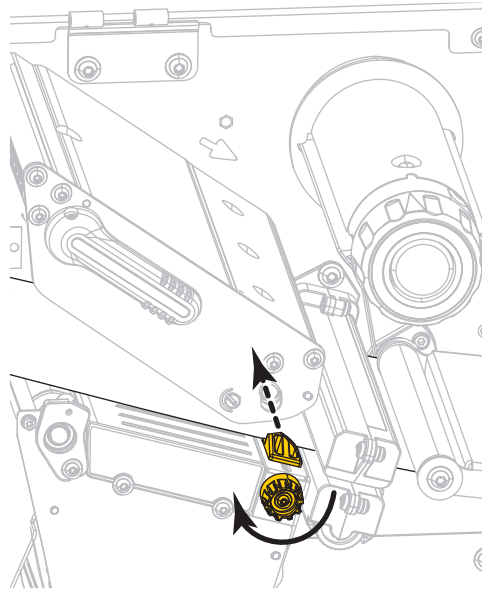
4. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

From the media spindle (1), feed the media under the dancer assembly (2), through the media sensor (3), and under the printhead assembly (4). Slide the media back until it touches the inside back wall of the media sensor.





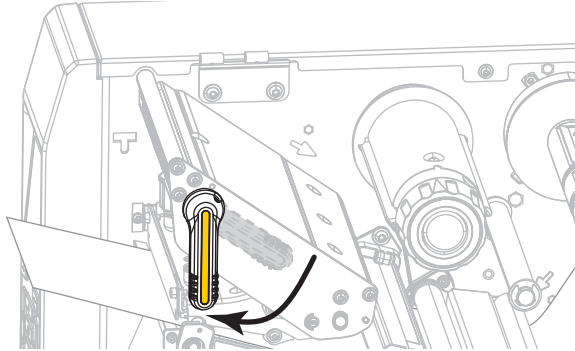
5. Rotate the media guide adjustment knob as shown until the media guide just touches the edge of the media.



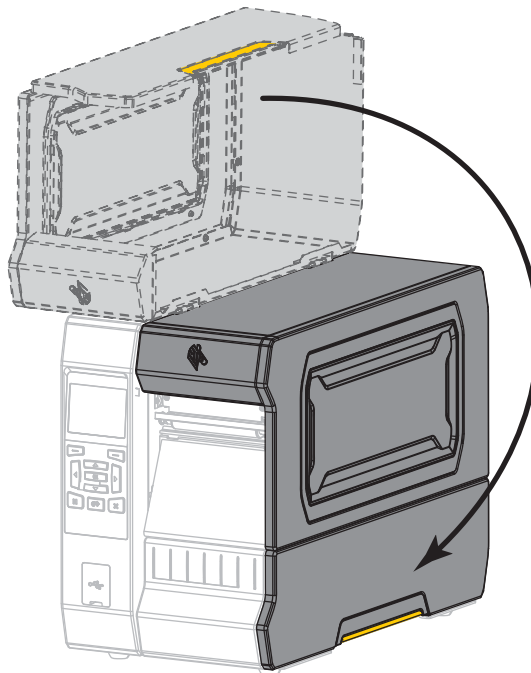
6. Does the media that you are using require ribbon for printing? If you are not sure, see [When to Use Ribbon on page 24](#).

If using...	Then...
Direct Thermal media (no ribbon needed)	Continue with <a href="#">step 7</a> .
Thermal Transfer media (ribbon needed)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. If you have not already done so, load ribbon in the printer. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon on page 58</a>.</li> <li>b. Continue with <a href="#">step 7</a>.</li> </ol>

7. Rotate the printhead-open lever downward until it locks the printhead in place.



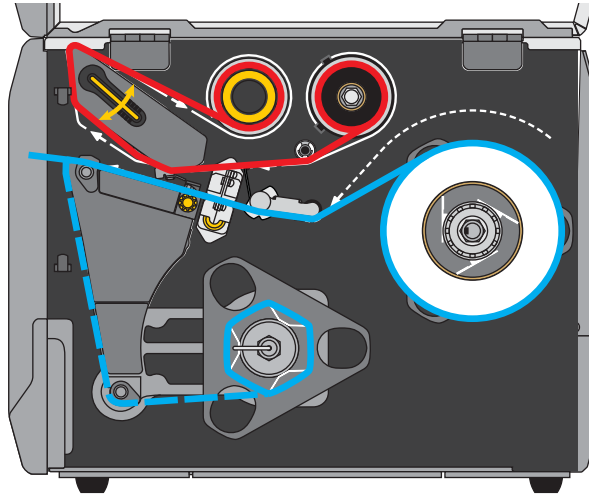
8. Close the media door.



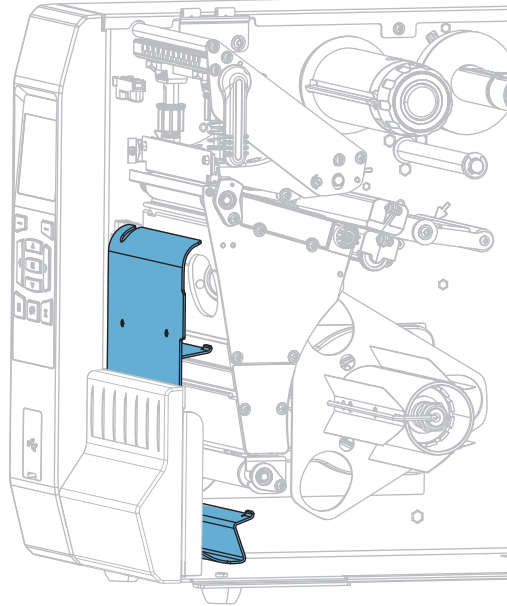
9. Set the printer to the appropriate print mode (see [PRINT MODE on page 111](#)).
10. Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.  
The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
11. For best results, calibrate the printer. See [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192](#).
12. If desired, print a configuration or other label to verify that your printer is able to print.  
(See [PRINT INFORMATION on page 120](#).)

**Media loading in Tear-Off mode is complete.**

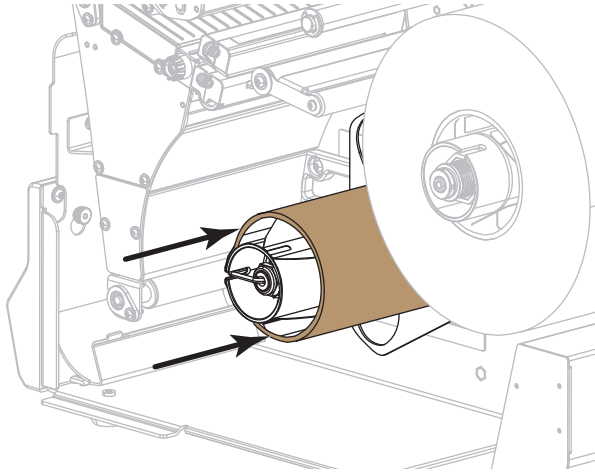
## Peel-Off Mode or Applicator Mode



1. If you have not already done so, follow the instructions in the section *Insert the Media into the Printer* on page 32.
2. If necessary, install the rewind/liner take-up plate in the peel-off position as shown. See *Install the Rewind/Liner Take-Up Plate* on page 207 for instructions.

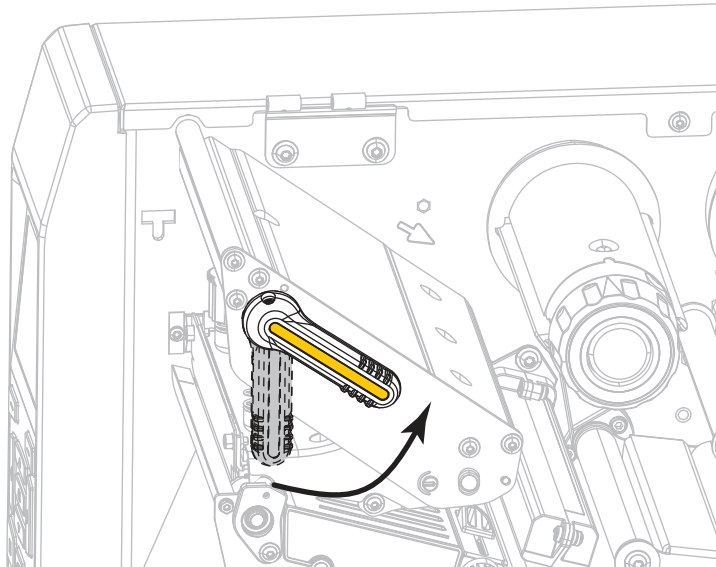


3. If desired, slide a core onto the rewind spindle until it is flush against the guide plate. A core is not necessary for liner take-up.

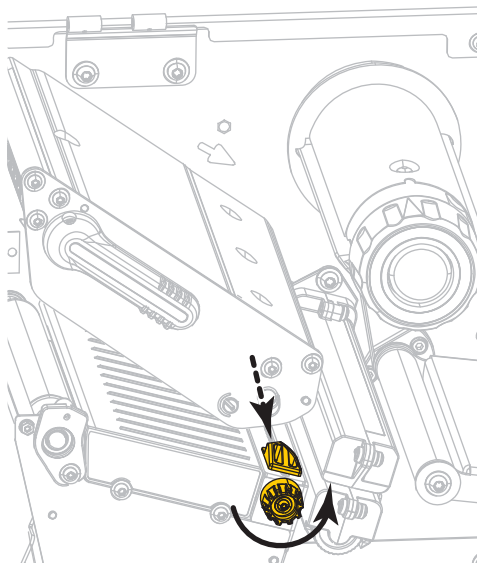


4. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever upward.

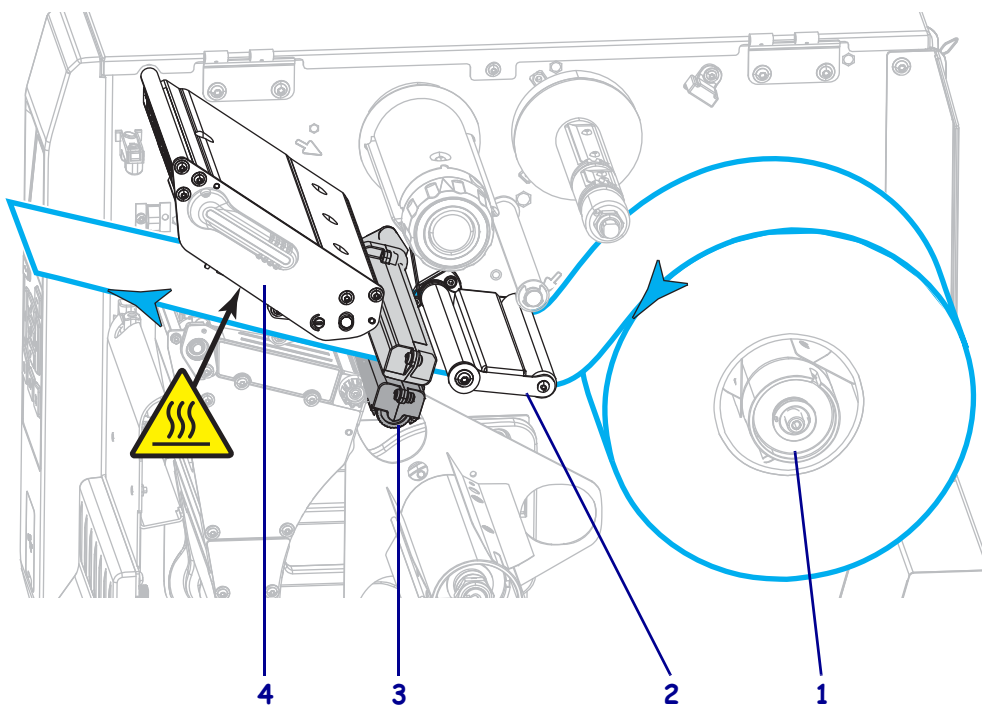


5. Rotate the media guide adjustment knob as shown until the media guide slides all the way out.

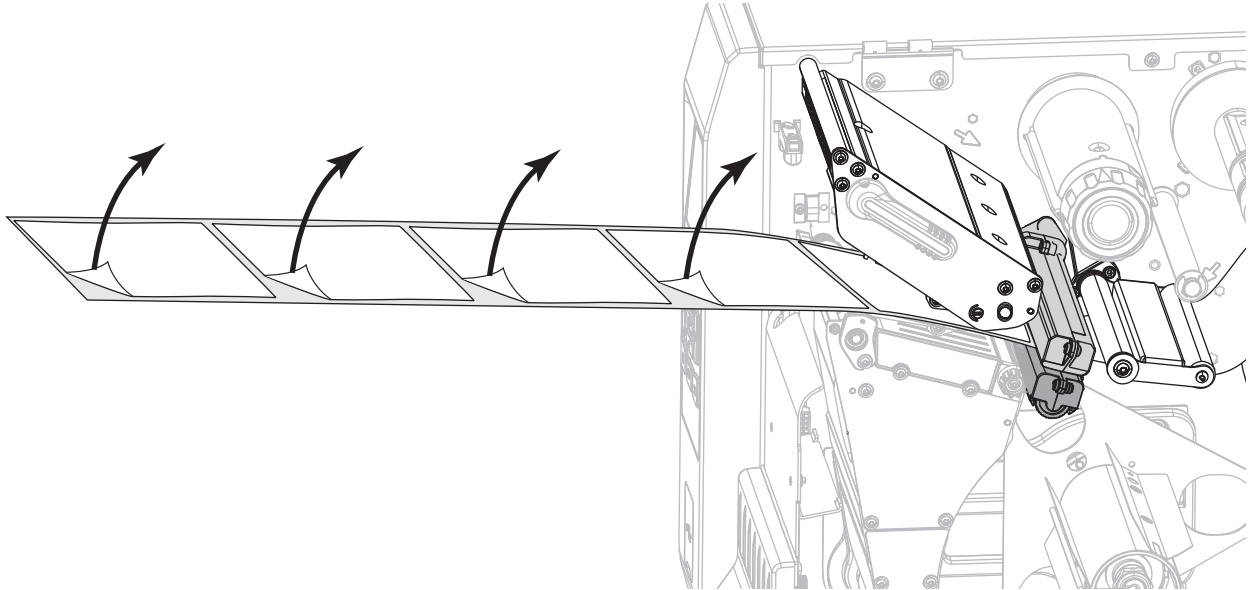


6. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

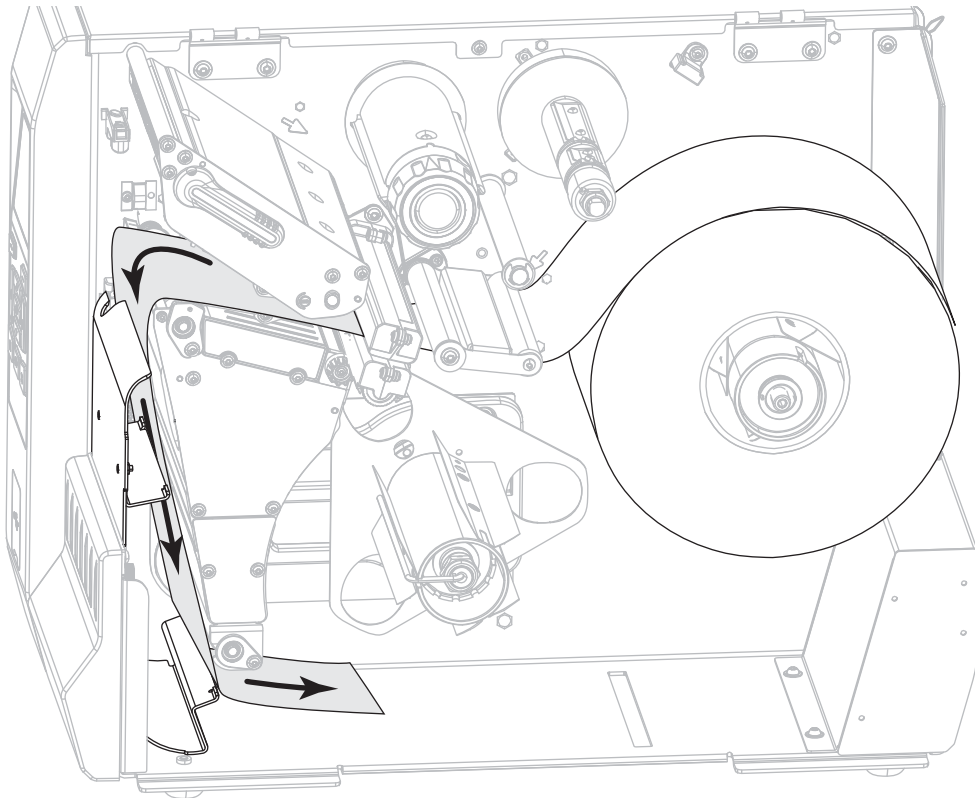
From the media spindle (1), feed the media under the dancer assembly (2), through the media sensor (3), and under the printhead assembly (4). Slide the media back until it touches the inside back wall of the media sensor.



7. Extend approximately 18 in. (500 mm) of media out of the printer. Remove and discard the labels from this exposed media, leaving just the liner.

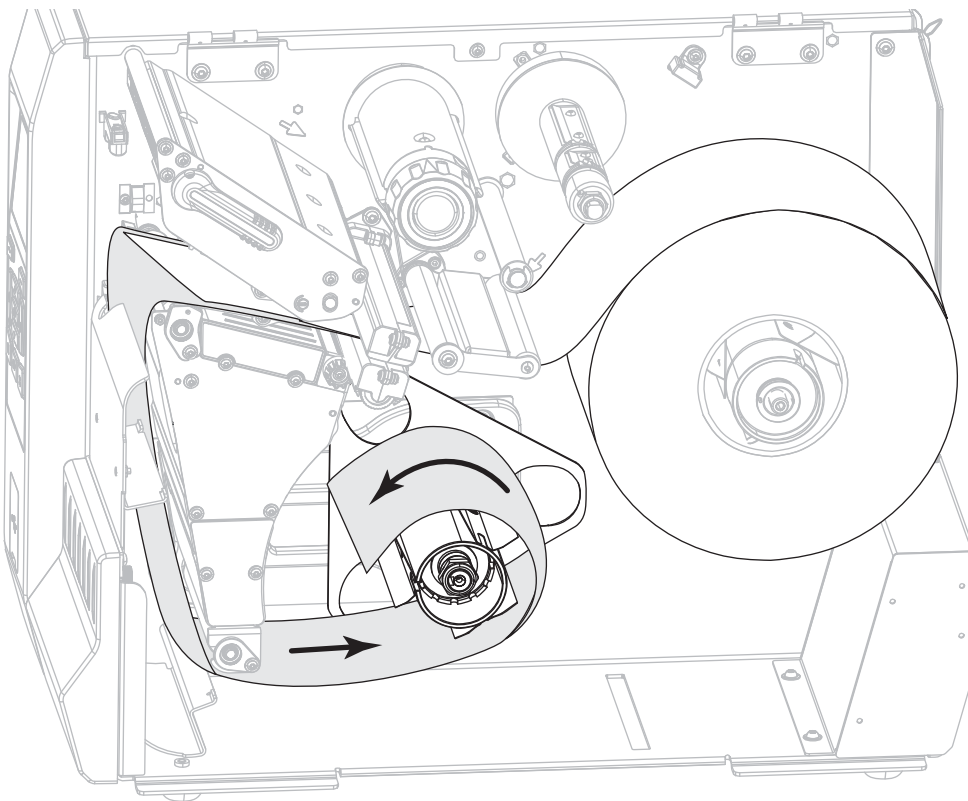


8. Feed the liner behind the rewind/liner take-up plate.

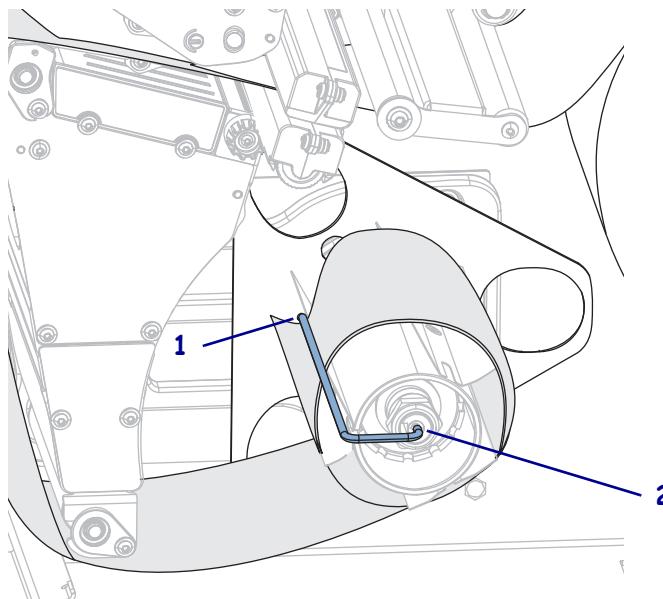


9. Remove the hook from the rewind spindle.

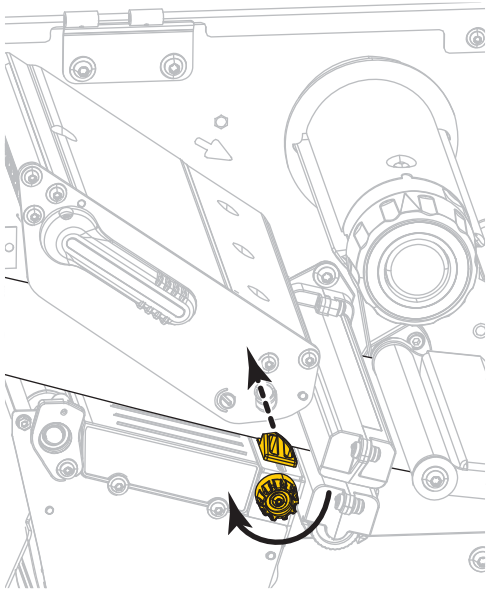
10. Wind the liner around the rewind spindle as shown. Rotate the rewind spindle several turns to tighten the liner and remove any slack.



11. Reinstall the spindle hook over the liner. Insert the long end of the hook into the small hole on the guide plate (1). Insert the short end of the hook into the hole in the center of the adjusting nut (2).



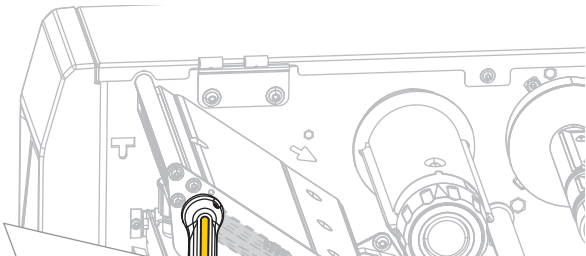
12. Rotate the media guide adjustment knob as shown until the media guide just touches the edge of the media.



13. Does the media that you are using require ribbon for printing? If you are not sure, see [When to Use Ribbon on page 24](#).

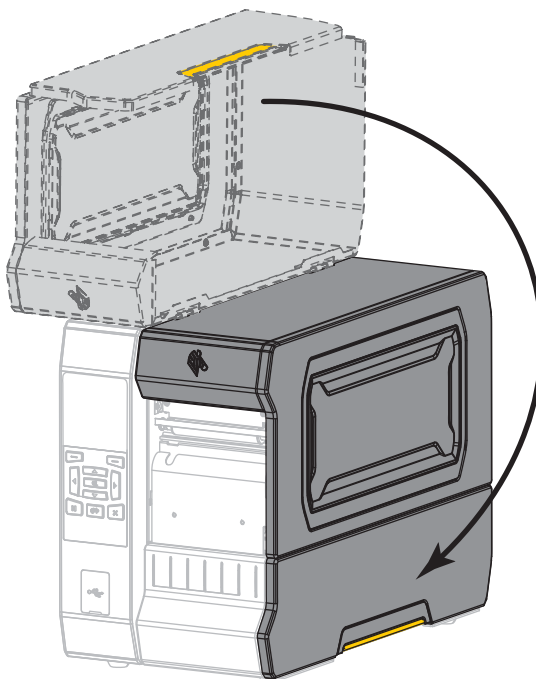
If using...	Then...
Direct Thermal media (no ribbon needed)	Continue with <a href="#">step 14</a> .
Thermal Transfer media (ribbon needed)	<div>a. If you have not already done so, load ribbon in the printer. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon on page 58</a>.</div> <div>b. Continue with <a href="#">step 14</a>.</div>

14. Rotate the printhead-open lever downward until it locks the printhead in place.





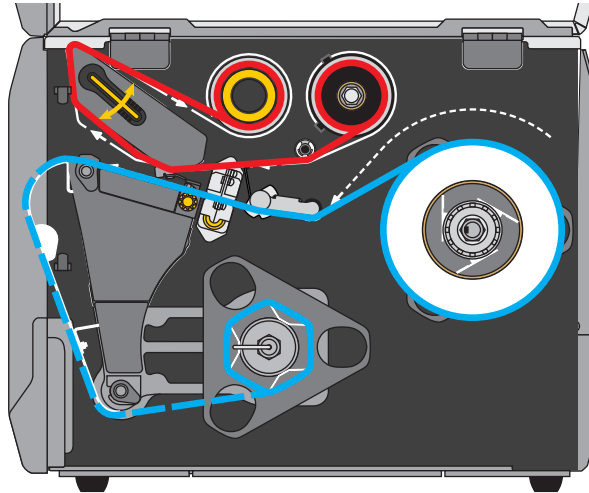
15. Close the media door.



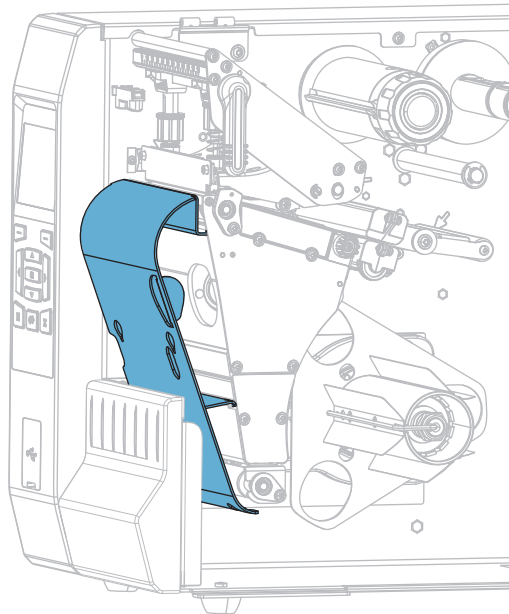
16. Set the printer to the appropriate print mode (for more information, see [PRINT MODE on page 111](#)).
17. Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.  
The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
18. For best results, calibrate the printer. See [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192](#).
19. If desired, print a configuration or other label to verify that your printer is able to print.  
(See [PRINT INFORMATION on page 120](#).)

**Media loading in Peel-Off mode is complete.**

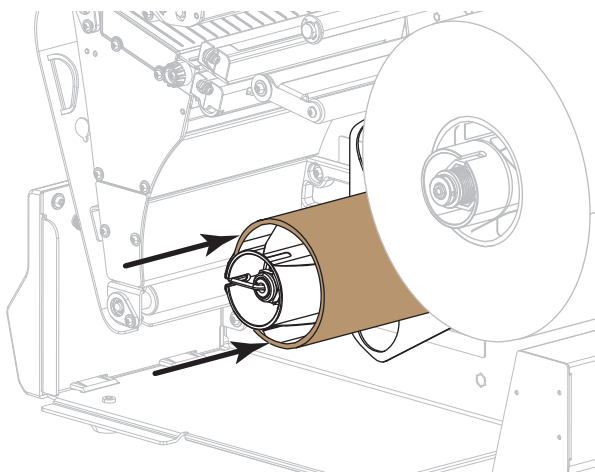
## Rewind Mode



1. If you have not already done so, follow the instructions in the section *Insert the Media into the Printer* on page 32.
2. If necessary, install the rewind/liner take-up plate in the rewind position as shown. See *Install the Rewind/Liner Take-Up Plate* on page 207 for instructions.

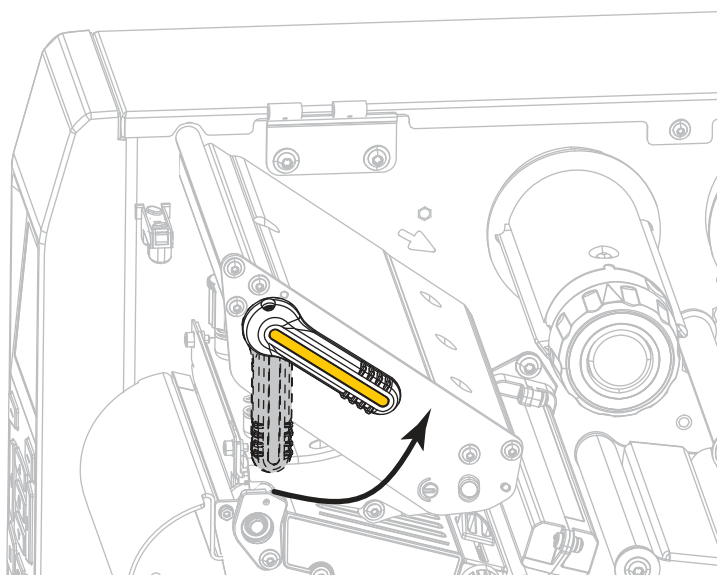


3. Slide a core onto the rewind spindle until it is flush against the guide plate.

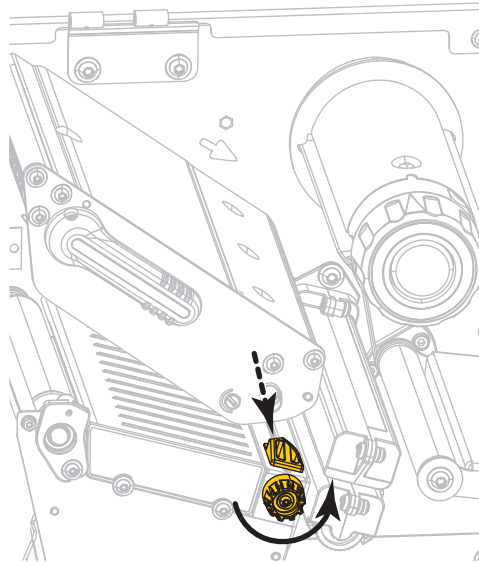


4. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever upward.

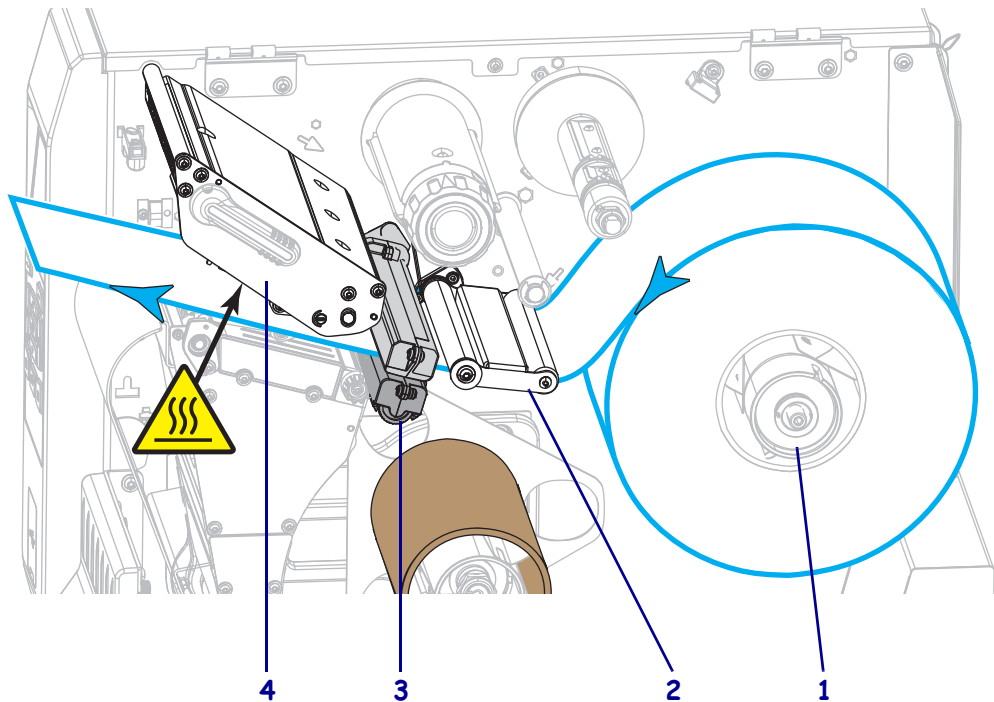


5. Rotate the media guide adjustment knob as shown until the media guide slides all the way out.

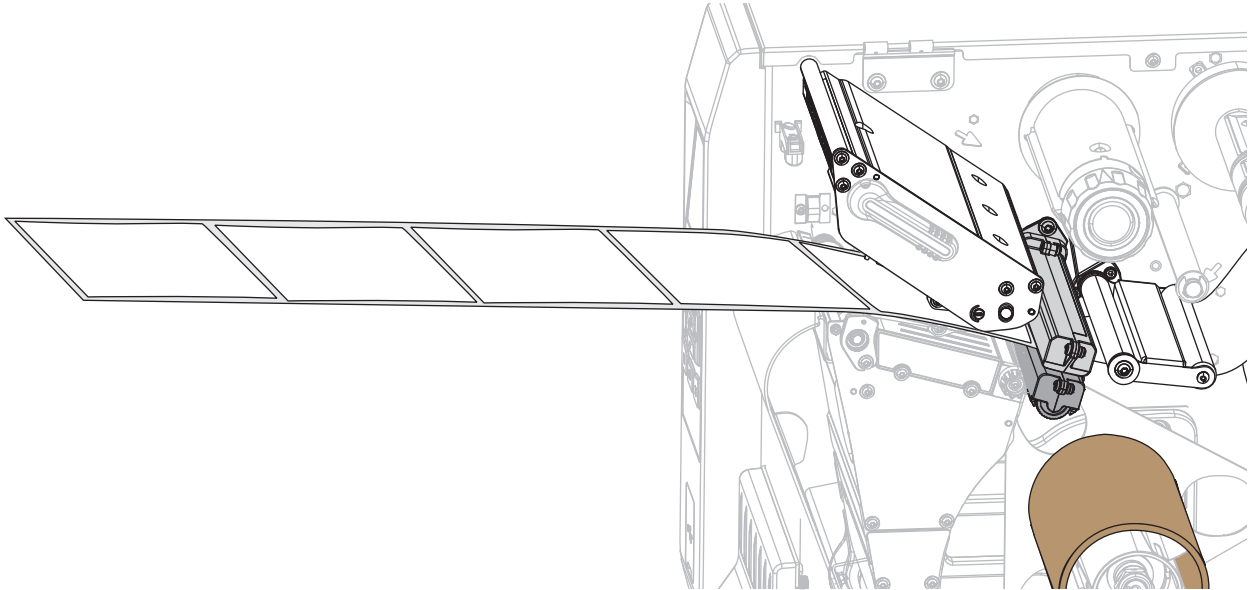


6. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

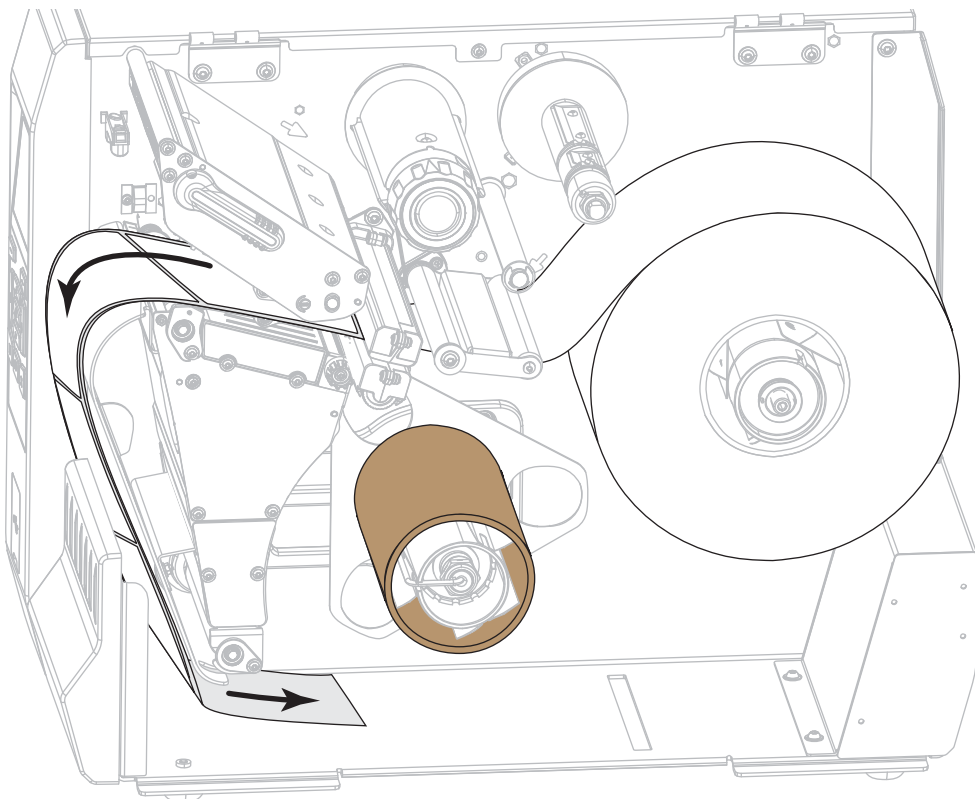
From the media spindle (1), feed the media under the dancer assembly (2), through the media sensor (3), and under the printhead assembly (4). Slide the media back until it touches the inside back wall of the media sensor.



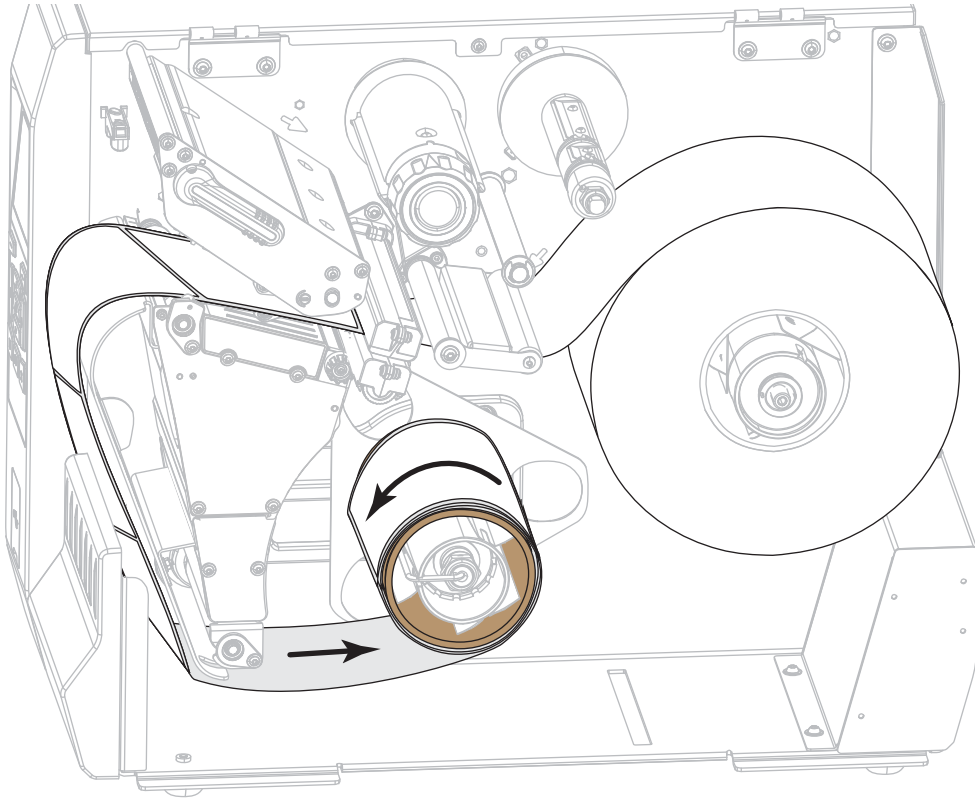
7. Extend approximately 18 in. (500 mm) of media out of the printer.



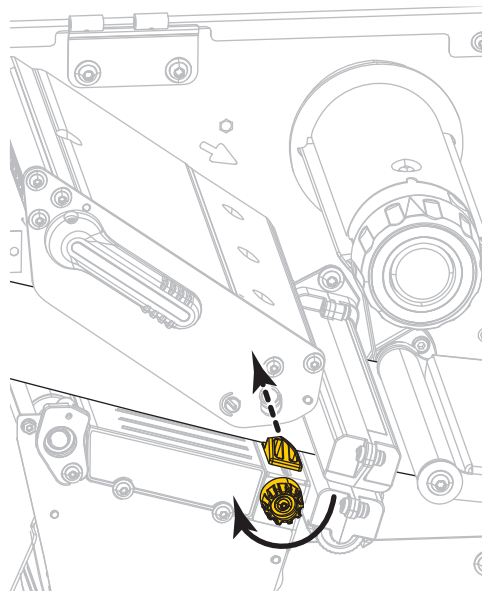
8. Feed the media over the rewind/liner take-up plate.



9. Wind the media around the rewind spindle as shown. Rotate the rewind spindle several turns to tighten the media and remove any slack.



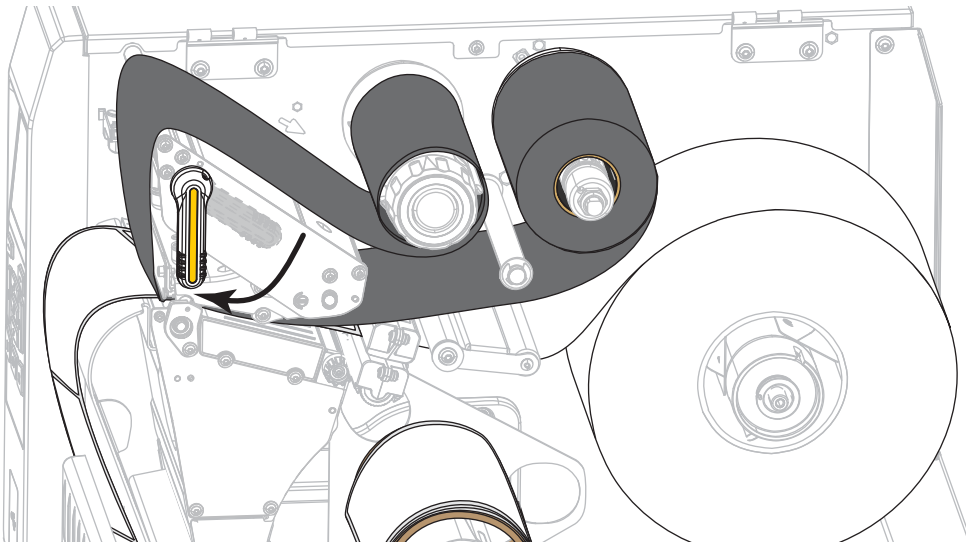
10. Rotate the media guide adjustment knob as shown until the media guide just touches the edge of the media.



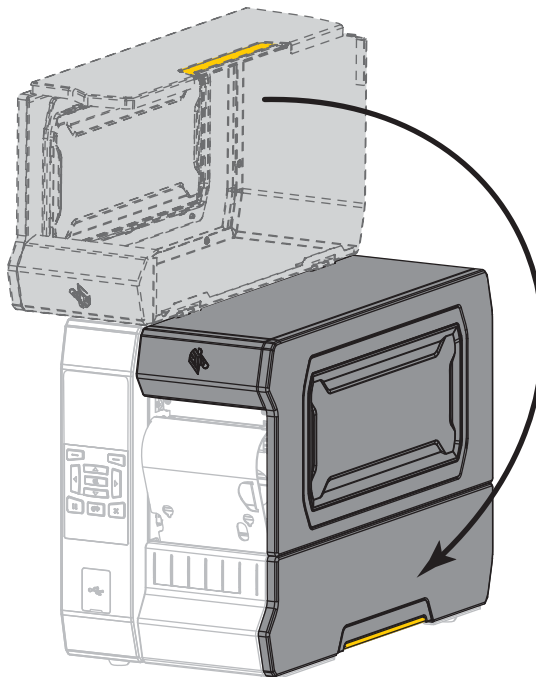
11. Does the media that you are using require ribbon for printing? If you are not sure, see [When to Use Ribbon on page 24](#).

If using...	Then...
Direct Thermal media (no ribbon needed)	Continue with <a href="#">step 12</a> .
Thermal Transfer media (ribbon needed)	<p>a. If you have not already done so, load ribbon in the printer. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon on page 58</a>.</p> <p>b. Continue with <a href="#">step 12</a>.</p>

12. Rotate the printhead-open lever downward until it locks the printhead in place.



13. Close the media door.

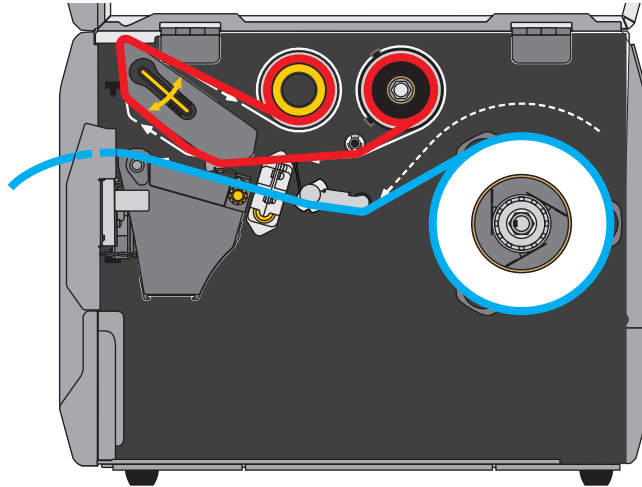


14. Set the printer to Rewind mode (for more information, see [PRINT MODE on page 111](#)).
15. Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.  
The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
16. For best results, calibrate the printer. See [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192](#).
17. If desired, print a configuration or other label to verify that your printer is able to print.  
(See [PRINT INFORMATION on page 120](#).)

**Media loading in Rewind mode is complete.**



## Cutter Mode or Delayed Cut Mode

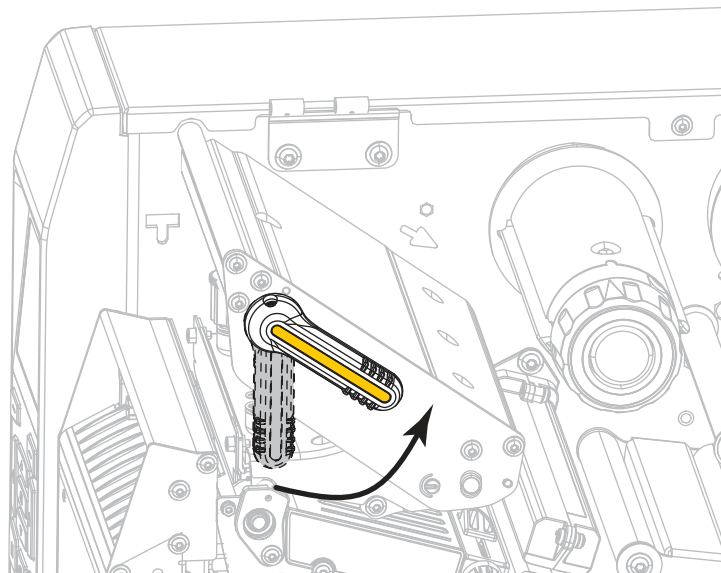


1. If you have not already done so, follow the instructions in the section *Insert the Media into the Printer* on page 32.

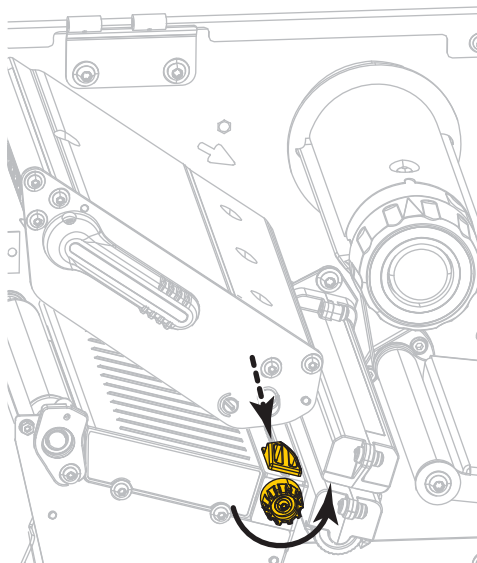


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever upward.

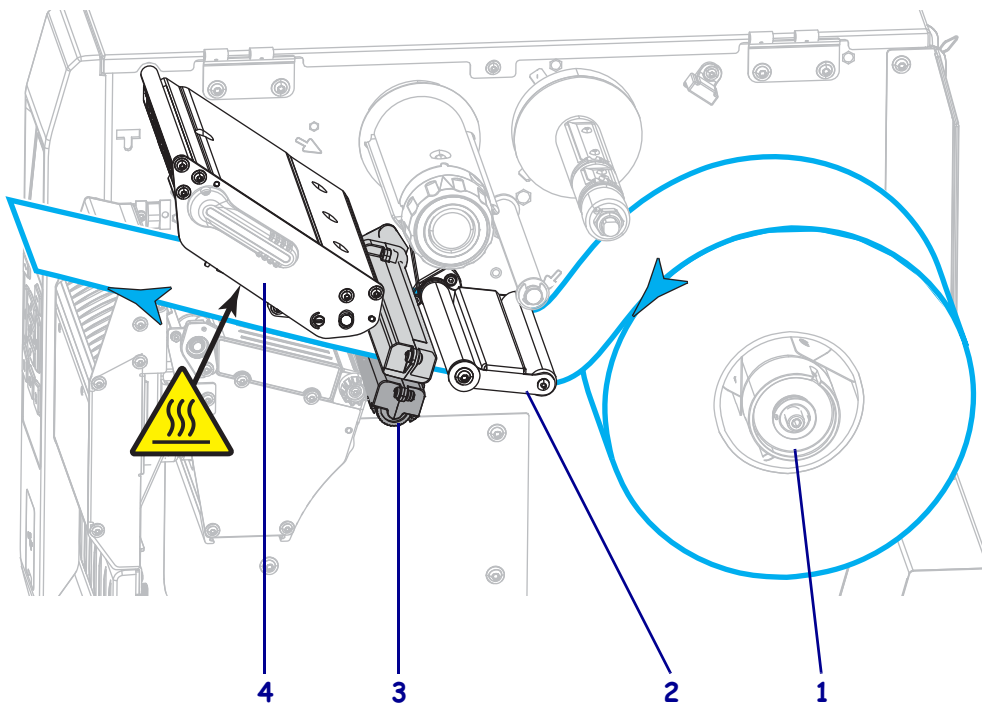


3. Rotate the media guide adjustment knob as shown until the media guide slides all the way out.



4. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

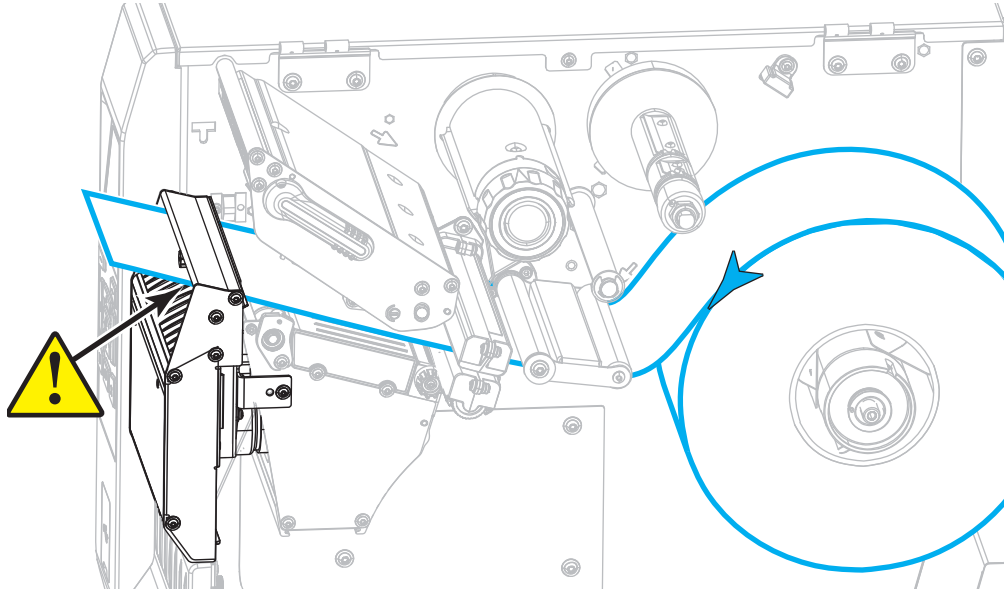
From the media spindle (1), feed the media under the dancer assembly (2), through the media sensor (3), and under the printhead assembly (4). Slide the media back until it touches the inside back wall of the media sensor.



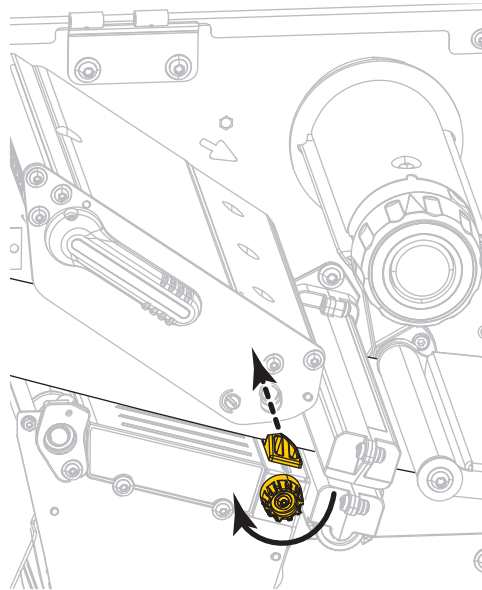


5. **Caution** • The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers.

Feed the media through the cutter.



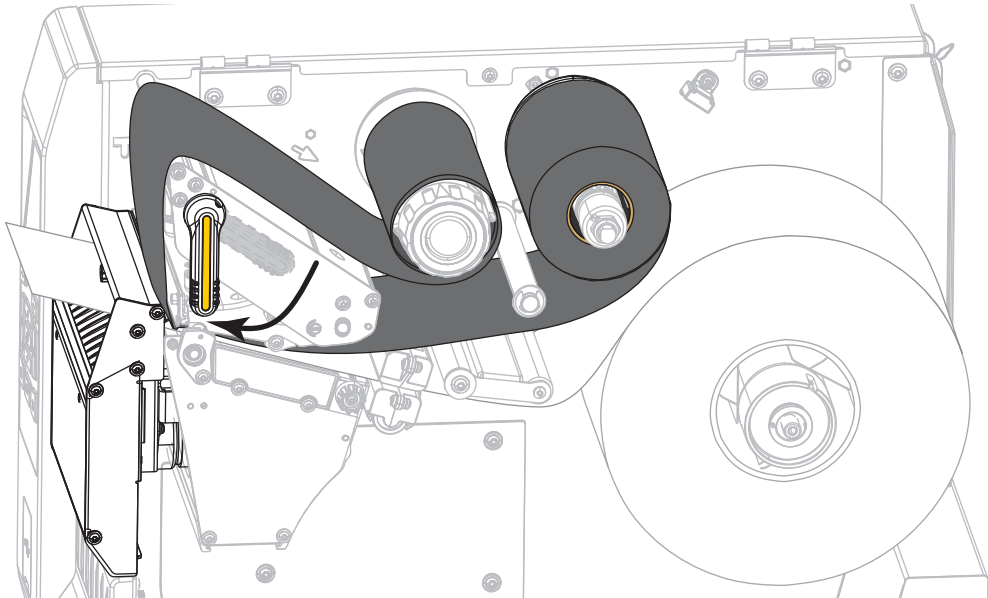
6. Rotate the media guide adjustment knob as shown until the media guide just touches the edge of the media.



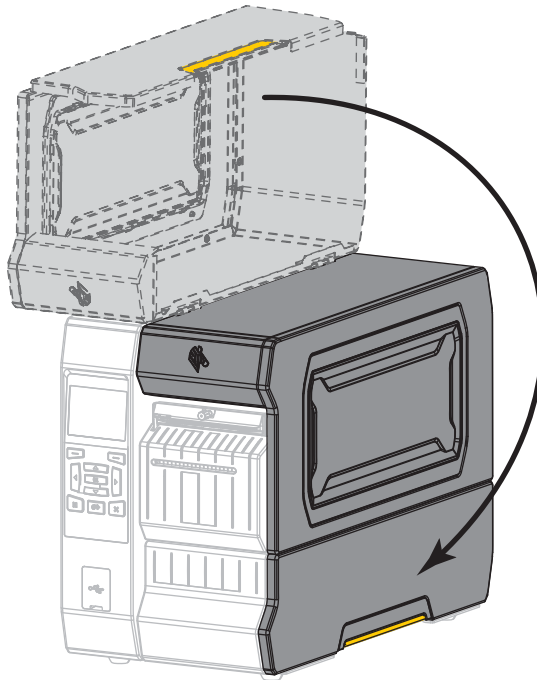
7. Does the media that you are using require ribbon for printing? If you are not sure, see [When to Use Ribbon on page 24](#).

If using...	Then...
Direct Thermal media (no ribbon needed)	Continue with <a href="#">step 8</a> .
Thermal Transfer media (ribbon needed)	<p>a. If you have not already done so, load ribbon in the printer. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon on page 58</a>.</p> <p>b. Continue with <a href="#">step 8</a>.</p>

8. Rotate the printhead-open lever downward until it locks the printhead in place.



9. Close the media door.



10. Set the printer to the appropriate print mode (for more information, see [PRINT MODE](#) on page 111).
11. Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.  
The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
12. For best results, calibrate the printer. See [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors](#) on page 192.
13. If desired, print a configuration or other label to verify that your printer is able to print.  
(See [PRINT INFORMATION](#) on page 120.)

**Media loading in Cutter mode is complete.**

## Load the Ribbon



**Note** • This section applies only to printers that have the Thermal Transfer option installed.

Ribbon is used only with thermal transfer labels. For direct thermal labels, do not load ribbon in the printer. To determine if ribbon must be used with a particular media, see [When to Use Ribbon on page 24](#).

---

**Caution** • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.

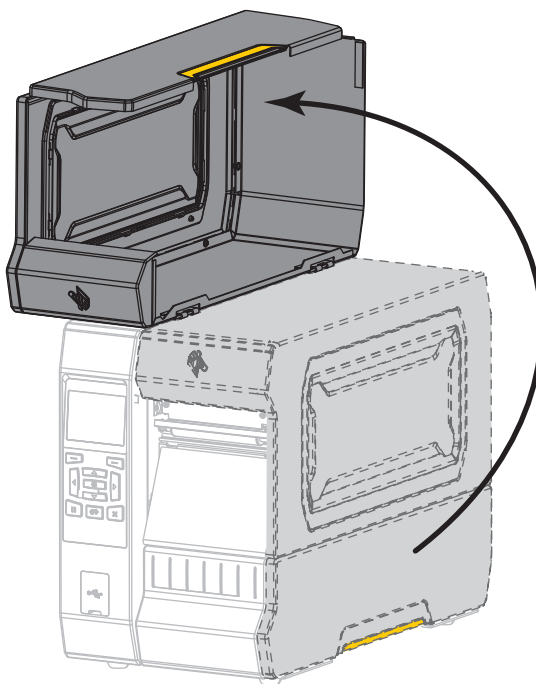
---



**Important** • Use ribbon that is wider than the media to protect the printhead from wear. Ribbon must be coated on the outside.

### To load ribbon, complete these steps:

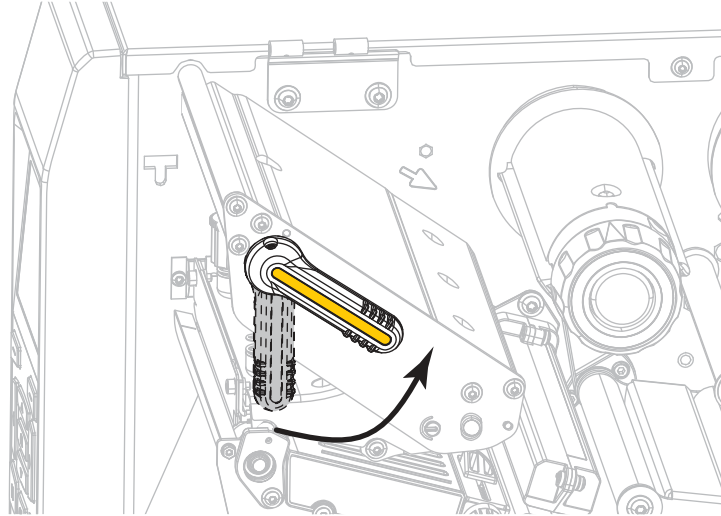
1. Raise the media door.



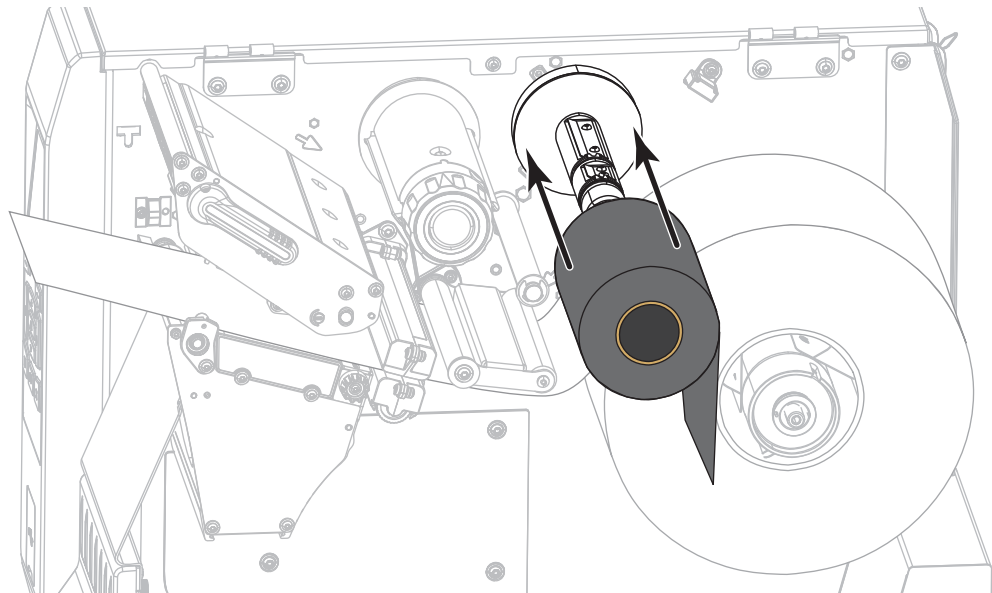


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

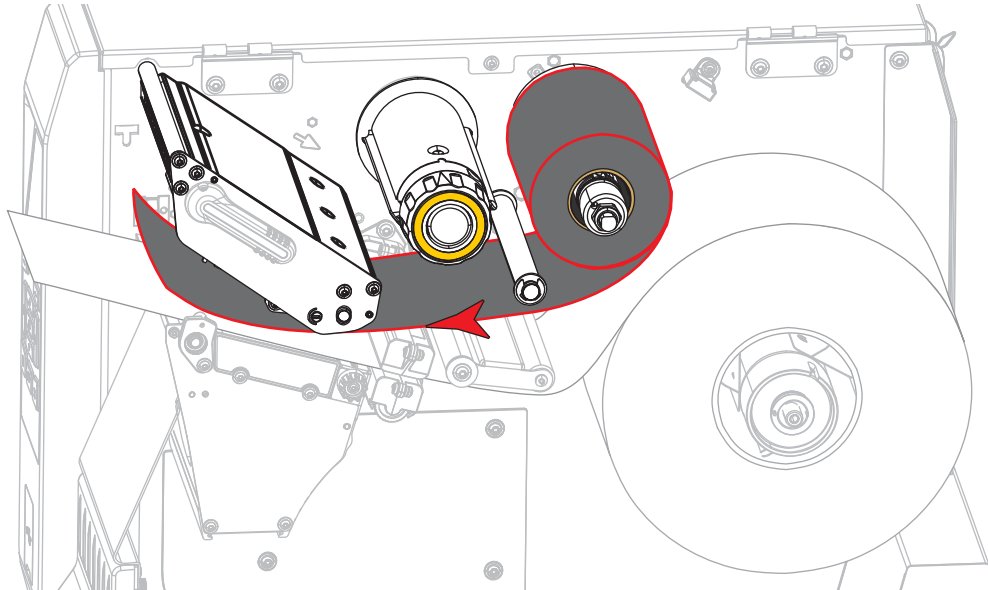
Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever upward.



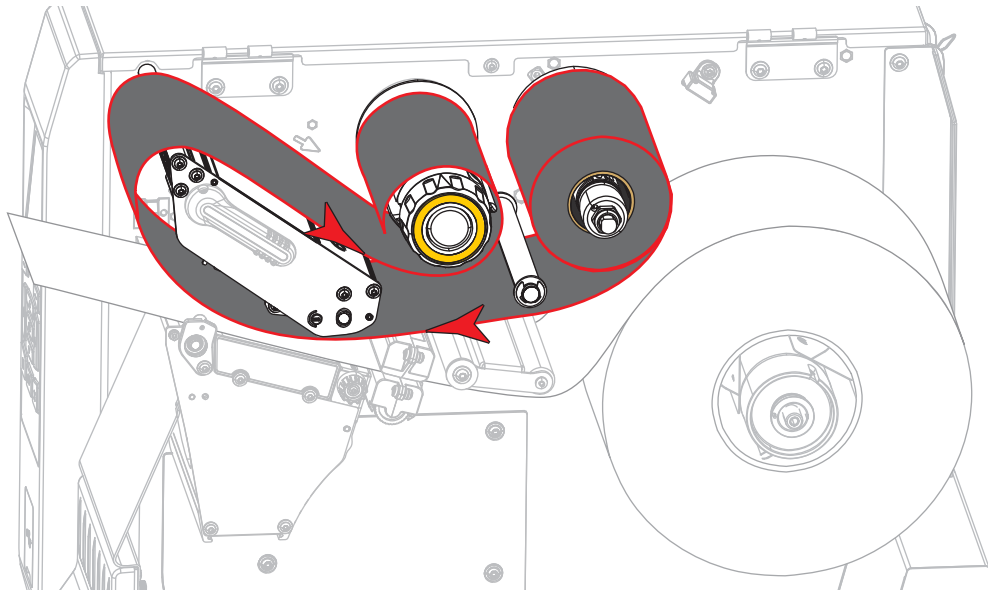
3. Place the roll of ribbon on the ribbon supply spindle with the loose end of the ribbon unrolling as shown. Push the roll back as far as it will go.



4. Bring the ribbon under the printhead assembly and around its left side, as shown.

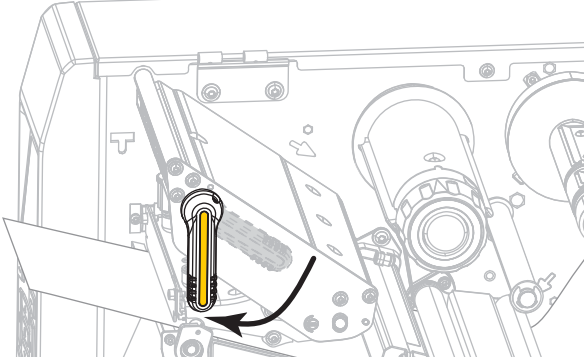
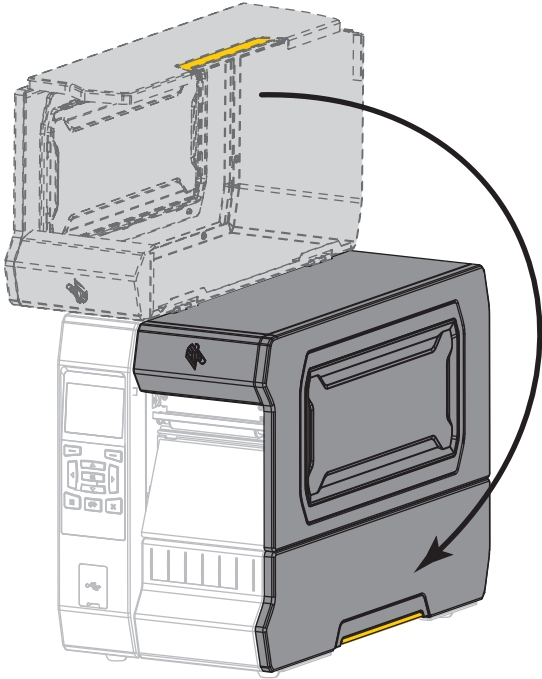


5. With the ribbon tracking as far back as it can under the printhead assembly, wrap the ribbon around the ribbon take-up spindle. Rotate the spindle several turns in the direction shown to tighten and align the ribbon.





6. Is media already loaded in the printer?

If...	Then...
No	Continue with <a href="#">Load the Media on page 32</a> to load media in the printer.
Yes	<div><div>a. Rotate the printhead-open lever downward until it locks the printhead in place.</div><div></div><div>b. Close the media door.</div><div></div><div>c. If necessary, press PAUSE to enable printing.</div></div>

## Install the Printer Driver and Connect the Printer to the Computer

In this section, you are shown how to use the Zebra Setup Utilities program to prepare a computer running Microsoft Windows® for the printer driver before connecting the printer to any of the computer's data communication interfaces. Use this section for directions to install this program if you have not already done so. You may connect your printer to your computer using any of the connections that you have available.



**Important** • You must use the Zebra Setup Utilities program or the Zebra Printer Setup Utility app for Android devices (available for free from Google Play™ at <https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.zebra.printersetup>) before connecting the printer to your computer. Your computer will not install the correct printer drivers if you connect the printer to it without the Zebra Setup Utilities program or the Zebra Printer Setup Utility app.

### Install Zebra Setup Utilities

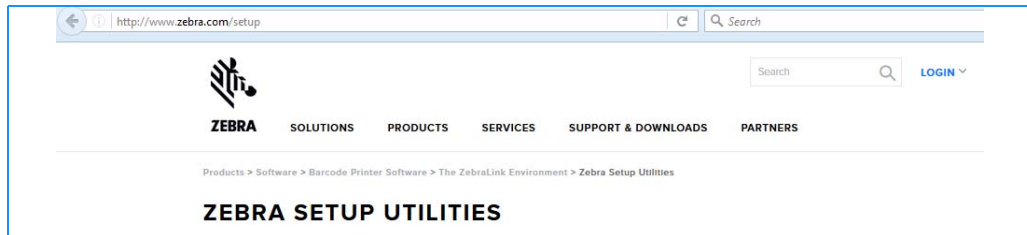
Follow the directions in this section if you do not have Zebra Setup Utilities installed on your computer or if you want to update an existing version of the program. You do not need to uninstall any older versions or any Zebra printer drivers to do so.

**To install the Zebra Setup Utilities program, complete these steps:**

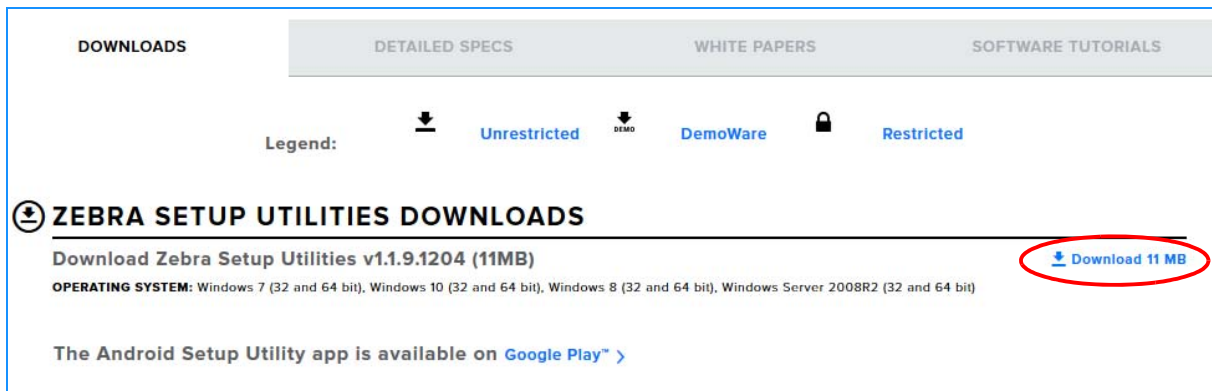
#### Download the Zebra Setup Utilities Installer

1. Go to <http://www.zebra.com/setup>.

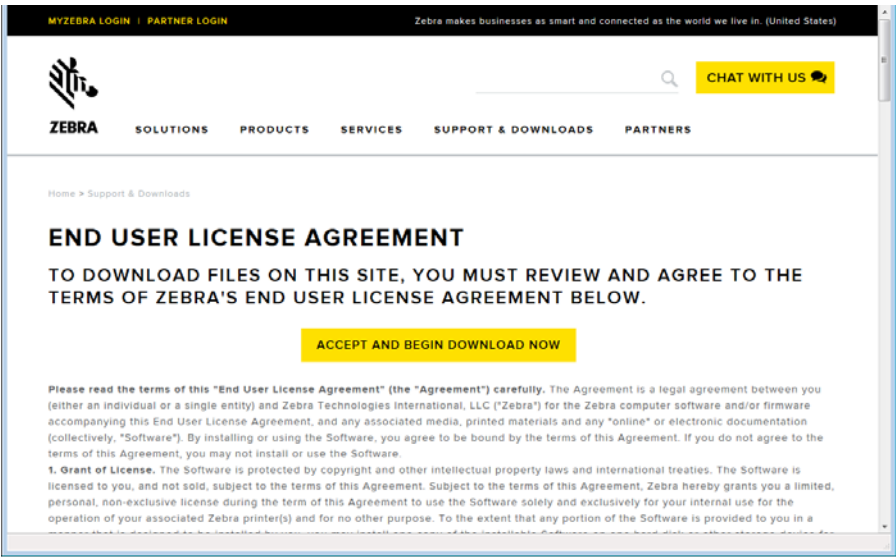
The Zebra Setup Utilities page displays.



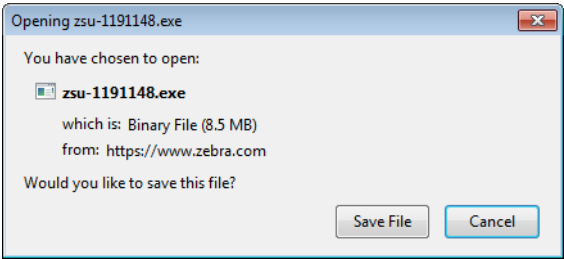
2. On the DOWNLOADS tab, click Download under the ZEBRA SETUP UTILITIES option.



You are prompted to read and accept the End User License Agreement (EULA).



3. If you agree with the terms of the EULA, click  
ACCEPT AND BEGIN DOWNLOAD NOW  
Depending on your browser, you are given options to run or save the executable file.

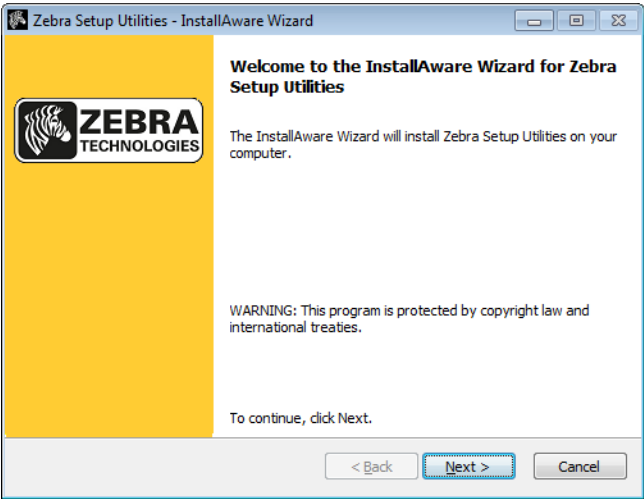
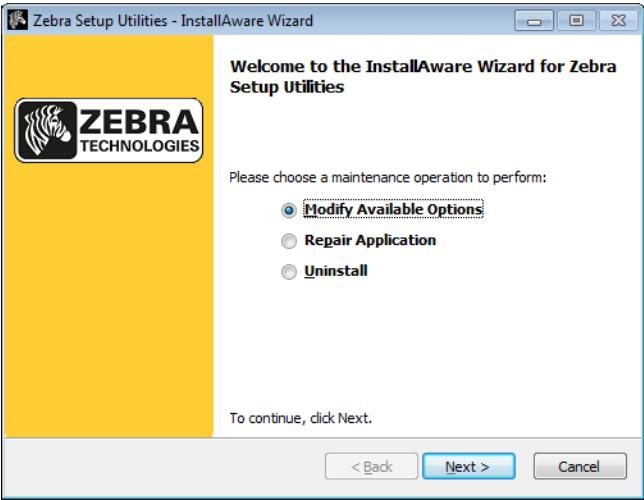


Run the Zebra Setup Utilities Installer

4.

Save the program to your computer. (Optional if your browser gave you the option to run the program instead of saving it.)
5.

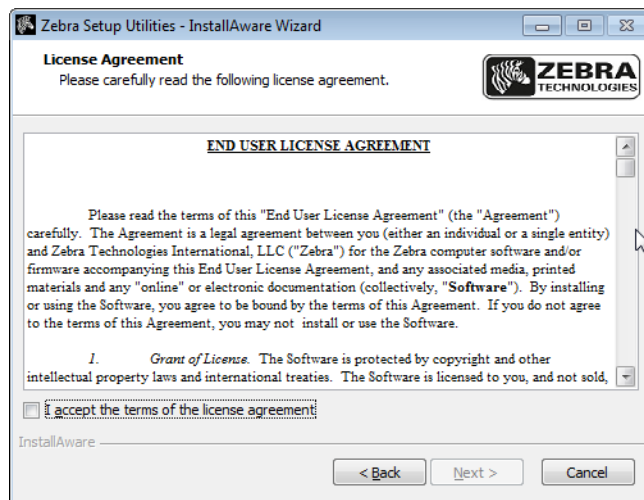
Run the executable file. If your computer prompts you for permission to run the file, click the appropriate button to allow it to run.
- What the computer displays next depends on whether Zebra Setup Utilities was already installed. Follow the instructions based on what your computer prompts you to do.

If your computer...	Then...
Did not previously have the Zebra Setup Utilities installed	<div>a. The Zebra Setup Utilities - InstallAware Wizard displays the following.</div> <div></div> <div>b. Continue with <i>New Installations of Zebra Setup Utilities on page 65.</i></div>
Did previously have the Zebra Setup Utilities installed	<div>a. The Zebra Setup Utilities - InstallAware Wizard displays the following.</div> <div></div> <div>b. Continue with <i>Updating Existing Installations of Zebra Setup Utilities on page 67.</i></div>

## New Installations of Zebra Setup Utilities

6. Click Next.

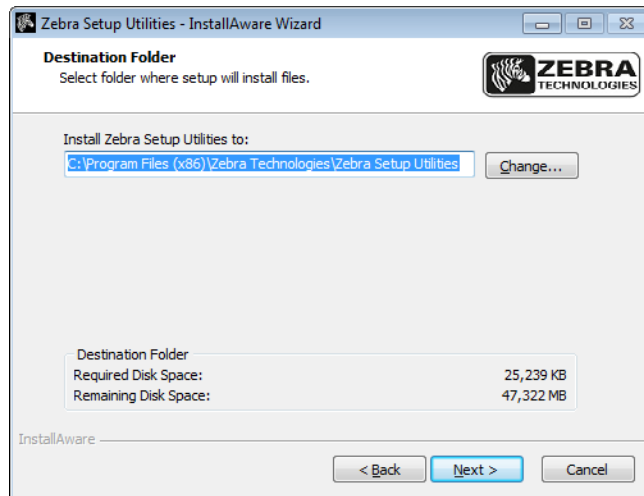
You are prompted again to read and accept the End User License Agreement (EULA).



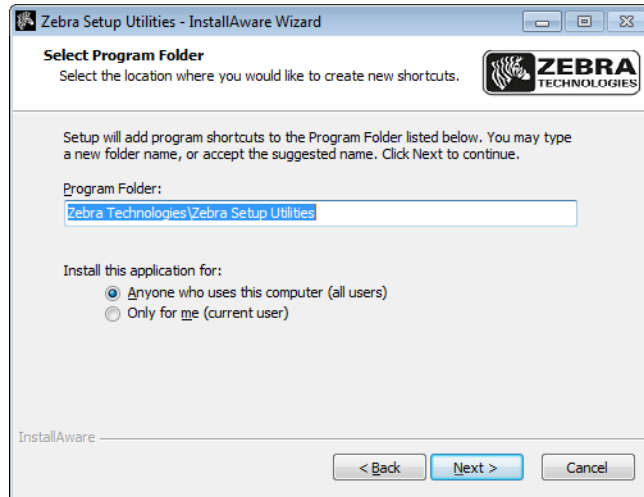
7. If you agree with the terms of the EULA, check the box that says I accept the terms of the license agreement

8. Click Next.

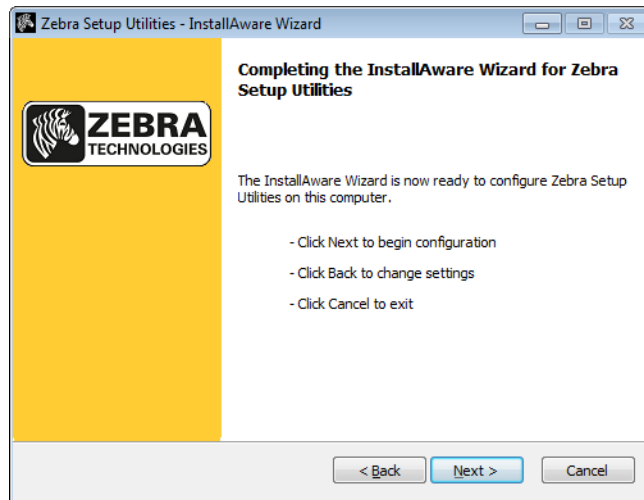
You are prompted to select where the files will be installed.



9. Change the destination folder, if necessary, and then click Next.  
You are prompted to select a location for program shortcuts.



10. Change the location, if desired, and then click Next.  
You are prompted to complete the InstallAware wizard.

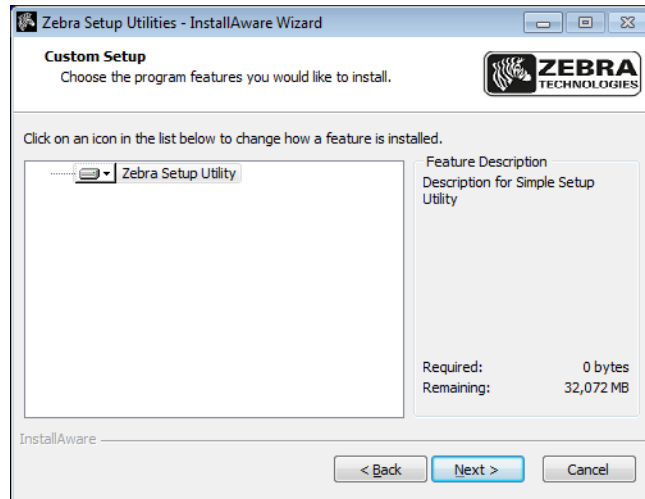


11. Skip to [Continuing with New or Updated Installations](#) on page 68.

## Updating Existing Installations of Zebra Setup Utilities

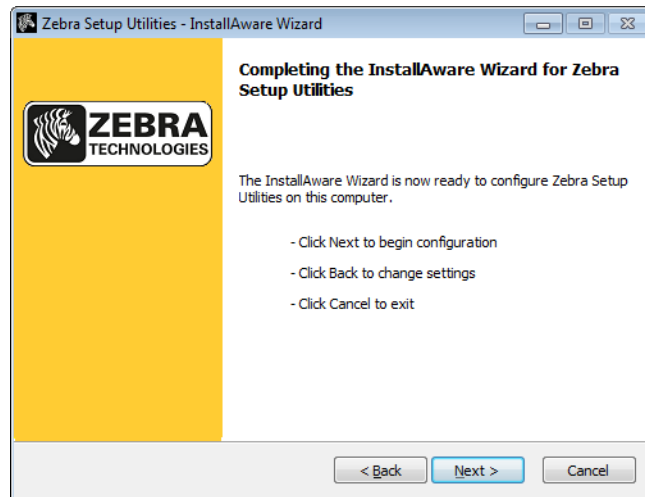
**12. Click Next.**

You are prompted to choose the features that you would like to install.



**13. Click Next.**

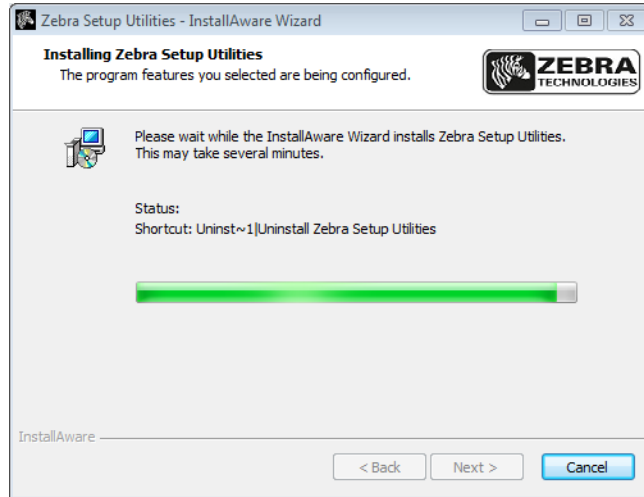
You are prompted to complete the InstallAware wizard.



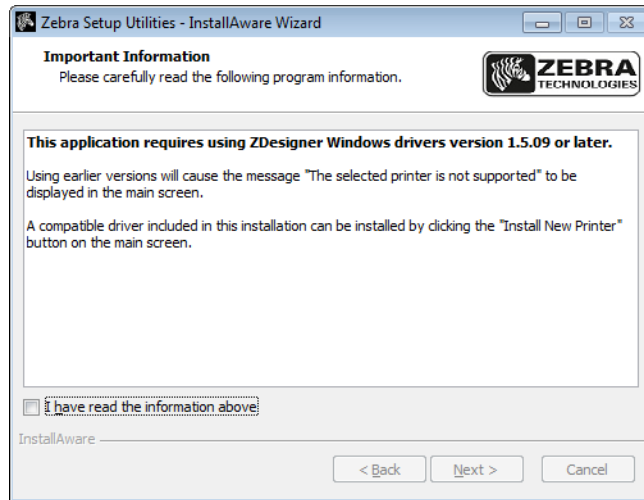
### Continuing with New or Updated Installations

**14.** Click Next.

Installation begins.



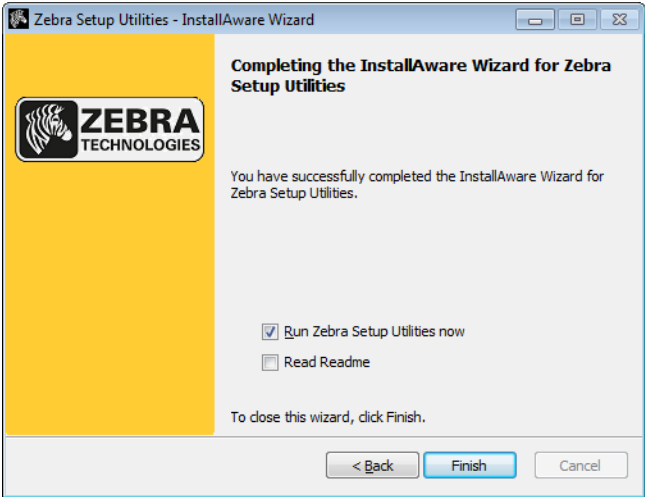
During installation, you are presented with information about drivers.



**15.** Read the information, and then check the box that says  
“I have read the information above”.

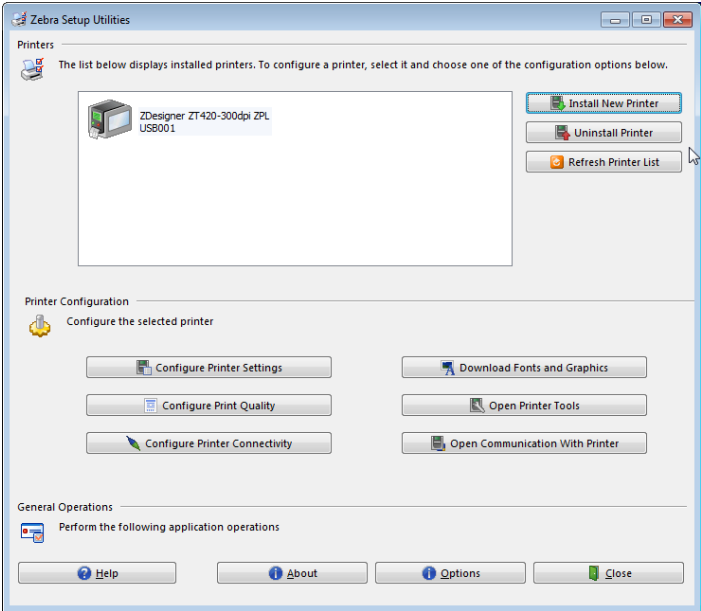


16. Click Next.
- You are shown options that can take place when the wizard exits the installation.



17. Check the box that says “Run Zebra Setup Utilities now.”
18. Click Finish.
- What the computer displays next depends on whether any Zebra printer drivers are already installed on your computer. Follow the instructions based on what your computer displays.

If your computer...	Then...						
Did not previously have any Zebra printer drivers installed	<div>The System Prepare Wizard displays.</div> <div> </div>						
	<table> <tr> <th>To connect by...</th><th>Then...</th></tr> <tr> <td>USB port</td><td>Continue with <i>Connect a Computer to the Printer’s USB Port</i> on page 71.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Serial or optional parallel port</td><td>Continue with <i>Connect a Computer to the Printer’s Serial or Parallel Port</i> on page 75.</td></tr> </table>	To connect by...	Then...	USB port	Continue with <i>Connect a Computer to the Printer’s USB Port</i> on page 71.	Serial or optional parallel port	Continue with <i>Connect a Computer to the Printer’s Serial or Parallel Port</i> on page 75.
To connect by...	Then...						
USB port	Continue with <i>Connect a Computer to the Printer’s USB Port</i> on page 71.						
Serial or optional parallel port	Continue with <i>Connect a Computer to the Printer’s Serial or Parallel Port</i> on page 75.						

<b>If your computer...</b>		<b>Then...</b>	
<b>Did</b> previously have any Zebra printer drivers installed		The Zebra Setup Utilities screen displays. <div></div>	
<b>To connect by the...</b>		<b>Then...</b>	
<b>USB port</b>		Continue with <i>Connecting the printer to a USB port on your computer on page 72.</i>	
<b>Serial or optional parallel port</b>		Continue with <i>Adding a Printer from the Zebra Setup Utilities Screen on page 78.</i>	

## Connect a Computer to the Printer's USB Port

Complete the steps in this section only after you have installed the Zebra Setup Utilities program. If necessary, complete the steps in [Install Zebra Setup Utilities on page 62](#) before continuing.



**Important** • You must install the Zebra Setup Utilities program before connecting the printer to your computer. Your computer will not install the correct printer drivers if you connect the printer to it without the Zebra Setup Utilities program.

---

**Caution** • Ensure that the printer power is off (O) before connecting data communications cables. Connecting a data communications cable while the power is on (I) may damage the printer.

---

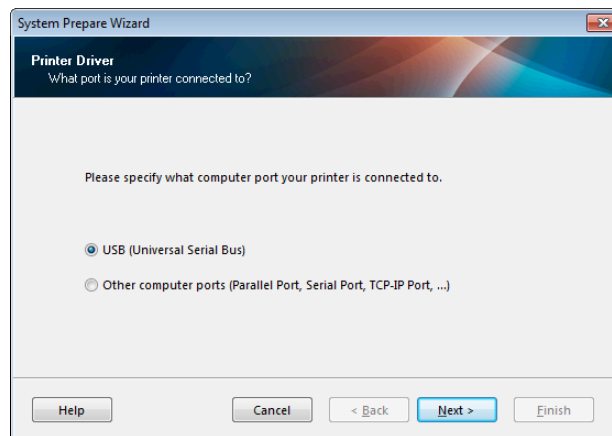
To connect the printer to your computer by USB, complete these steps:

### Running the System Prepare Wizard

If you are at the Zebra Setup Utilities screen, you do not need to complete this section. Continue with [Connecting the printer to a USB port on your computer on page 72](#).

The first time that you install the Zebra Setup Utilities program and printer drivers, you are prompted to follow the System Prepare Wizard.

Figure 8 • System Prepare Wizard

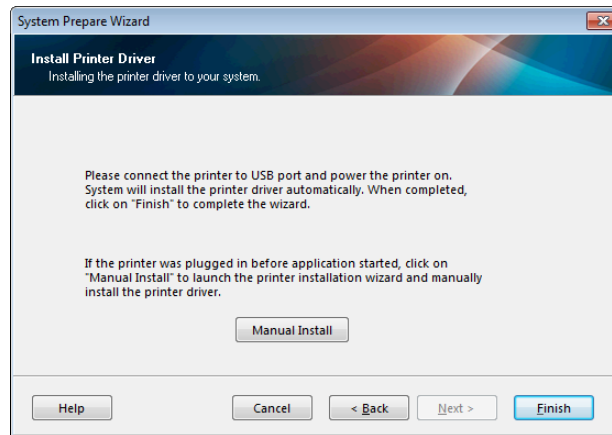


## 72 | Printer Setup and Operation

### Install the Printer Driver and Connect the Printer to the Computer—USB

1. Click Next.

The System Prepare Wizard prompts you to connect the printer to the USB port on your computer.



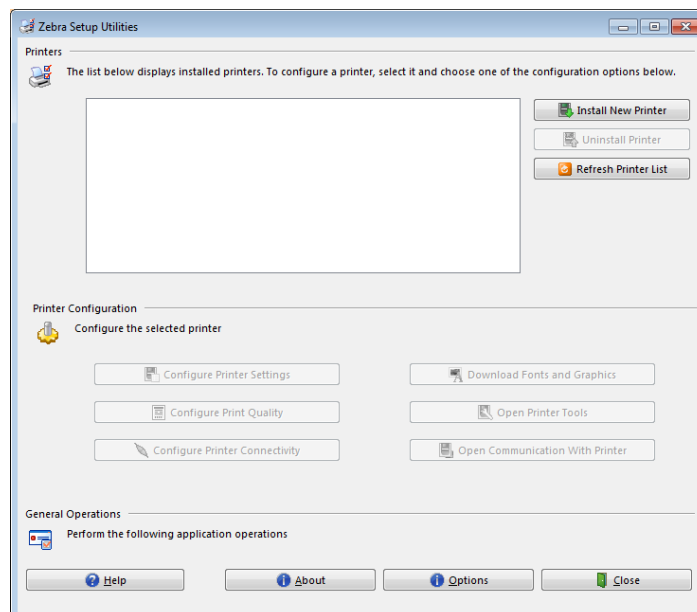
2. Click Finish.

The Zebra Setup Utilities screen displays.

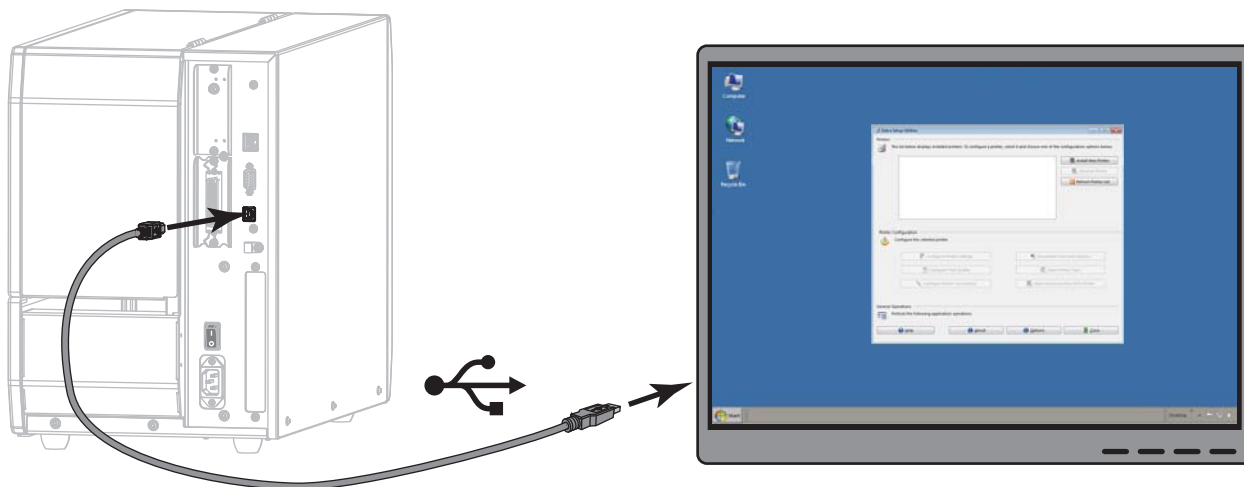
### Connecting the printer to a USB port on your computer

Complete the steps in this section only after the System Prepare Wizard prompts you to do so or after you have opened the Zebra Setup Utilities program. If necessary, complete the steps in [Install Zebra Setup Utilities on page 62](#) before continuing.

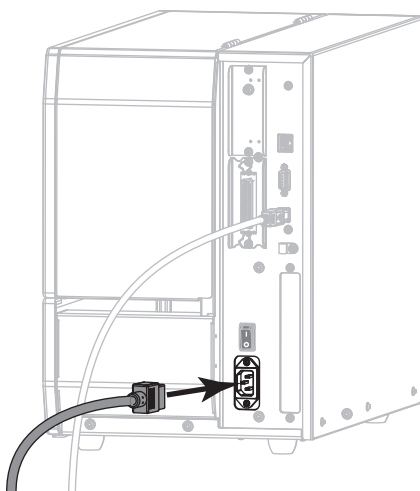
**Figure 9 • Zebra Setup Utilities Screen**



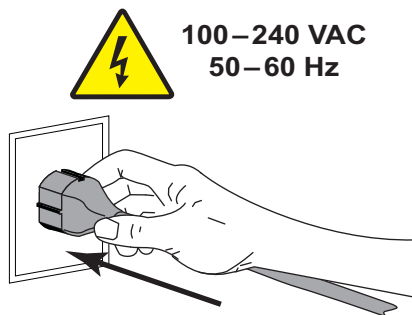
3. Connect one end of the USB cord to the USB port on your printer and the other end to your computer.



4. Plug the female end of the A/C power cord into the A/C power connector on the back of the printer.



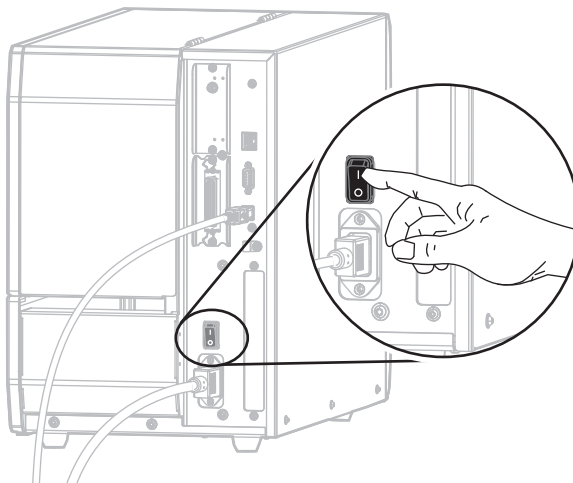
5. Plug the male end of the A/C power cord into an appropriate power outlet.



## 74 | Printer Setup and Operation

Install the Printer Driver and Connect the Printer to the Computer—USB

6. Turn on (I) the printer.



As the printer boots up, your computer completes the driver installation and recognizes your printer.

**The installation for the USB connection is complete.**

## Connect a Computer to the Printer's Serial or Parallel Port

Complete the steps in this section only after you have installed the Zebra Setup Utilities program. If necessary, complete the steps in [Install Zebra Setup Utilities on page 62](#) before continuing.



**Important** • You must install the Zebra Setup Utilities program before connecting the printer to your computer. Your computer will not install the correct printer drivers if you connect the printer to it without the Zebra Setup Utilities program.

---

**Caution** • Ensure that the printer power is off (O) before connecting data communications cables. Connecting a data communications cable while the power is on (I) may damage the printer.

---

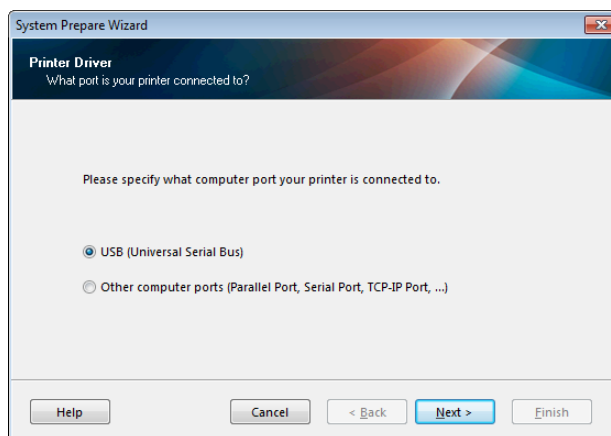
### To connect the printer to your computer by USB, complete these steps:

If you are at the Zebra Setup Utilities screen, you do not need to complete this section. Continue with [Adding a Printer from the Zebra Setup Utilities Screen on page 78](#).

### Running the System Prepare Wizard

The first time that you install the Zebra Setup Utilities program and printer drivers, you are prompted to follow the System Prepare Wizard.

Figure 10 • System Prepare Wizard

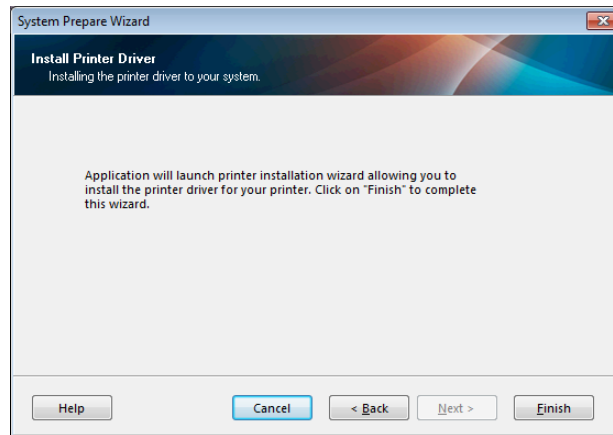


## 76 | Printer Setup and Operation

Install the Printer Driver and Connect the Printer to the Computer—Serial or Parallel

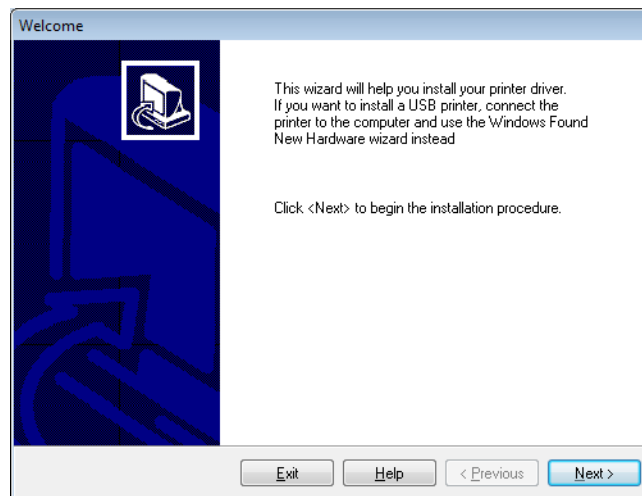
1. Select “Other computer ports (Parallel Port, Serial Port, TCP-IP Port, ...), and then click Next.

The new printer wizard prompts you to begin the installation procedure.



2. Click Finish.

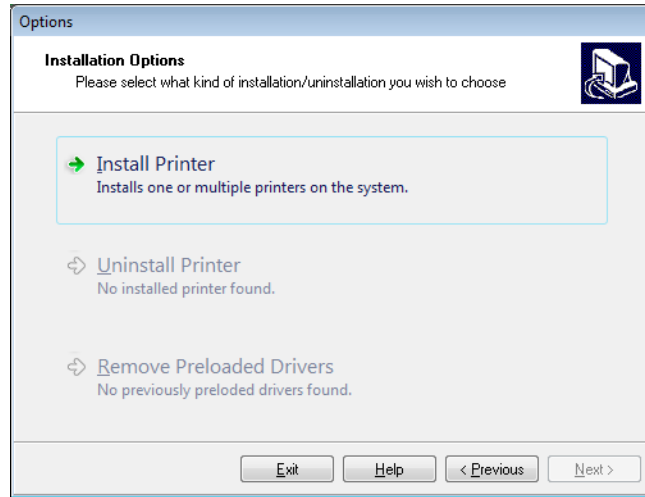
The printer driver wizard displays.





3. Click Next.

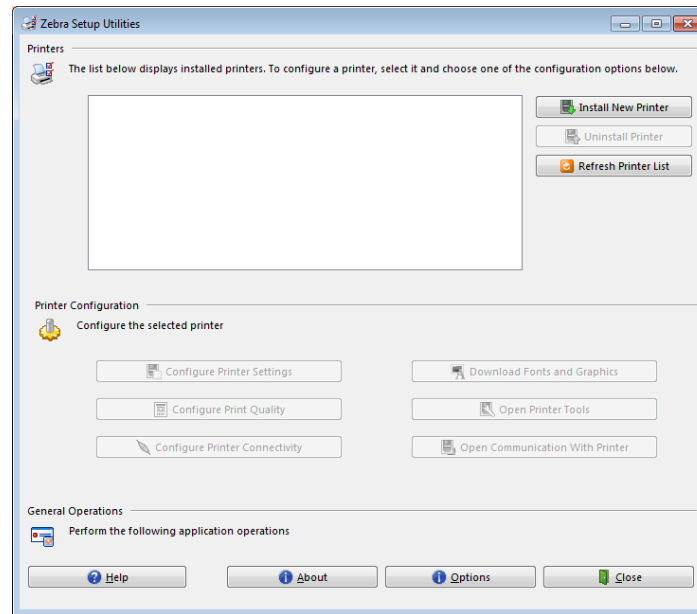
You are prompted to select an installation option.



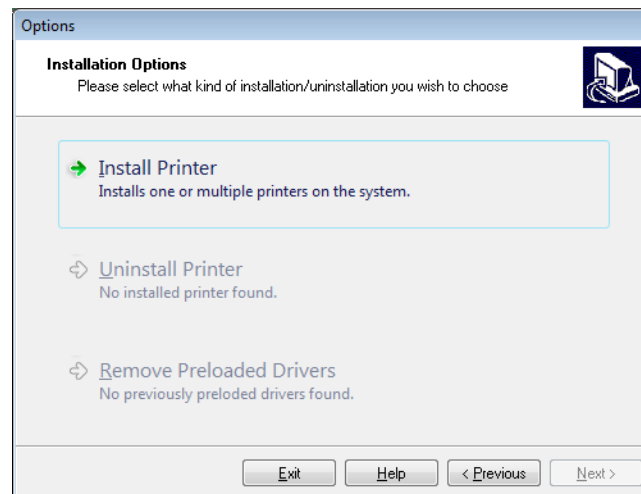
4. Continue with [step 6 on page 79](#).

### Adding a Printer from the Zebra Setup Utilities Screen

**Figure 11 • Zebra Setup Utilities Screen**

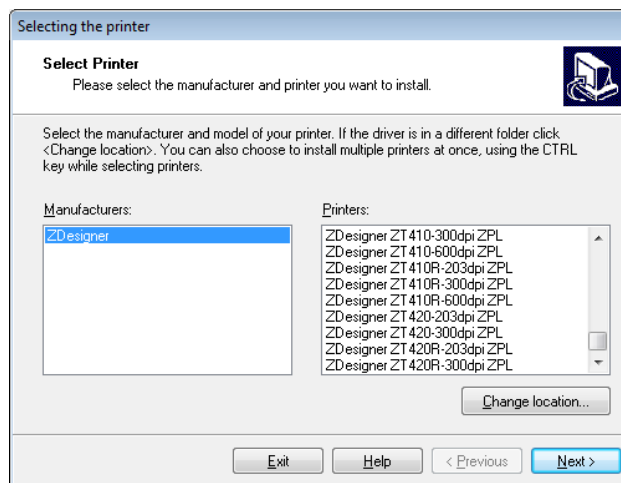


5. On the Zebra Setup Utilities screen, click Install New Printer.  
You are prompted to select an installation option.



6. Click Install Printer.

You are prompted to select a printer type.



7. Select your printer model and resolution.

The model and resolution are on a part number sticker on the printer, usually located below the media spindle. The information will be in the following format:

**Part Number: XXXXXY - xxxxxxxx**

where

XXXXX = the printer model

Y = the printer resolution (2 = 203 dpi, 3 = 300 dpi, 6 = 600 dpi)

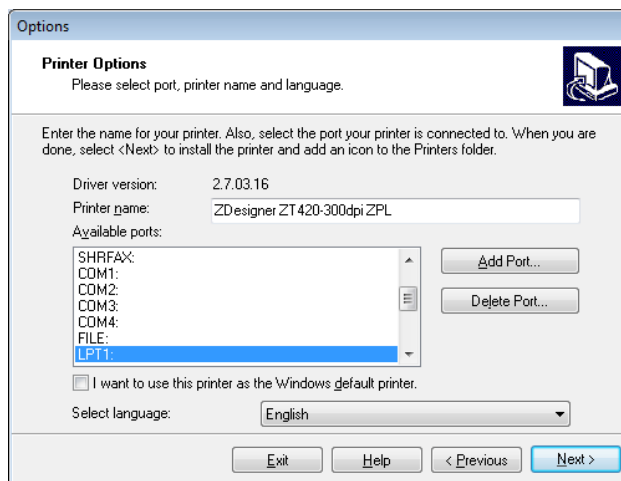
For example, in the part number **ZT620x3 - xxxxxxxx**

**ZT620** indicates that the printer is a ZT620 model

**3** indicates that the printhead resolution is 300 dpi

8. Click Next.

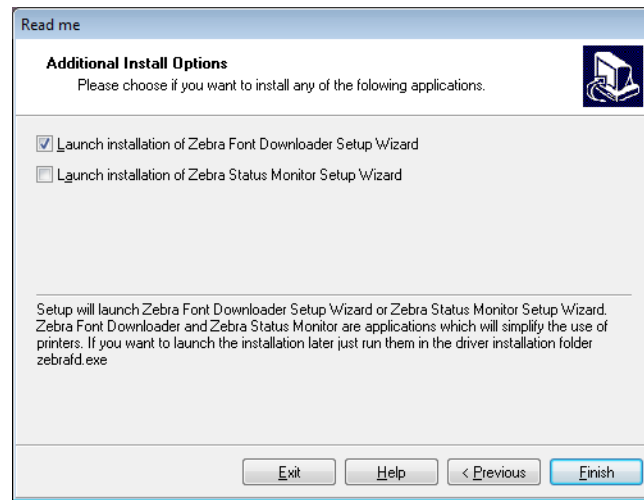
You are prompted for a printer name, the port to which the printer will be connected, and the language for the program.



9. Change the printer name (if desired), and select the appropriate port and language.

**10. Click Next.**

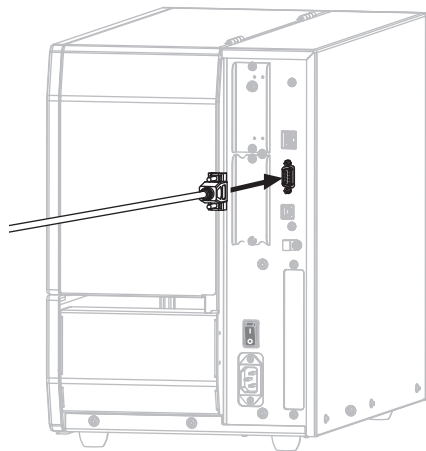
You are prompted to launch other setup wizards.

**11. Check the desired options, and then click Finish.**

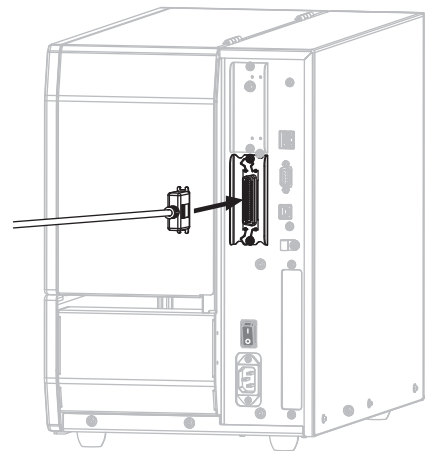
The printer driver is installed. If you are prompted that other programs might be affected, click Next.

### Connecting the printer to a serial or parallel port on your computer

12. Connect one or both cords to the appropriate ports on your printer.

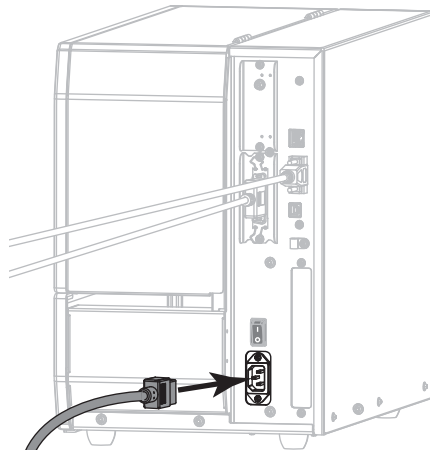


**Serial Connector**

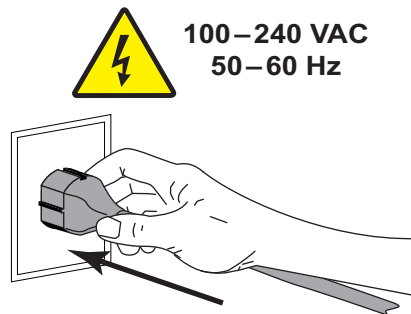


**Parallel Connector**

13. Connect the other end of the cord to the appropriate port on your computer.
14. Plug the female end of the A/C power cord into the A/C power connector on the back of the printer.



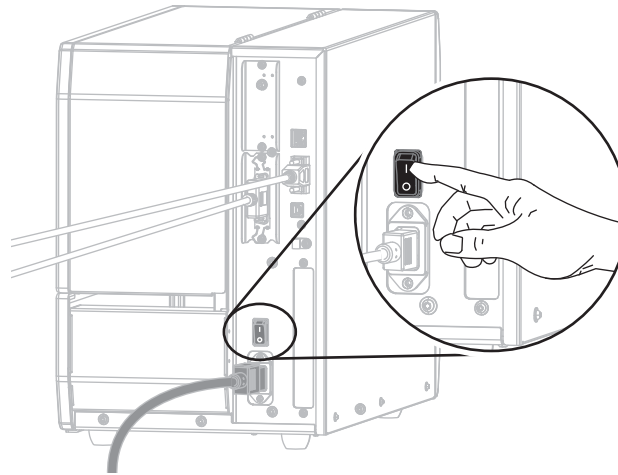
15. Plug the male end of the A/C power cord into an appropriate power outlet.



## 82 | Printer Setup and Operation

Install the Printer Driver and Connect the Printer to the Computer—Serial or Parallel

16. Turn on (I) the printer.



The printer boots up.

### Configuring the printer (if necessary)

17. If necessary, adjust the printer's port settings to match those of your computer. For more information, see [PORTS](#) on page 104.

**The installation for serial or parallel connections is complete.**

## Connect to Your Network through the Printer's Ethernet Port

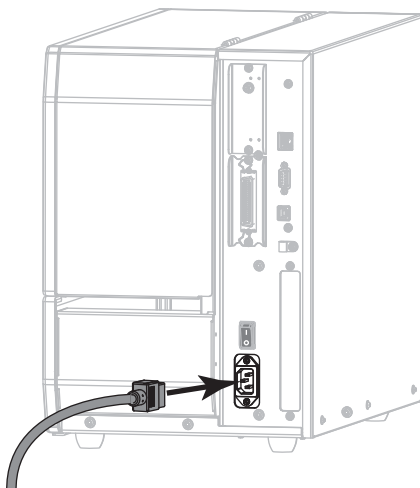
If you wish to use a wired print server (Ethernet) connection, you may need to connect the printer to your computer using one of the other available connections. While the printer is connected via one of those connections, you would configure the printer to communicate with your Local Area Network (LAN) through the printer's wired print server.

For additional information about Zebra print servers, refer to the *ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Server User Guide*. To download the latest version of this guide, go to <http://www.zebra.com/zt600-info>.

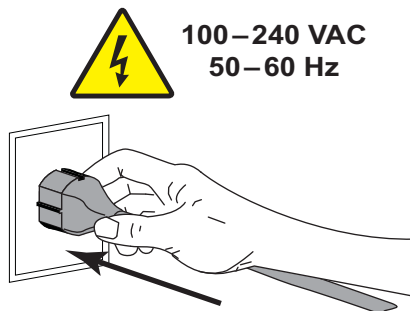


### To connect the printer to your computer by a wired print server, complete these steps:

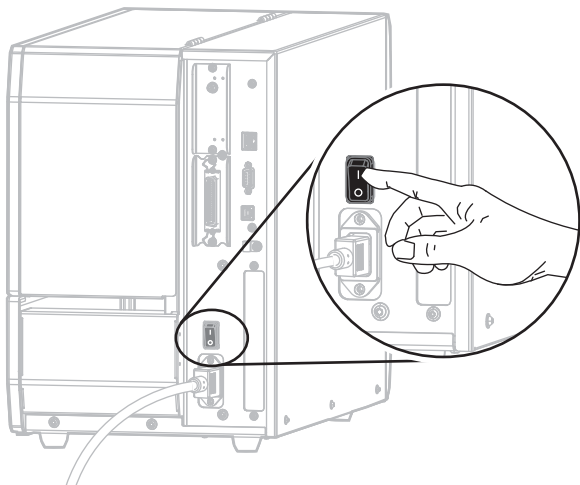
1. Install Zebra Setup Utilities as instructed in *Install Zebra Setup Utilities* on page 62.
2. Plug the female end of the A/C power cord into the A/C power connector on the back of the printer.



3. Plug the male end of the A/C power cord into an appropriate power outlet.

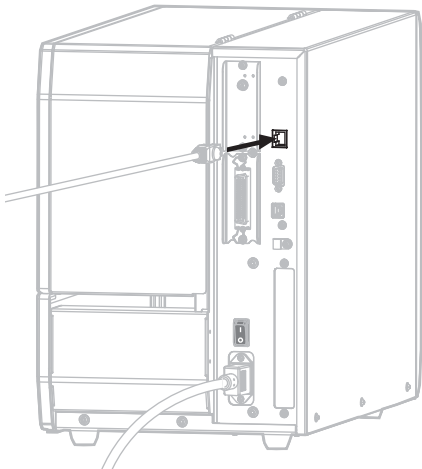


4. Turn on (I) the printer.



The printer boots up.

5. Connect the printer to an Ethernet cable that is connected to your network.



The printer attempts to communicate with your network. If it is successful, it fills in your LAN’s gateway and subnet values and gets an IP address. The printer display will alternate between the printer’s firmware version and its IP address.

6. Check the display to see if an IP address was assigned to the printer. See [WIRED IP ADDRESS](#) on page 143.

If the printer’s IP address is...	Then...
0.0.0.0 or 000.000.000.000	Continue with <a href="#">Configuring the printer with your LAN information (if necessary)</a> on page 85.
any other value	Continue with <a href="#">Adding a Printer from the Zebra Setup Utilities Screen</a> on page 86.



**Configuring the printer with your LAN information (if necessary)**

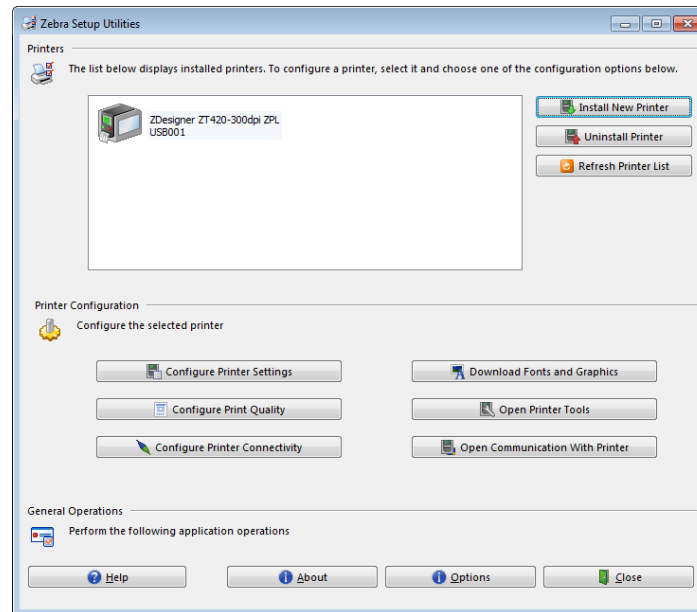
If your printer connected to your network automatically, you do not need to complete this section. Continue with [Adding a Printer from the Zebra Setup Utilities Screen on page 86](#).

7. Connect the printer to your computer using a USB, serial, or optional parallel port as instructed in [Connect a Computer to the Printer's USB Port on page 71](#) or [Connect a Computer to the Printer's Serial or Parallel Port on page 75](#).
8. Configure the following printer settings. You can change the values through the Zebra Setup Utilities (click Configure Printer Connectivity on the Zebra Setup Utilities screen) or by the ways listed at the following links. Contact your network administrator for the proper values for your network.
  - [WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 146](#) (change the value from ALL to PERMANENT)
  - [WIRED GATEWAY on page 145](#) (match the gateway value of your LAN)
  - [WIRED SUBNET MASK on page 144](#) (match the subnet value of your LAN)
  - [WIRED IP ADDRESS on page 143](#) (assign a unique IP address to the printer)

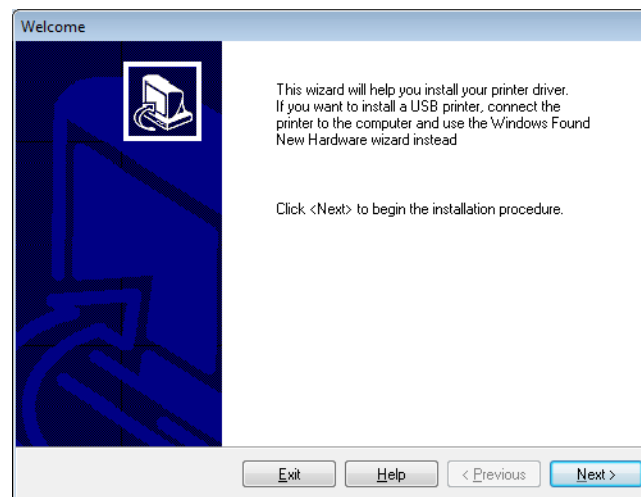
### Adding a Printer from the Zebra Setup Utilities Screen

9. If necessary, open the Zebra Setup Utilities program.  
The Zebra Setup Utilities screen displays.

**Figure 12 • Zebra Setup Utilities Screen**

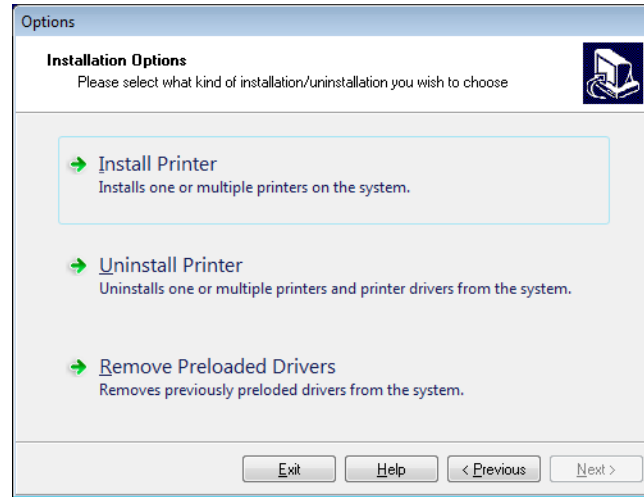


10. Click Install New Printer.  
The printer driver wizard displays.



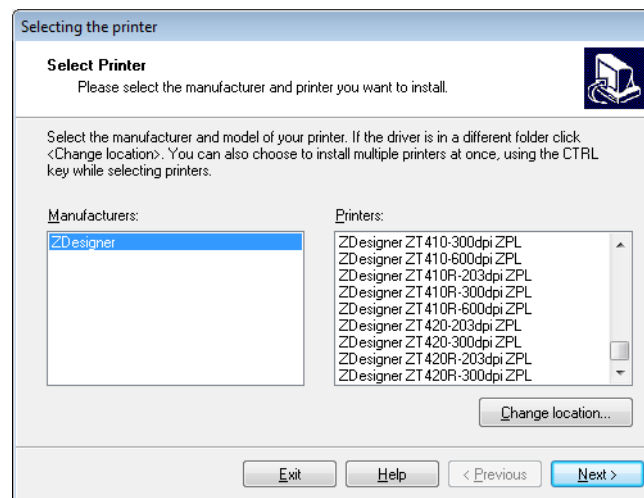
11. Click Next.

You are prompted to select an installation option.



12. Click Install Printer.

You are prompted to select a printer type.



13. Select your printer model and resolution.

The model and resolution are on a part number sticker on the printer, usually located below the media spindle. The information will be in the following format:

Part Number: XXXXXxY - xxxxxxxx

where

XXXXX = the printer model

Y = the printer resolution (2 = 203 dpi, 3 = 300 dpi, 6 = 600 dpi)

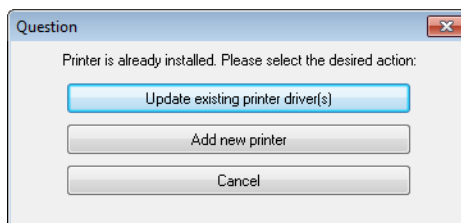
For example, in the part number **ZT620x3** - xxxxxxxx

**ZT620** indicates that the printer is a ZT620 model

**3** indicates that the printhead resolution is 300 dpi

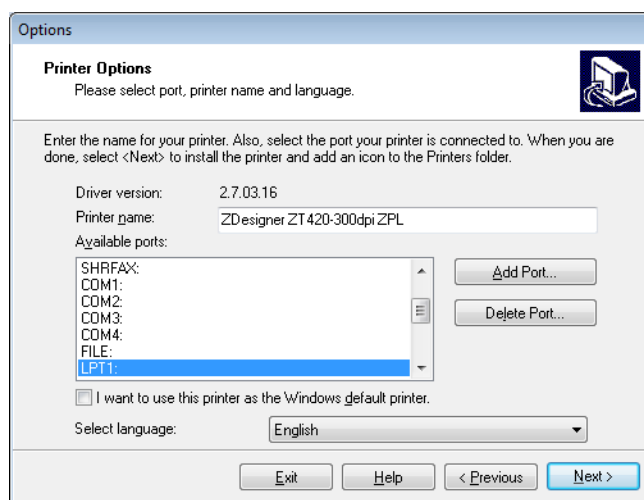
**14. Click Next.**

You are notified that the printer is already installed.



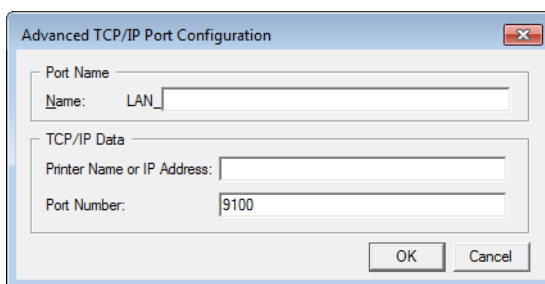
**15. Click Add new printer.**

You are prompted for a printer name, the port to which the printer will be connected, and the language for the printer display.



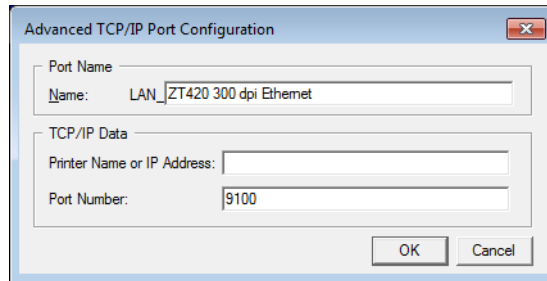
**16. Click Add Port.**

The wizard prompts you for a name for the port and the IP address of your printer.



**Note •** If you have other applications open, you may be prompted that the driver is locked by another process. You may click Next to continue or Exit to allow you to save your work before continuing with this installation.

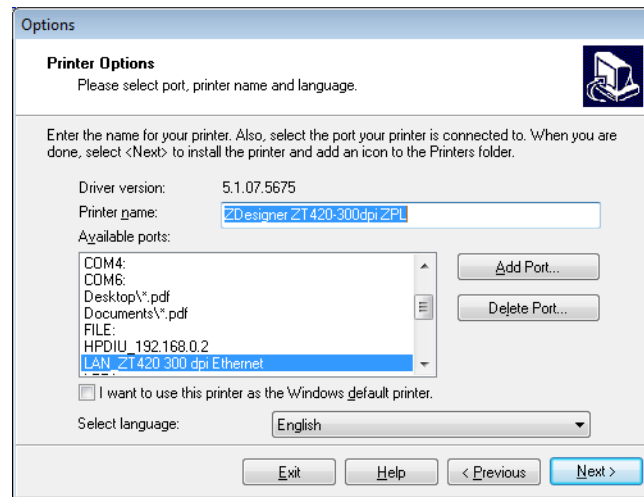
17. Give the port a name that you can recognize when it appears in the list of available ports.



18. Enter the printer's IP address. This could be one that was assigned automatically or one that you specified manually in the previous section.

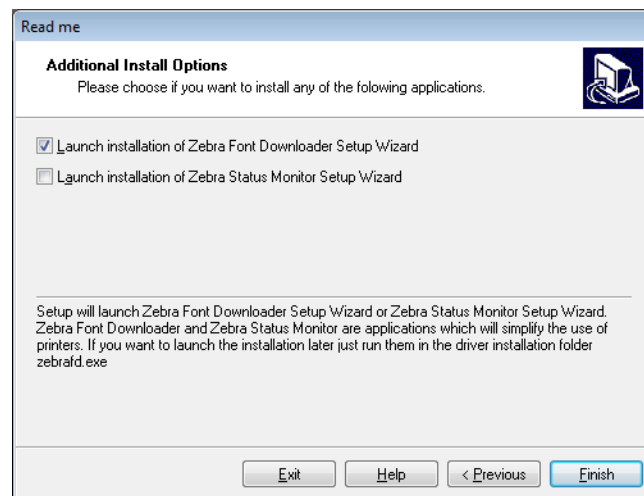
19. Click OK.

A printer driver is created with the port name that you assigned. The new printer port appears in the list of available ports.



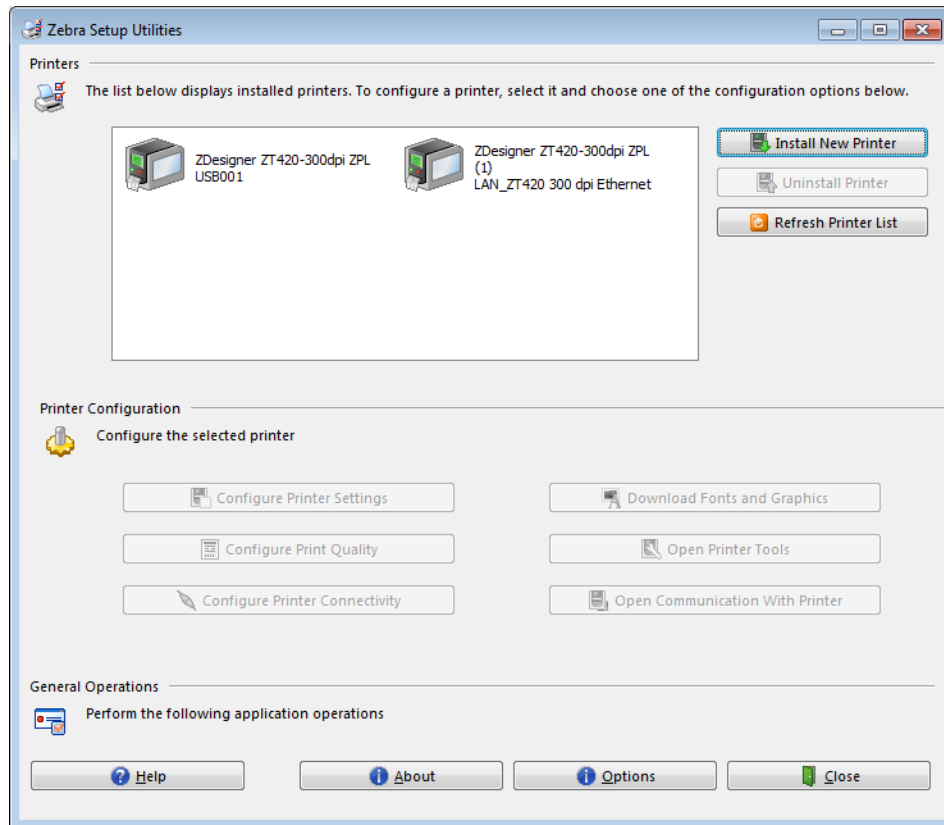
20. Click Next.

You are prompted to launch other setup wizards.



21. Check the desired options, and then click Finish.

The printer driver is installed. If you are prompted that other programs might be affected, click the appropriate option to continue.



**The installation for wired (Ethernet) connections is complete.**

## Connect the Printer to Your Wireless Network

If you wish to use the printer's optional wireless print server, you must first connect the printer to your computer using one of the other available connections. While the printer is connected via one of those connections, you configure the printer to communicate with your Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) through the wireless print server.

For additional information about Zebra print servers, refer to the *ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Server User Guide*. To download the latest version of this guide, go to <http://www.zebra.com/zt600-info>.

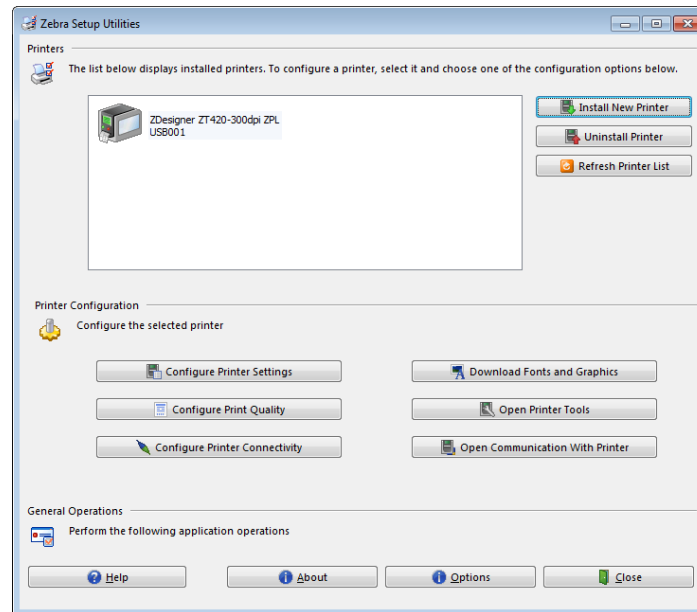


### To connect the printer to your computer by an optional wireless print server, complete these steps:

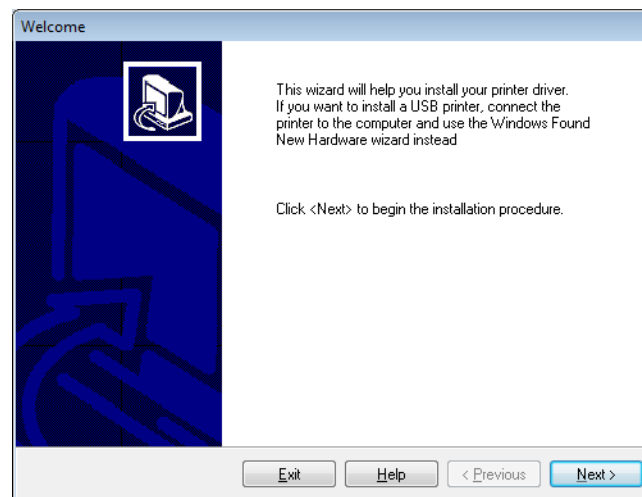
1. Install Zebra Setup Utilities as instructed in [Install Zebra Setup Utilities on page 62](#).
2. Connect the printer to your computer using a USB, serial, or optional parallel port as instructed in [Connect a Computer to the Printer's USB Port on page 71](#) or [Connect a Computer to the Printer's Serial or Parallel Port on page 75](#).
3. Configure the following printer settings. You can change the values through the Zebra Setup Utilities (click Configure Printer Connectivity on the Zebra Setup Utilities screen) or by the ways listed at the following links. Contact your network administrator for the proper values for your network.
  - [WLAN IP PROTOCOL on page 151](#) (change the value from ALL to PERMANENT)
  - [WLAN GATEWAY on page 150](#) (match the gateway value of your WLAN)
  - [WLAN SUBNET MASK on page 149](#) (match the subnet value of your WLAN)
  - [WLAN IP ADDRESS on page 148](#) (assign a unique IP address to the printer)

**Adding a Printer from the Zebra Setup Utilities Screen**

4. If necessary, open the Zebra Setup Utilities program.  
The Zebra Setup Utilities screen displays.

**Figure 13 • Zebra Setup Utilities Screen**

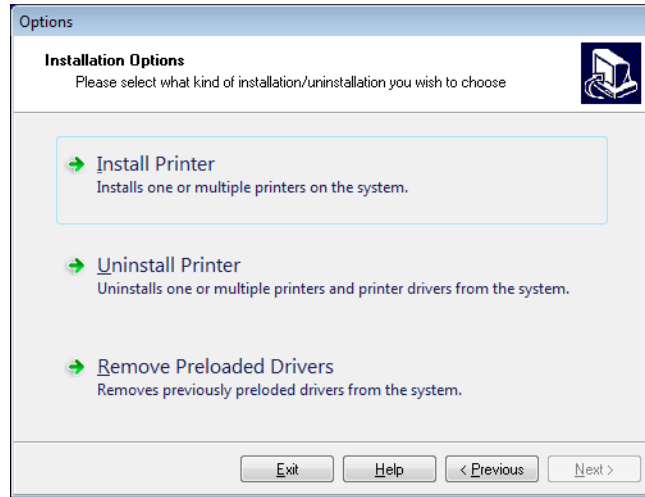
5. Click Install New Printer.  
The printer driver wizard displays.





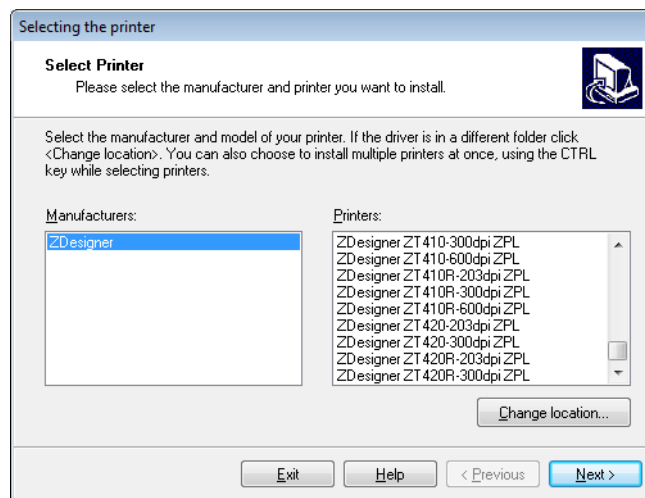
6. Click Next.

You are prompted to select an installation option.



7. Click Install Printer.

You are prompted to select a printer type.



8. Select your printer model and resolution.

The model and resolution are on a part number sticker on the printer, usually located below the media spindle. The information will be in the following format:

Part Number: XXXXXxY - xxxxxxxx

where

XXXXX = the printer model

Y = the printer resolution (2 = 203 dpi, 3 = 300 dpi, 6 = 600 dpi)

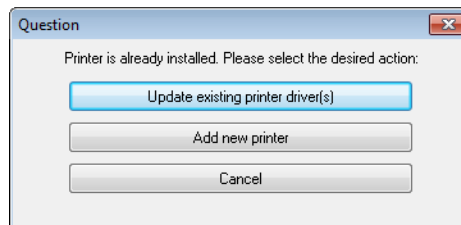
For example, in the part number **ZT620x3** - xxxxxxxx

**ZT620** indicates that the printer is a ZT620 model

**3** indicates that the printhead resolution is 300 dpi

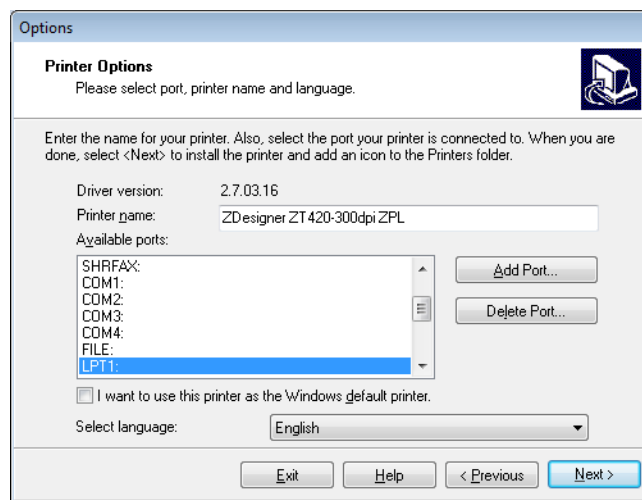
**9. Click Next.**

You are notified that the printer is already installed.



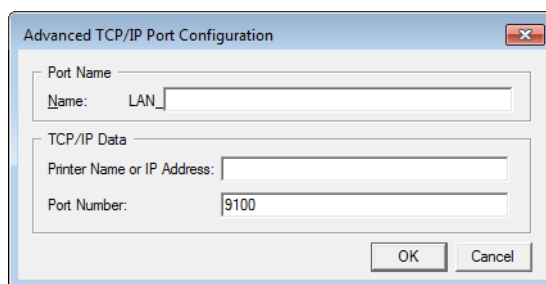
**10. Click Add new printer.**

You are prompted for a printer name, the port to which the printer will be connected, and the language for the printer display.



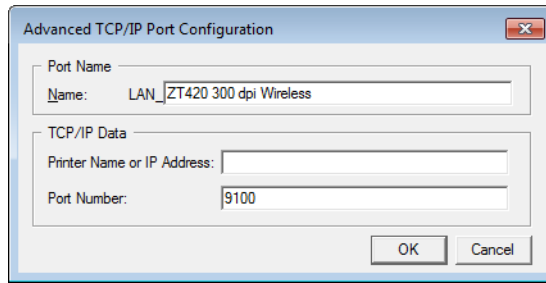
**11. Click Add Port.**

The wizard prompts you for a name for the port and the IP address of your printer.



**Note •** If you have other applications open, you may be prompted that the driver is locked by another process. You may click Next to continue or Exit to allow you to save your work before continuing with this installation.

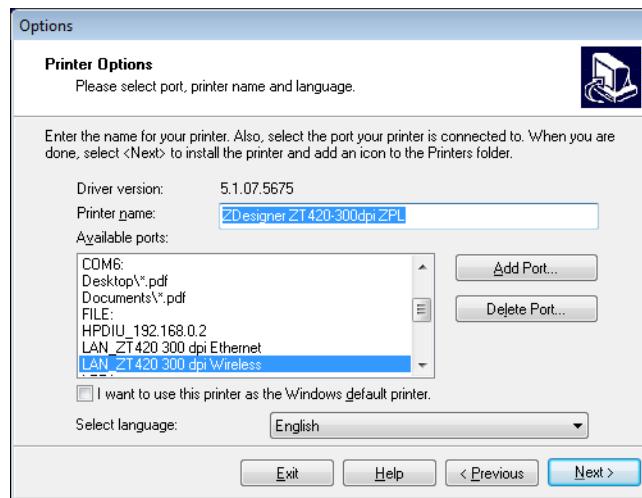
12. Give the port a name that you can recognize when it appears in the list of available ports.



13. Enter the printer's IP address. This could be one that was assigned automatically or one that you specified manually in the previous section.

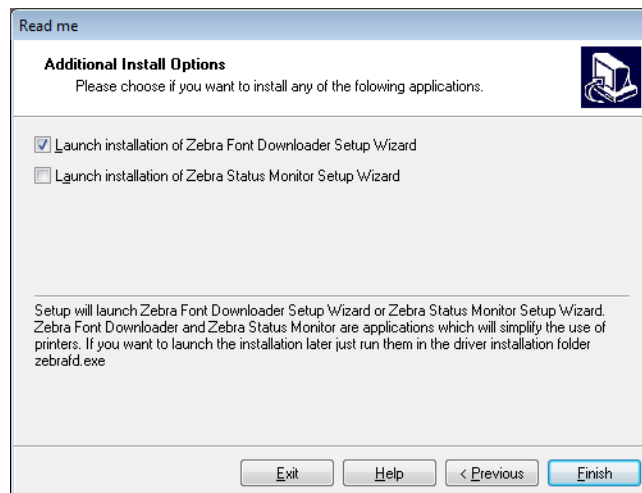
14. Click OK.

A printer driver is created with the port name that you assigned. The new printer port appears in the list of available ports.



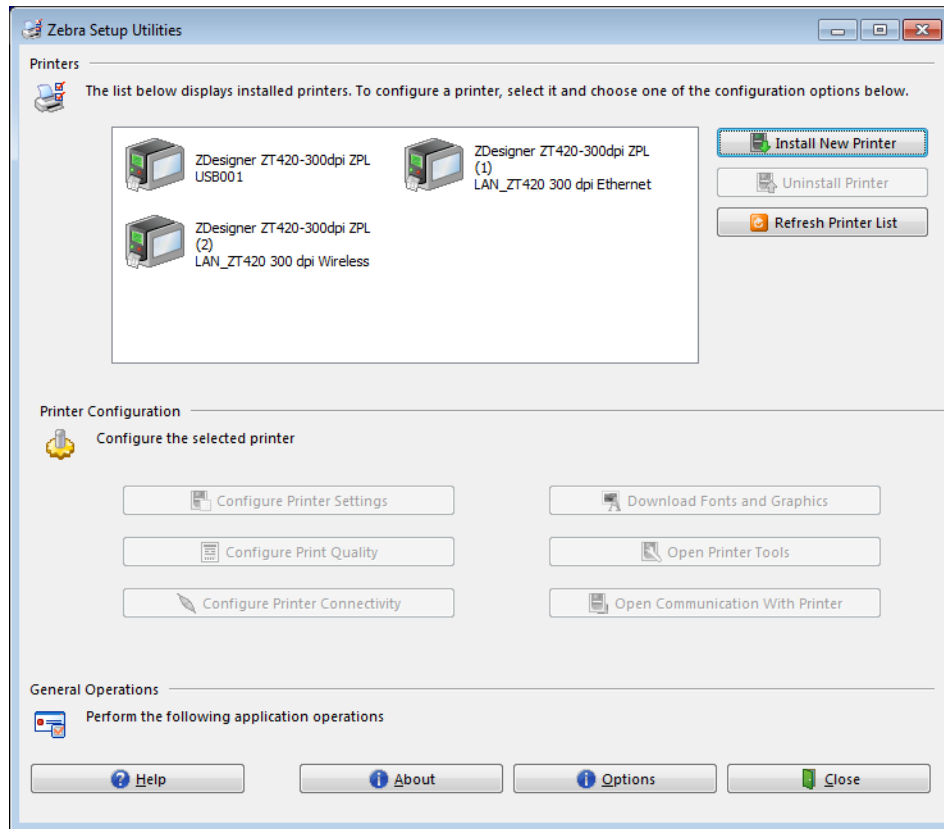
15. Click Next.

You are prompted to launch other setup wizards.



16. Check the desired options, and then click Finish.

The printer driver is installed. If you are prompted that other programs might be affected, click the appropriate option to continue.



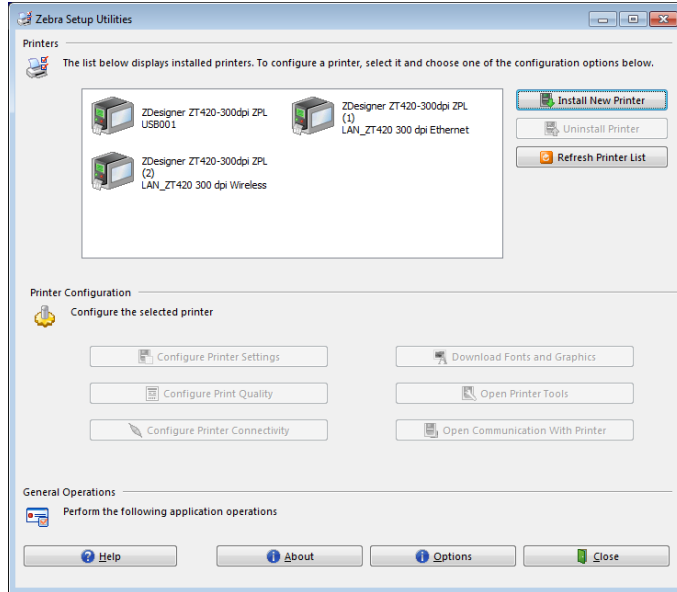
**The installation for wireless communication is complete.**

## Print a Test Label and Make Adjustments

After you have loaded media, loaded ribbon (if using Thermal Transfer media), installed the printer driver, and connected your printer to your computer, use the directions in this section to print a test label. Printing this label allows you to see if your connection is working and if you need to adjust any of the printer settings.

**To print a test label and adjust the printer (if necessary), complete these steps:**

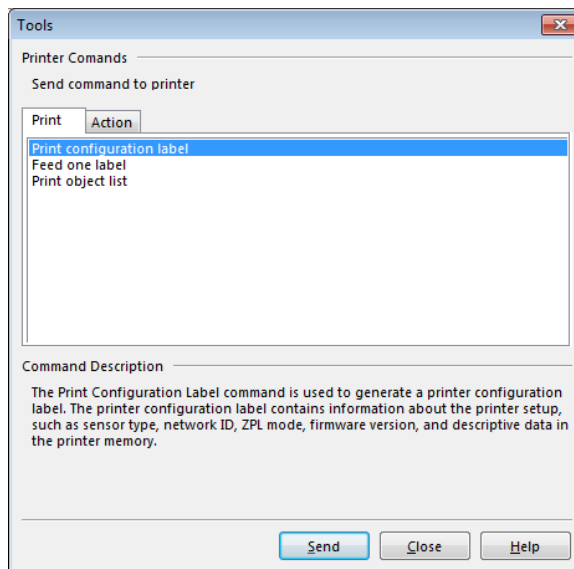
1. Open the Zebra Setup Utilities to return to the Zebra Setup Utilities screen.



2. Click on one of the available print drivers for your printer.

3. Click Open Printer Tools.

The Tools window displays the available printer commands.



4. Click Send to print a printer configuration label.

If your connection is working correctly and your printer is correctly loaded with media and ribbon (if used), a printer configuration label prints.

**Figure 14 • Sample Printer Configuration Label**

PRINTER CONFIGURATION	
Zebra Technologies ZTC ZT620R-203dpi ZPL 76J162700886	
+30.0.....	DARKNESS
6.0 IPS.....	PRINT SPEED
-007.....	TEAR OFF
CONTINUOUS.....	PRINT MODE
TRANSMISSIVE.....	MEDIA TYPE
DIRECT-THERMAL.....	SENSOR SELECT
1344.....	PRINT METHOD
2000.....	PRINT WIDTH
P1085892/00005 2.....	LABEL LENGTH
15.0IN 380MM.....	PRINT HEAD ID
MAINT. OFF.....	MAXIMUM LENGTH
CONNECTED.....	EARLY WARNING
BIDIRECTIONAL.....	USB COMM.
RS232.....	PARALLEL COMM.
9600.....	SERIAL COMM.
8 BITS.....	BAUD
NONE.....	DATA BITS
XON/XOFF.....	PARITY
NONE.....	HOST HANDSHAKE
NORMAL MODE.....	PROTOCOL
<~> 7EH.....	COMMUNICATIONS
<~> 5EH.....	CONTROL PREFIX
<~> 2CH.....	FORMAT PREFIX
ZPL II.....	DELIMITER CHAR
INACTIVE.....	ZPL MODE
FEED.....	COMMAND OVERRIDE
LENGTH.....	MEDIA POWER UP
DEFAULT.....	HEAD CLOSE
+000.....	BACKFEED
+0000.....	LABEL TOP
OFF.....	LEFT POSITION
ENABLED.....	APPLICATOR PORT
PULSE MODE.....	ERROR ON PAUSE
DISABLED.....	START PRINT SIG
080.....	REPRINT MODE
090.....	WEB SENSOR
255.....	MEDIA SENSOR
027.....	TAKE LABEL
027.....	MARK SENSOR
000.....	MARK MED SENSOR
005.....	TRANS GAIN
060.....	TRANS BASE
002.....	TRANS LED
100.....	MARK GAIN
DPCHWFXM.....	MARK LED
1344 8/MM FULL.....	MODES ENABLED
4.0.....	MODES DISABLED
V80.20.03 <-.....	RESOLUTION
1.3.....	LINK-OS VERSION
6.6.0 22.89.....	FIRMWARE
32768k.....R:	XML SCHEMA
524288k.....E:	HARDWARE ID
NONE.....	RAM
MM/DD/YYYY 24HR.....	ONBOARD FLASH
05/11/17.....	FORMAT CONVERT
06:40.....	IDLE DISPLAY
ENABLED.....	RTC DATE
2.1.....	RTC TIME
READY.....	ZBI
TH:M6E MICRO.....	ZBI VERSION
20.00.00.01.....	ZBI STATUS
01.03.00.18.....	RFID READER
USA/CANADA.....	RFID HW VERSION
USA/CANADA.....	RFID FW VERSION
RFID OK.....	RFID REGION CODE
16.....	RFID COUNTRY CODE
16.....	RFID ERR STATUS
F0.....	RFID READ PWR
0.....	RFID WRITE PWR
0.....	PROG. POSITION
NONE.....	RFID VALID CTR
570 LABELS.....	RFID VOID CTR
570 LABELS.....	ADAPTIVE ANTENNA
570 LABELS.....	RFID ANTENNA
2.798 IN.....	NONRESET CNTR
2.798 IN.....	RESET CNTR1
7.107 CM.....	RESET CNTR2
7.107 CM.....	NONRESET CNTR
7.107 CM.....	RESET CNTR1
001 WIRELESS.....	RESET CNTR2
*** EMPTY.....	SLOT 1
0.....	SLOT 2
0.....	MASS STORAGE COUNT
OFF.....	HID COUNT
0.....	USB HOST LOCK OUT
FIRMWARE IN THIS PRINTER IS COPYRIGHTED	

5. Did the printer configuration label print, and is the print quality acceptable?

If...	Then...
The label printed and the print quality is acceptable	Your printer is ready for printing. Continue with the label designer program of your choice. You may use ZebraDesigner™, which you can download from <a href="http://www.zebra.com">http://www.zebra.com</a> .
The label did not print	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Close the Tools window and make sure that you selected the correct printer driver before you click Open Printer Tools. Try printing the label again.</li> <li>If the label still did not print, check the connections between your printer and your computer or your printer and your network.</li> <li>If necessary, modify the printer's settings to make them match your computer's settings.</li> </ol>
The label prints, but with poor quality or other issues	See <i>Diagnostics and Troubleshooting</i> on page 227.



Notes •



# Printer Configuration and Adjustment

This section assists you with configuration of and adjustments to the printer.

**Contents**

Adjust Printer Settings . . . . .	102
Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors . . . . .	192
Adjust the Printhead Pressure and Toggle Position . . . . .	198
Adjust the Sensor Position . . . . .	204
Remove Used Ribbon . . . . .	205
Install the Rewind/Liner Take-Up Plate . . . . .	207

## Adjust Printer Settings

This section presents the printer settings that you can change and identifies the tools for changing them. These tools include the following:

- The printer's **user menus**  
See the information that follows in this section.
- ZPL and Set/Get/Do (SGD) commands  
See the *Zebra® Programming Guide* for more information.
- The printer's **web pages** when the printer has an active wired or wireless print server connection  
See the *ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Servers User Guide* for more information.

Copies of the referenced manuals are available at <http://www.zebra.com/manuals>.

**User Menus** The following are the printer's user menus and the menu items that appear in each. Click any menu item to go to its description. For navigation instructions, see [Navigating through Screens in the Standard Display on page 19](#).



## SETTINGS

- DARKNESS
- PRINT SPEED
- MEDIA TYPE
- PRINT METHOD
- TEAR OFF
- PRINT WIDTH
- PRINT MODE
- LABEL TOP
- LEFT POSITION
- REPRINT MODE
- LABEL LENGTH MAX
- COVER OPEN LIGHT
- MEDIA PATH LIGHTS
- RIBBON PATH LIGHTS
- LANGUAGE\*\*
- TOOLS MENU\*



## TOOLS

- PRINT INFORMATION\*\*
- IDLE DISPLAY
- POWER UP ACTION
- HEAD CLOSE ACTION
- LOAD DEFAULTS
- MEDIA/RIBBON CAL\*\*
- DIAGNOSTIC MODE
- ENERGY STAR
- CONFIG INFO TO USB
- ZBI ENABLED?
- RUN ZBI PROGRAM
- STOP ZBI PROGRAM
- PRINT USB FILE
- COPY USB FILE TO E:
- STORE E: FILE TO USB
- PRINT STATION
- PASSWORD PROTECT
- APPLCTR ERR: PAUSE
- PRINT TEST FORMAT
- NETWORK MENU\*



## NETWORK

- ACTIVE PRINT SERVER
- PRIMARY NETWORK
- WIRED IP ADDRESS
- WIRED SUBNET MASK
- WIRED GATEWAY
- WIRED IP PROTOCOL
- WIRED MAC ADDRESS
- WLAN IP ADDRESS
- WLAN SUBNET MASK
- WLAN GATEWAY
- WLAN IP PROTOCOL
- WLAN MAC ADDRESS
- ESSID
- CHANNEL
- SIGNAL
- IP PORT
- IP ALTERNATE PORT
- PRINT INFORMATION\*\*
- RESET NETWORK
- VISIBILITY AGENT
- LOAD DEFAULTS
- RFID MENU\*



## RFID

- RFID STATUS
- RFID CALIBRATE
- READ RFID DATA
- RFID TEST
- RFID PROGRAM POS.
- RFID ANTENNA
- RFID READ POWER
- RFID WRITE POWER
- RFID VALID COUNT
- RFID VOID COUNT
- LANGUAGE MENU\*

\* Denotes a shortcut to the next user menu.

\*\* Appears in multiple user menus for your convenience.



LANGUAGE

- LANGUAGE\*\*
- COMMAND LANGUAGE
- COMMAND CHAR
- CONTROL CHAR
- DELIMITER CHAR
- ZPL MODE
- VIRTUAL DEVICE
- SENSORS MENU\*



SENSORS

- SENSOR TYPE
- MEDIA/RIBBON CAL\*\*
- PRINT INFORMATION\*\*
- SELF ADJUST SENSOR
- LABEL SENSOR
- TAKE LABEL
- PORTS MENU\*



PORTS

- BAUD RATE
- DATA BITS
- PARITY
- HOST HANDSHAKE
- WML
- BLUETOOTH MENU\*



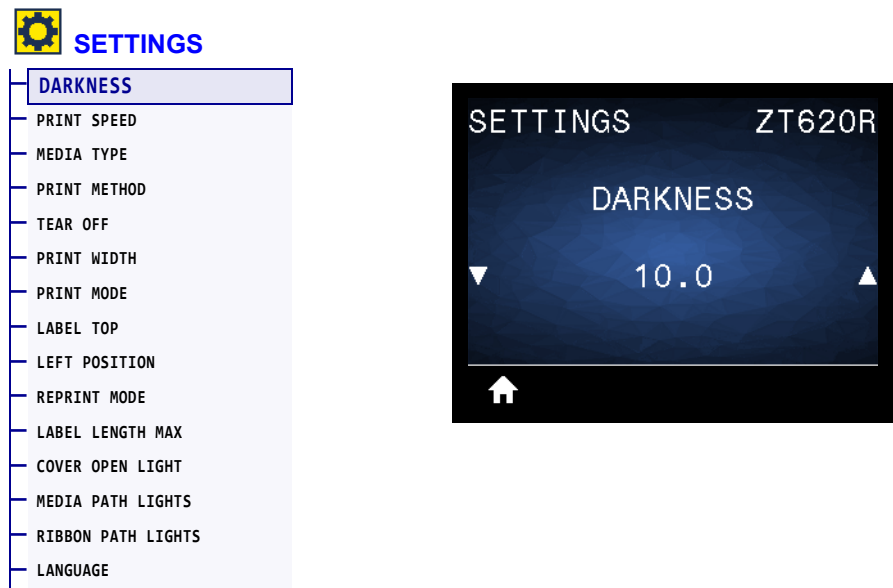
BLUETOOTH

- BLUETOOTH ADDRESS
- MODE
- DISCOVERY
- CONNECTED
- BT SPEC VERSION
- MIN SECURITY MODE
- SETTINGS MENU\*

\* Denotes a shortcut to the next user menu.

\*\* Appears in multiple user menus for your convenience.

SETTINGS > DARKNESS

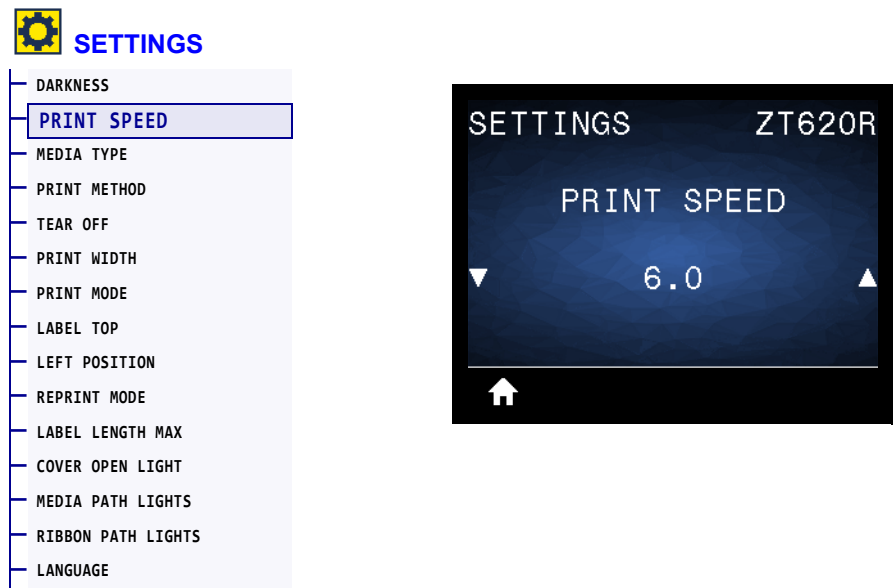


Set the print darkness to the lowest setting that provides good print quality. If you set the darkness too high, the label image may print unclearly, barcodes may not scan correctly, the ribbon may burn through, or the printhead may wear prematurely.

If desired, use the [Optimal Darkness and Speed Test on page 237](#) to determine the best darkness setting.

Accepted values:	0.0 to 30.0
Related ZPL command(s):	^MD, ~SD
SGD command used:	print.tone
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Darkness

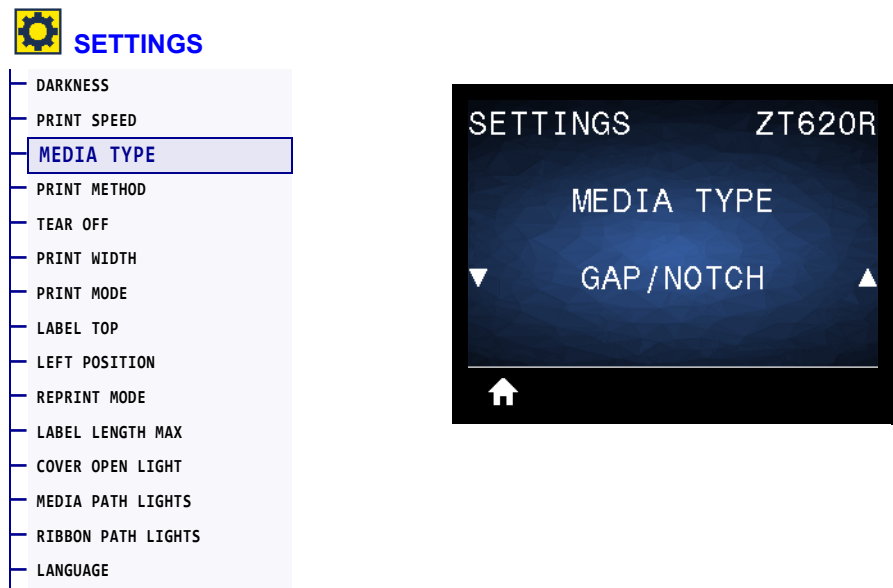
SETTINGS > PRINT SPEED



Select the speed, in inches per second (ips), for printing a label. Slower print speeds typically yield better print quality.

Accepted values:	ZT610 203 dpi = 2 to 14 ips ZT610 300 dpi = 2 to 12 ips ZT610 600 dpi = 1 to 6 ips ZT620 203 dpi = 2 to 12 ips ZT620 300 dpi = 2 to 8 ips
Related ZPL command(s):	^PR
SGD command used:	media.speed

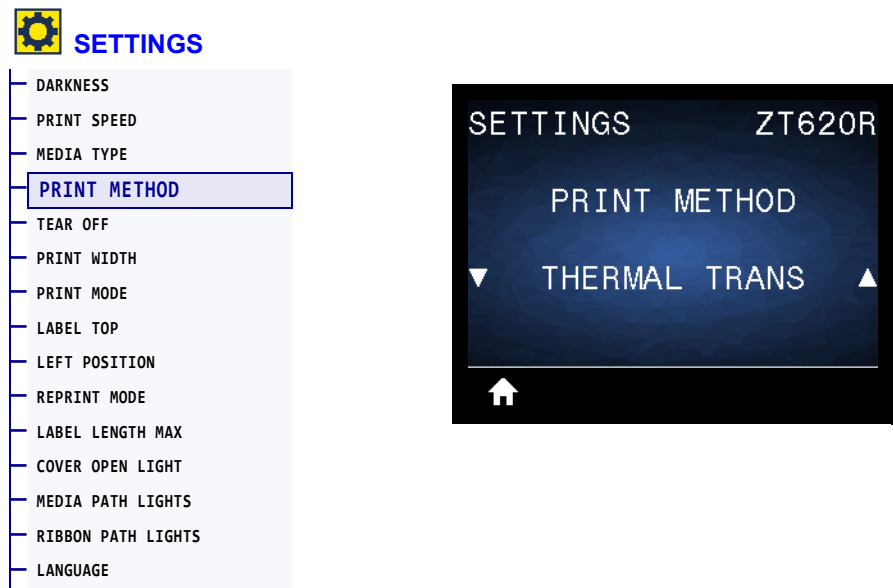
SETTINGS > MEDIA TYPE



Select the type of media that you are using.

Accepted values:	<div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>CONTINUOUS</li><li>GAP/NOTCH</li><li>MARK</li></ul></div> <div>If you select <b>CONTINUOUS</b>, you must include a label length in your label format (^LL if you are using ZPL). If you select <b>GAP/NOTCH</b> or <b>MARK</b> for various noncontinuous media, the printer feeds media to calculate the label length.</div> <div>See <i>Types of Media</i> on page 22 for more information.</div>
Related ZPL command(s):	^MN
SGD command used:	ezpl.media_type
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Media Type

SETTINGS > PRINT METHOD

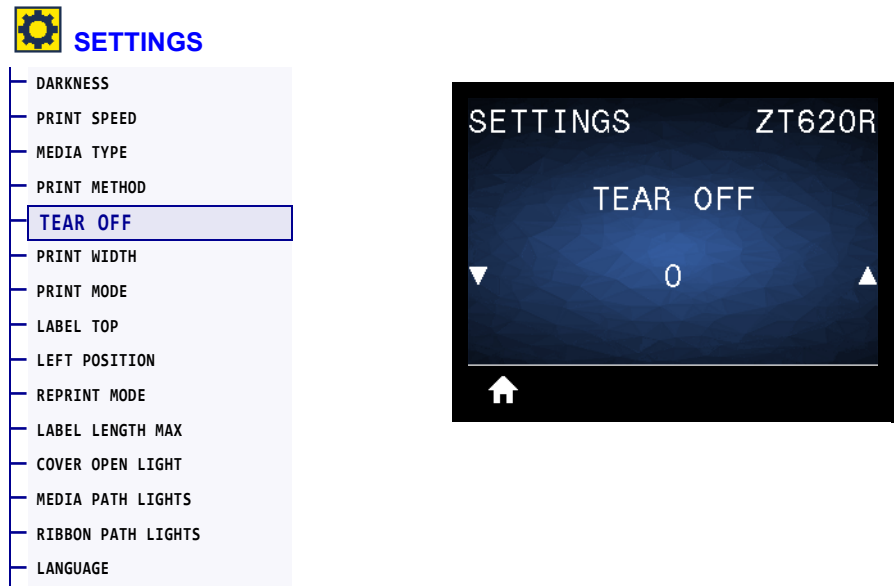


Specify if the printer needs to use ribbon for printing.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>THERMAL TRANS—Uses ribbon and thermal transfer media.</li><li>DIRECT THERMAL—Uses direct thermal media and no ribbon.</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^MT
SGD command used:	ezpl.print_method
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Print Method

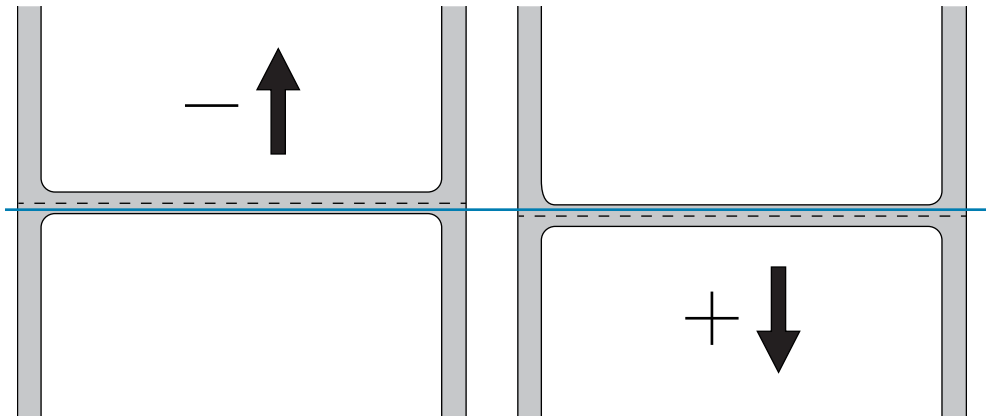


SETTINGS > TEAR OFF



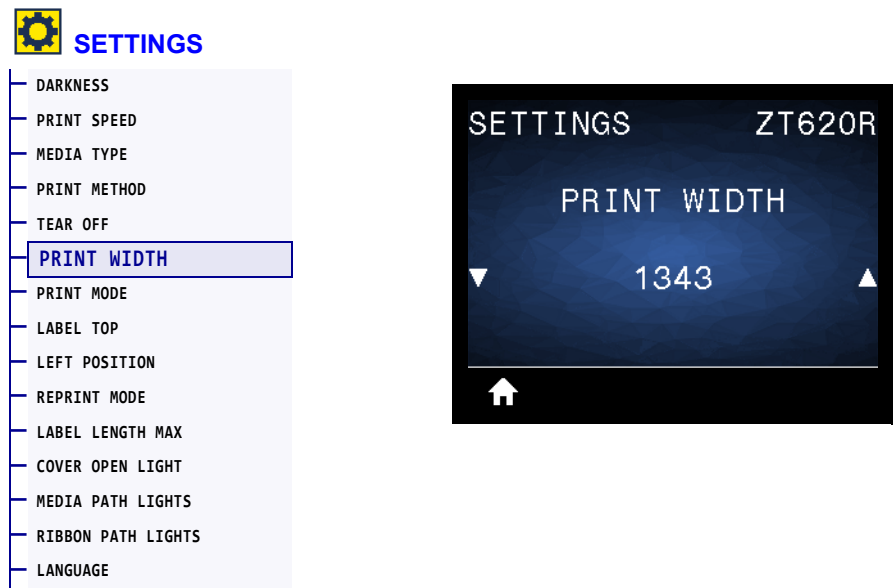
If necessary, shift the position of the media over the tear-off bar after printing.

- Lower numbers move the media into the printer by the specified number of dots (the tear line moves closer to the edge of the label just printed).
- Higher numbers move the media out of the printer (the tear line moves closer to the leading edge of the next label).




Accepted values:	-120 to 120
Related ZPL command(s):	~TA
SGD command used:	ezpl.tear_off
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Tear Off

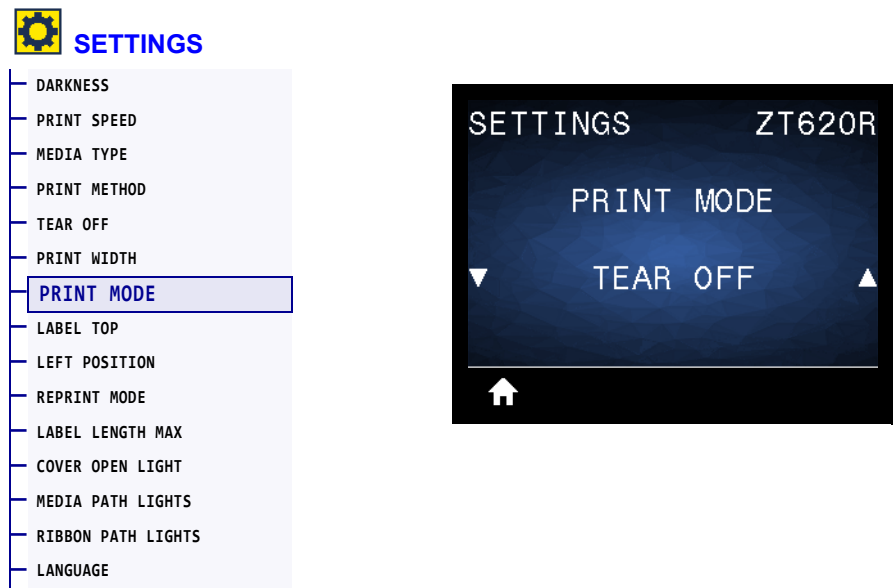
SETTINGS > PRINT WIDTH



Specify the width of the labels being used, in dots. The default value is the maximum width for the printer, based on the printhead’s DPI value.

Accepted values:	<div> <b>Note</b> • Setting the width too narrow can result in portions of a label format not being printed on the media. Setting the width too wide wastes formatting memory and can cause the printer to print off of the label and onto the platen roller. This setting can affect the horizontal position of the label format if the image was inverted using the <b>^POI</b> ZPL II command.</div> <div>ZT610 203 dpi = 0002 to 832</div> <div>ZT610 300 dpi = 0002 to 1248</div> <div>ZT610 600 dpi = 0002 to 2496</div> <div>ZT620 203 dpi = 0002 to 1344</div> <div>ZT620 300 dpi = 0002 to 1984</div>
Related ZPL command(s):	<b>^PW</b>
SGD command used:	<b>ezpl.print_width</b>
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Print Width

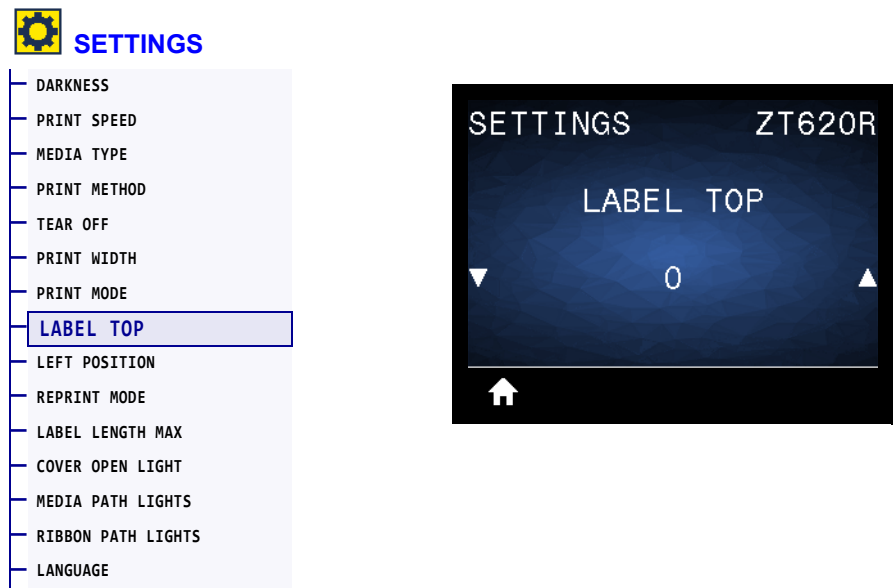
SETTINGS > PRINT MODE



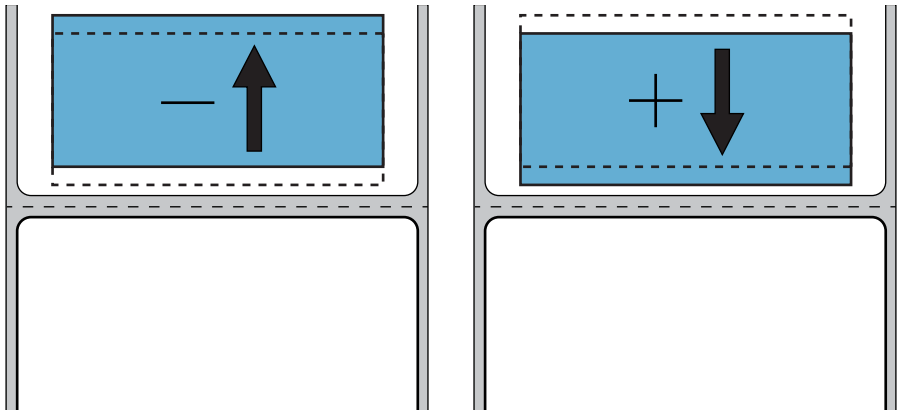
Select a print mode that is compatible with your printer options. For information about how the print mode selections work with different printer options, see [Select a Print Mode on page 31](#).

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• TEAR OFF</li><li>• PEEL-OFF</li><li>• REWIND</li><li>• CUTTER</li><li>• DELAYED CUT</li><li>• LINERLESS PEEL</li><li>• LINERLESS REWIND</li><li>• LINERLESS TEAR</li><li>• APPLICATOR</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^MM
SGD command used:	media.printmode
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Print Mode

SETTINGS > LABEL TOP

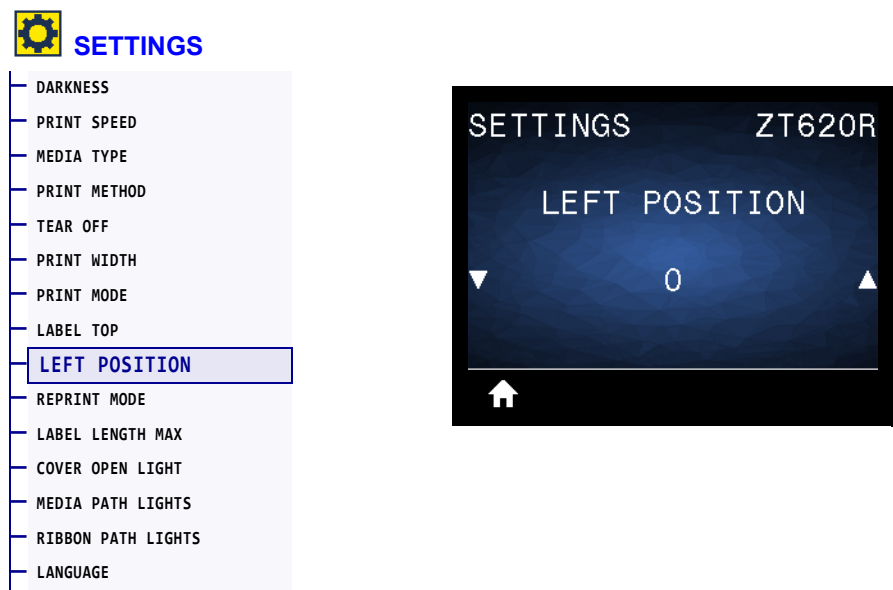


- If necessary, shift the position of the image vertically on the label.
- Negative numbers move the image higher on the label (toward the printhead).
  - Positive numbers move the image farther down on the label (away from the printhead) by the specified number of dots.



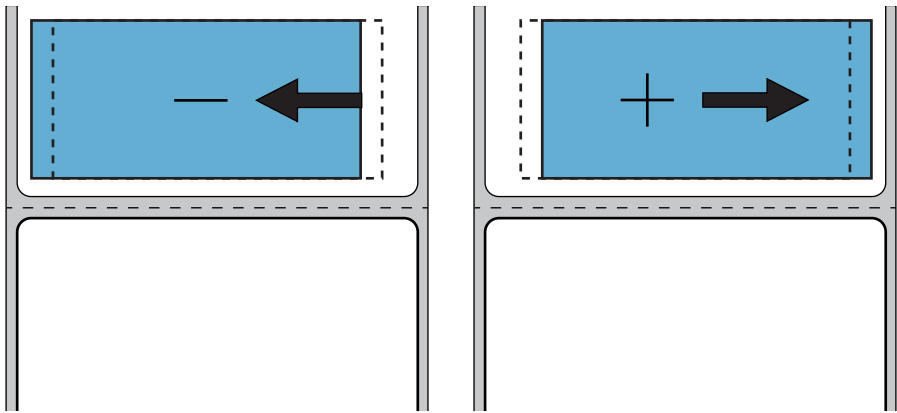
Accepted values:	-120 to +120
Related ZPL command(s):	^LT
SGD command used:	media.printmode
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Print Mode

SETTINGS > LEFT POSITION



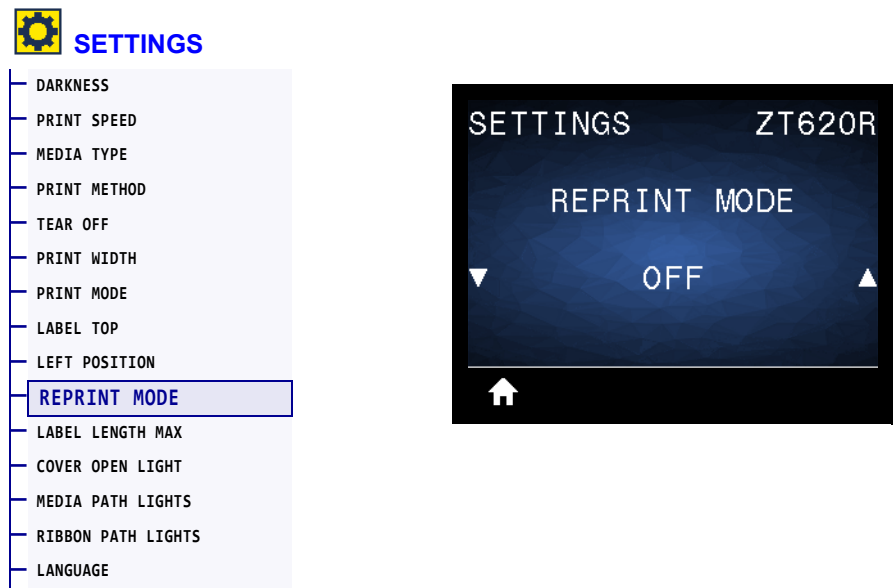
If necessary, shift the position of the image horizontally on the label.

- Negative numbers move the left edge of the image toward the left edge of the label by the number of dots selected.
- Positive numbers move the edge of the image toward the right edge of the label.



Accepted values:	-9999 to 9999
Related ZPL command(s):	^LS
SGD command used:	zpl.left_position
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Advanced Setup > Left Position

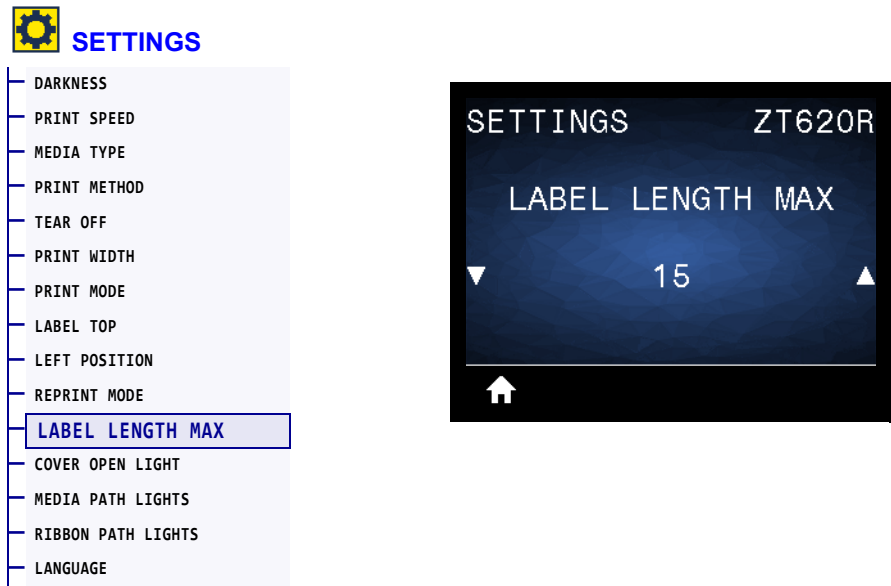
SETTINGS > REPRINT MODE



When reprint mode is enabled, you can reprint the last label printed by pressing and holding PAUSE + CANCEL or by pressing the DOWN ARROW when at the printer’s Idle Display.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ON</li><li>OFF</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^JZ
SGD command used:	ezpl.reprint_mode

SETTINGS > LABEL LENGTH MAX



Set a maximum label length that is at least 1.0 in. (25.4 mm) greater than the actual label length plus the interlabel gap. If you set this value too small, the printer assumes that continuous media is loaded and cannot calibrate.

Accepted values:

0 to the maximum label length supported by the printer

For example, if the label length is 6.0 inches (152 mm) including the interlabel gap, set the parameter for at least 7.0 inches (178 mm).

The diagram shows two identical labels stacked vertically. Dimension 1 is a vertical double-headed arrow indicating the height of one label. Dimension 2 is a horizontal double-headed arrow indicating the gap between the two labels. Dimension 3 is a vertical double-headed arrow indicating the total height of both labels plus the gap between them.

1	Label length (including interlabel gap)
2	Interlabel gap
3	Minimum label length value

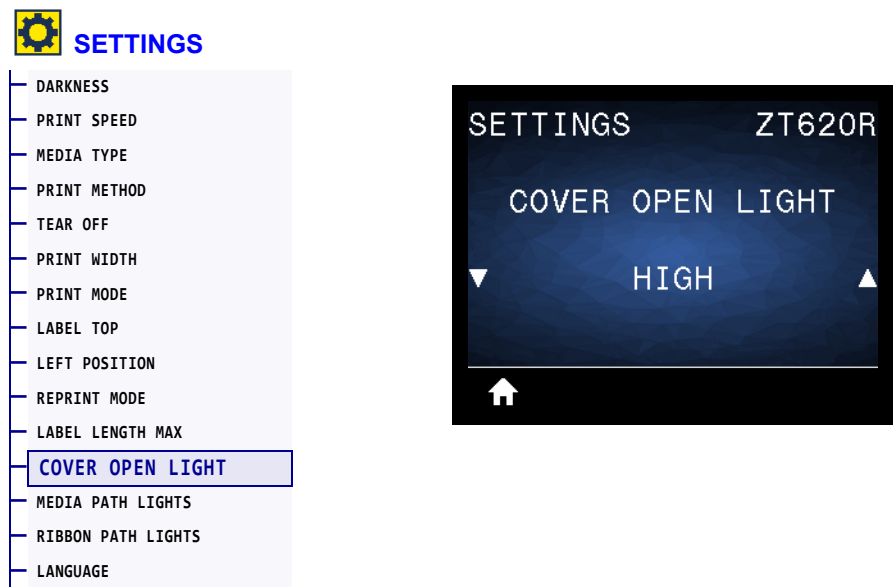
## 116 | Printer Configuration and Adjustment

### Adjust Printer Settings

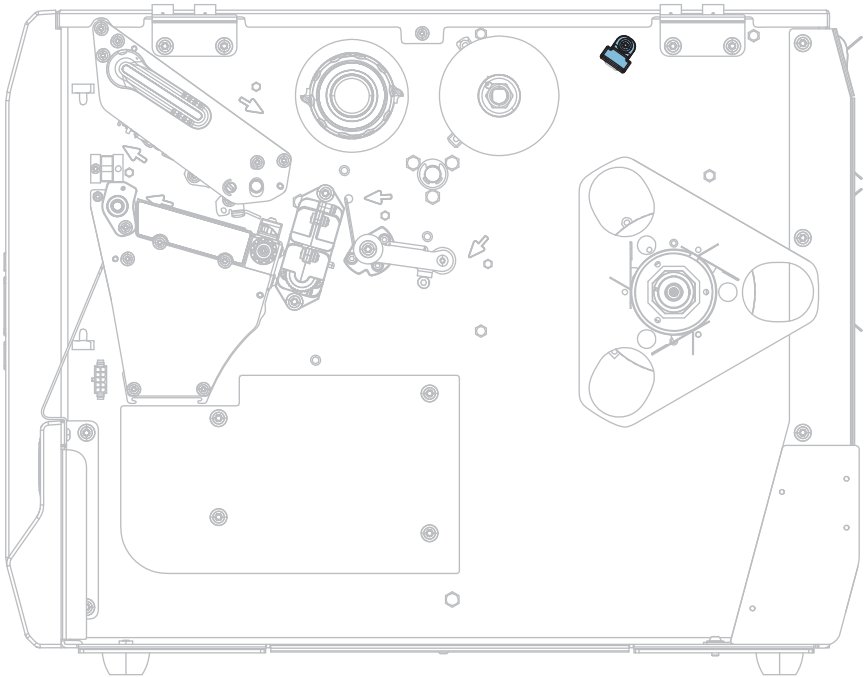
<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^ML
<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.label_length_max
<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Maximum Length



SETTINGS > COVER OPEN LIGHT

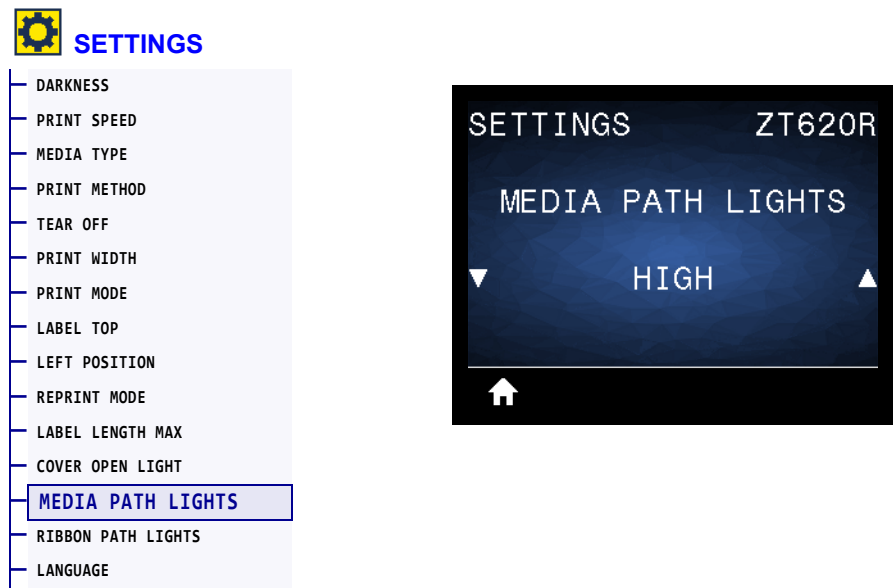


Set the brightness of the light that turns on when the media door is open.

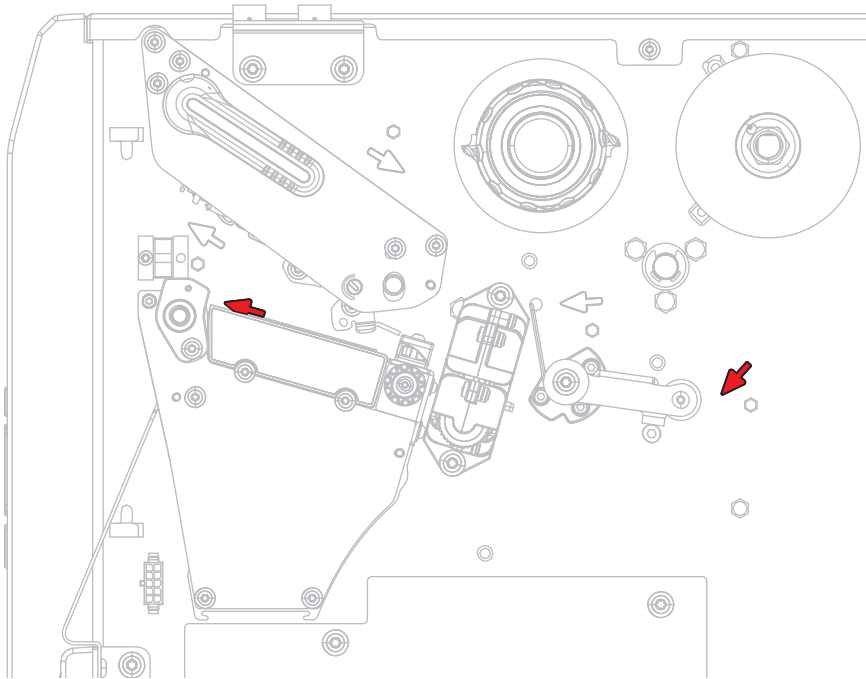


Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>HIGH</li><li>MEDIUM</li><li>LOW</li><li>OFF</li></ul>
SGD command used:	device.light.cover_open_brightness

SETTINGS > MEDIA PATH LIGHTS

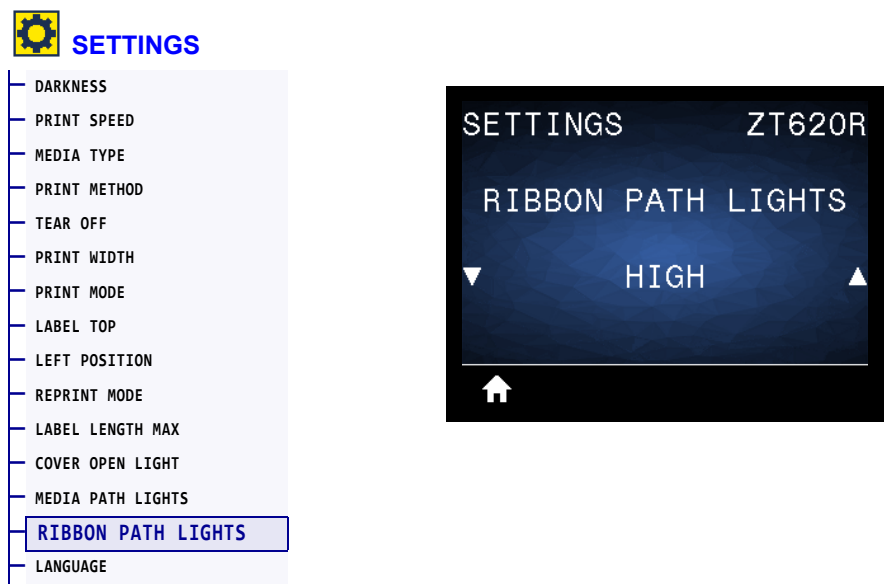


Set the brightness of the lights that illuminate the media path when the media is out.

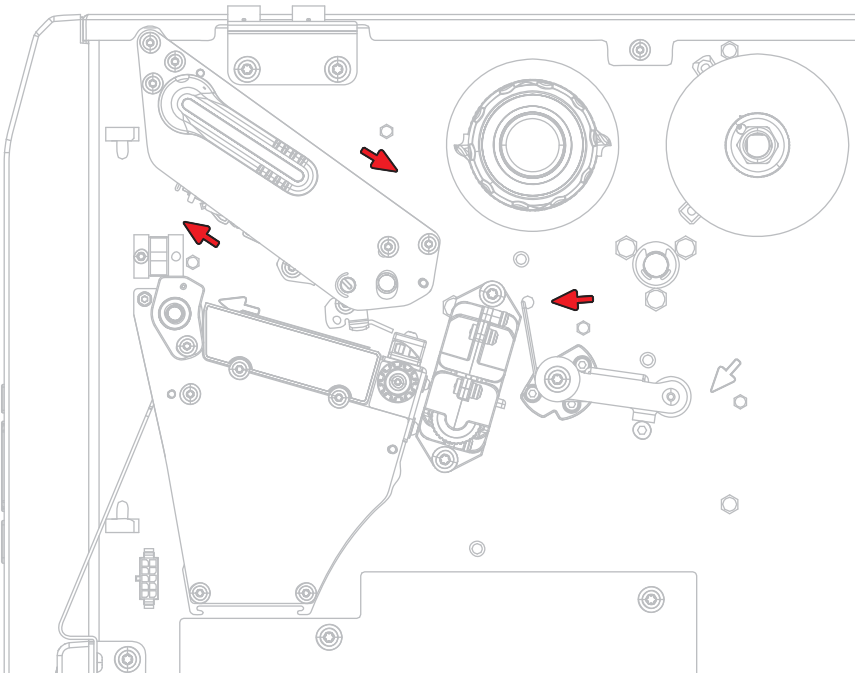


Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>HIGH</li><li>MEDIUM</li><li>LOW</li><li>OFF</li></ul>
SGD command used:	device.light.media_path_brightness

SETTINGS > RIBBON PATH LIGHTS



Set the brightness of the lights that illuminate the ribbon path when the ribbon is out.

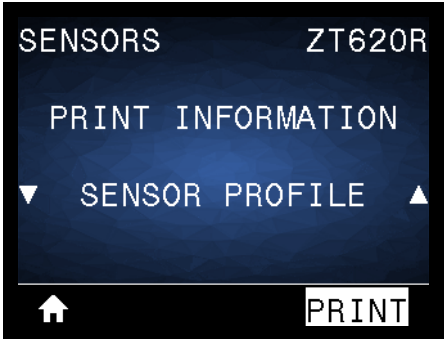
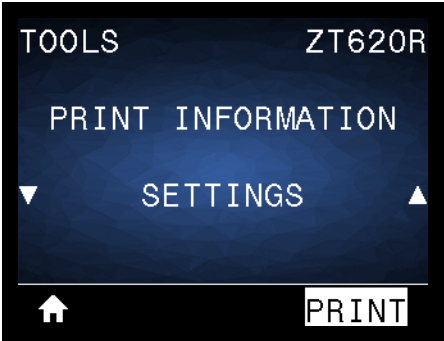


Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HIGH</li><li>• MEDIUM</li><li>• LOW</li><li>• OFF</li></ul>
SGD command used:	<code>device.light.ribbon_path_brightness</code>

TOOLS > PRINT INFORMATION

TOOLS

- PRINT INFORMATION
- IDLE DISPLAY
- POWER UP ACTION
- HEAD CLOSE ACTION
- LOAD DEFAULTS
- MEDIA/RIBBON CAL
- DIAGNOSTIC MODE
- ENERGY STAR
- CONFIG INFO TO USB
- ZBI ENABLED?
- RUN ZBI PROGRAM
- STOP ZBI PROGRAM
- PRINT USB FILE
- COPY USB FILE TO E:
- STORE E: FILE TO USB
- PRINT STATION
- PASSWORD PROTECT
- APPLCTR ERR: PAUSE
- PRINT TEST FORMAT



Print the specified information on one or more labels. This menu item is available through three user menus with different default values for each.

Accepted values:

- **SETTINGS**—Prints a printer configuration label. (See [CONFIG INFO TO USB on page 130](#) for other ways to view this information.) A sample label is shown in [Figure 15 on page 121](#).
- **NETWORK**—Prints the settings for any print server or Bluetooth device that is installed. A sample label is shown in [Figure 16 on page 121](#).
- **FORMATS**—Prints the available formats stored in the printer’s RAM, Flash memory, or optional memory card.
- **IMAGES**—Prints the available images stored in the printer’s RAM, Flash memory, or optional memory card.
- **FONTS**—Prints the available fonts in the printer, including standard printer fonts plus any optional fonts. Fonts may be stored in RAM or Flash memory.
- **BARCODES**—Prints the available barcodes in the printer. Barcodes may be stored in RAM or Flash memory.
- **ALL**—Prints the previous six labels.
- **SENSOR PROFILE**—Shows the sensor settings compared to actual sensor readings. To interpret the results, see [Sensor Profile on page 240](#).

Related ZPL command(s):	<p>SETTINGS: ~WC</p> <p>NETWORK: ~WL</p> <p>SENSOR PROFILE: ~JG</p> <p>Others: ^WD</p>
Control panel key(s):	<p>SETTINGS and NETWORK: Do one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hold CANCEL during printer power-up. (Formerly called a CANCEL self test.</li> <li>Hold FEED + CANCEL for 2 seconds when the printer is in the Ready state.</li> </ul> <p>SENSOR PROFILE: Hold FEED + CANCEL during printer power-up.</p>
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Print Listings on Label

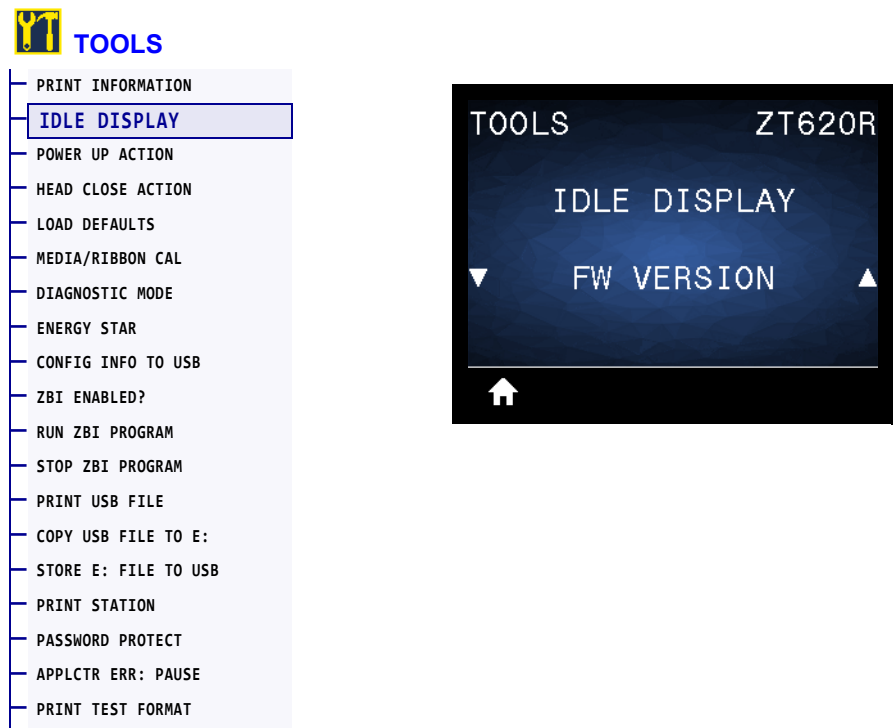
Figure 15 • Sample Printer Configuration Label

PRINTER CONFIGURATION	
Zebra Technologies ZTC ZT620R-203dpi ZPL 76J162700886	
+30.0.....	DARKNESS
6.0 IPS.....	PRINT SPEED
-007.....	TEAR OFF
CONTINUOUS.....	PRINT MODE
TRANSMISSIVE.....	MEDIA TYPE
DIRECT-THERMAL.....	SENSOR SELECT
1344.....	PRINT METHOD
2000.....	PRINT WIDTH
P1085892/00005 2.....	LABEL LENGTH
15.0IN 380MM.....	PRINT HEAD ID
MAINT. OFF.....	MAXIMUM LENGTH
CONNECTED.....	EARLY WARNING
BIDIRECTIONAL.....	USB COMM.
RS232.....	PARALLEL COMM.
9600.....	SERIAL COMM.
8 BITS.....	BAUD
NONE.....	DATA BITS
XON/XOFF.....	PARITY
NONE.....	HOST HANDSHAKE
NORMAL MODE.....	PROTOCOL
<~> 7EH.....	COMMUNICATIONS
<~> 5EH.....	CONTROL PREFIX
<~> 2CH.....	FORMAT PREFIX
ZPL II.....	DELIMITER CHAR
INACTIVE.....	ZPL MODE
FEED.....	COMMAND OVERRIDE
LENGTH.....	MEDIA POWER UP
DEFAULT.....	HEAD CLOSE
+000.....	BACKFEED
+0000.....	LABEL TOP
OFF.....	LEFT POSITION
ENABLED.....	APPLICATOR PORT
PULSE MODE.....	ERROR ON PAUSE
DISABLED.....	START PRINT SIG
080.....	REPRINT MODE
090.....	WEB SENSOR
255.....	MEDIA SENSOR
027.....	TAKE LABEL
027.....	MARK SENSOR
000.....	MARK MED SENSOR
005.....	TRANS GAIN
060.....	TRANS BASE
002.....	TRANS LED
100.....	MARK GAIN
OPCSWPM.....	MARK LED
1344 8/MM FULL.....	MODES ENABLED
4.0.....	MODES DISABLED
V80.20.03.....	RESOLUTION
1.3.....	LINK-OS VERSION
6.6.0 22.89.....	FIRMWARE
32768K.....	XML SCHEMA
524288K.....	HARDWARE ID
NONE.....	RAM
MM/DD/YYYY 24HR.....	ONBOARD FLASH
05/11/17.....	FORMAT CONVERT
06:40.....	IDLE DISPLAY
ENABLED.....	RTC DATE
READY.....	RTC TIME
TH:MSE MICRO.....	ZBI
20.00.00.01.....	ZBI STATUS
01.03.00.18.....	ZBI VERSION
USA/CANADA.....	RFID READER
USA/CANADA.....	RFID HW VERSION
RFID OK.....	RFID FW VERSION
16.....	RFID REGION CODE
F0.....	RFID COUNTRY CODE
0.....	RFID ERR STATUS
NONE.....	RFID READ PAR
A4.....	RFID WRITE PAR
570 LABELS.....	PROG. POSITION
570 LABELS.....	RFID VALID CTR
2.798 IN.....	RFID VOID CTR
2.798 IN.....	ADAPTIVE ANTENNA
7.107 CM.....	RFID ANTENNA
7.107 CM.....	NONRESET CNTR
001 WIRELESS.....	RESET CNTR1
*** EMPTY.....	RESET CNTR2
0.....	NONRESET CNTR
0.....	RESET CNTR1
0.....	RESET CNTR2
0.....	MASS STORAGE COUNT
0.....	HID COUNT
0.....	USB HOST LOCK OUT
FIRMWARE IN THIS PRINTER IS COPYRIGHTED	

Figure 16 • Sample Network Configuration Label

Network Configuration	
Zebra Technologies ZTC ZT620R-203dpi ZPL 76J162700886	
Wired.....	PRIMARY NETWORK
PrintServer.....	LOAD LAN FROM?
INTERNAL WIRED.....	ACTIVE PRINTSRVR
Wired*	
ALL.....	IP PROTOCOL
192.168.000.017.....	IP ADDRESS
255.255.255.000.....	SUBNET
192.168.000.254.....	GATEWAY
000.000.000.000.....	WINS SERVER IP
YES.....	TIMEOUT CHECKING
300.....	TIMEOUT VALUE
000.....	ARP INTERVAL
9100.....	BASE RAW PORT
9200.....	JSON CONFIG PORT
Wireless	
ALL.....	IP PROTOCOL
000.000.000.000.....	IP ADDRESS
255.255.255.000.....	SUBNET
000.000.000.000.....	GATEWAY
000.000.000.000.....	WINS SERVER IP
YES.....	TIMEOUT CHECKING
300.....	TIMEOUT VALUE
000.....	ARP INTERVAL
9100.....	BASE RAW PORT
9200.....	JSON CONFIG PORT
INSERTED.....	CARD INSERTED
02dfh.....	CARD MFG ID
9134h.....	CARD PRODUCT ID
ac:3f:a4:b2:05:9c.....	MAC ADDRESS
YES.....	DRIVER INSTALLED
INFRASTRUCTURE.....	OPERATING MODE
125.....	ESSID
1.0.....	CURRENT TX RATE
OPEN.....	WEP TYPE
WPA PSK.....	WLAN SECURITY
1.....	WEP INDEX
000.....	POOR SIGNAL
LONG.....	PREAMBLE
NO.....	ASSOCIATED
ON.....	PULSE ENABLED
15.....	PULSE RATE
OFF.....	INTL MODE
USA/CANADA.....	REGION CODE
USA/CANADA.....	COUNTRY CODE
0x7ff.....	CHANNEL MASK
Bluetooth	
4.3.ip1.....	FIRMWARE
02/13/2015.....	DATE
on.....	DISCOVERABLE
3.0/4.0.....	RADIO VERSION
on.....	ENABLED
AC:3F:A4:B2:05:9D.....	MAC ADDRESS
76J162700886.....	FRIENDLY NAME
no.....	CONNECTED
1.....	MIN SECURITY MODE
no.....	CONN SECURITY MODE
supported.....	IOS
FIRMWARE IN THIS PRINTER IS COPYRIGHTED	

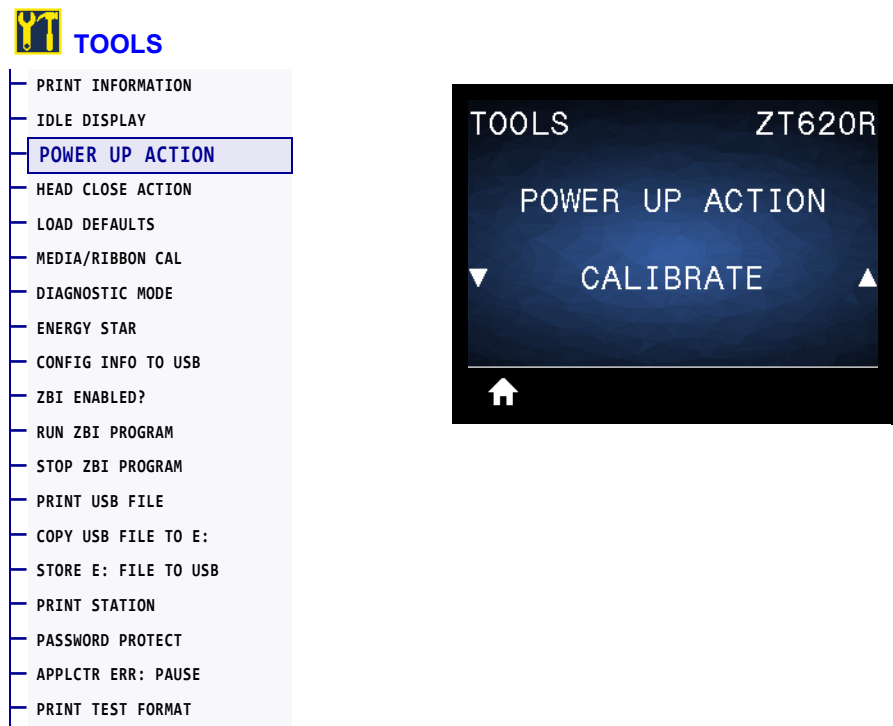
TOOLS > IDLE DISPLAY



Select the information shown on the printer’s display when the printer is idle.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>FW VERSION</li><li>IP ADDRESS</li><li>MM/DD/YY 24 HR</li><li>MM/DD/YY 12 HR</li><li>DD/MM/YY 24 HR</li><li>DD/MM/YY 12 HR</li></ul>
SGD command used:	<code>device.idle_display_format</code> <code>device.idle_display_value</code>

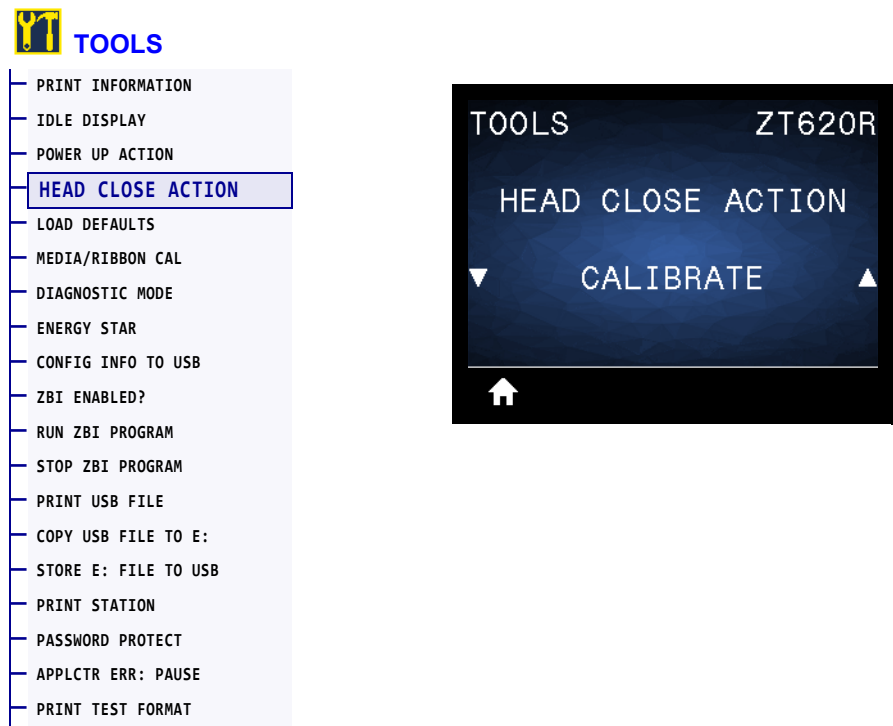
TOOLS > POWER UP ACTION



Set the action for the printer to take during the power-up sequence.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>CALIBRATE</b>—Adjusts sensor levels and thresholds, determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web.</li><li><b>FEED</b>—Feeds the labels to the first registration point.</li><li><b>LENGTH</b>—Determines the label length using current sensor values, and feeds the media to the next web.</li><li><b>NO MOTION</b>—Tells the printer not to move the media. You must manually ensure that the web is positioned correctly, or press feed to position the next web.</li><li><b>SHORT CAL</b>—Sets the media and web thresholds without adjusting sensor gain, determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web.</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^MF
SGD command used:	ezpl.power_up_action
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration

TOOLS > HEAD CLOSE ACTION

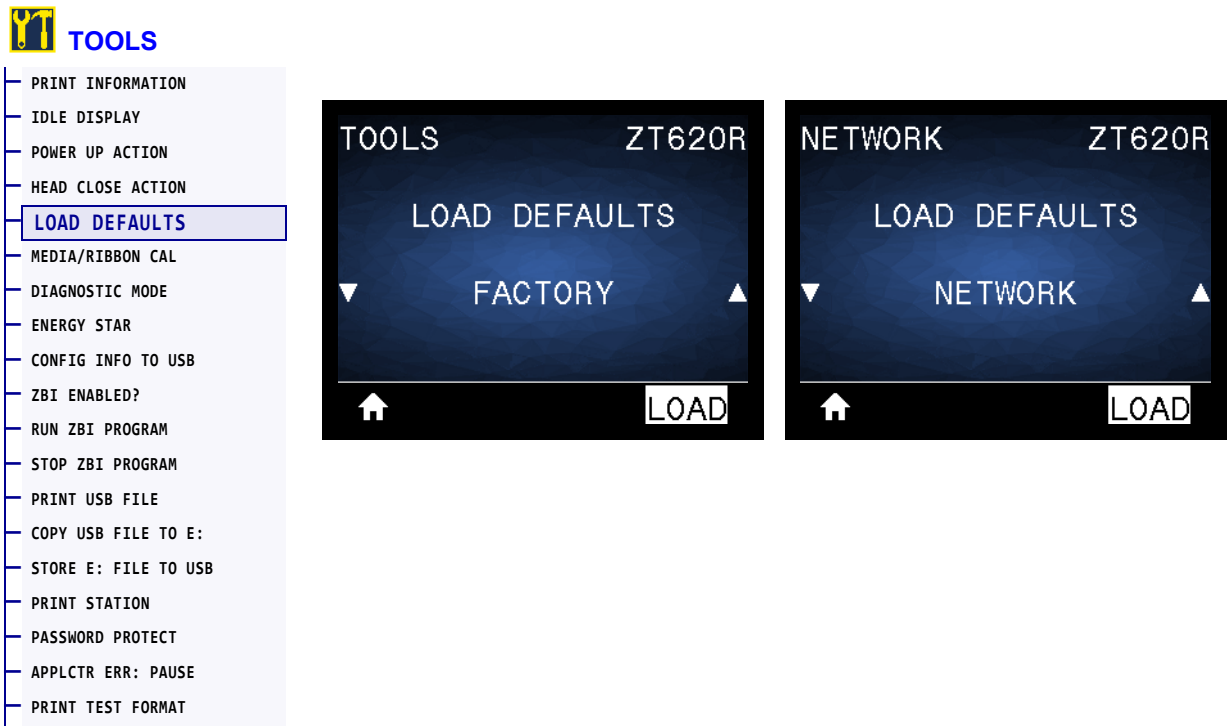


Set the action for the printer to take when you close the printhead.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>CALIBRATE</b>—Adjusts sensor levels and thresholds, determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web.</li><li><b>FEED</b>—Feeds the labels to the first registration point.</li><li><b>LENGTH</b>—Determines the label length using current sensor values, and feeds the media to the next web.</li><li><b>NO MOTION</b>—Tells the printer not to move the media. You must manually ensure that the web is positioned correctly, or press feed to position the next web.</li><li><b>SHORT CAL</b>—Sets the media and web thresholds without adjusting sensor gain, determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web.</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^MF
SGD command used:	ezpl.head_close_action
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration



TOOLS > LOAD DEFAULTS



Restore specific printer, print server, and network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually. This menu item is available through two user menus with different default values for each.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>FACTORY</b>—Restores all printer settings other than the network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually.</li><li><b>NETWORK</b>—Reinitializes the printer’s wired or wireless print server. With a wireless print server, the printer also reassociates with your wireless network.</li><li><b>LAST SAVED</b>—Loads settings from the last permanent save.</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	FACTORY: ^JUF NETWORK: ^JUN LAST SAVED: ^JUR

<i>Control panel key(s):</i>	<p>FACTORY: Hold FEED + PAUSE during printer power-up to reset the printer parameters to factory values. (Formerly called a FEED + PAUSE self test.)</p> <p>NETWORK: Hold CANCEL + PAUSE during printer power-up to reset the network parameters to factory values. (Formerly called a CANCEL + PAUSE self test.)</p> <p>LAST SAVED: N/A</p>
<i>Printer web page:</i>	<p>FACTORY: View and Modify Printer Settings &gt; Restore Default Configuration</p> <p>NETWORK: Print Server Settings &gt; Reset Print Server</p> <p>LAST SAVED: View and Modify Printer Settings &gt; Restore Saved Configuration</p>

TOOLS > MEDIA/RIBBON CAL

YT

TOOLS

PRINT INFORMATION

IDLE DISPLAY

POWER UP ACTION

HEAD CLOSE ACTION

LOAD DEFAULTS

MEDIA/RIBBON CAL

DIAGNOSTIC MODE

ENERGY STAR

CONFIG INFO TO USB

ZBI ENABLED?

RUN ZBI PROGRAM

STOP ZBI PROGRAM

PRINT USB FILE

COPY USB FILE TO E:

STORE E: FILE TO USB

PRINT STATION

PASSWORD PROTECT

APPLCTR ERR: PAUSE

PRINT TEST FORMAT

TOOLS

ZT620R

MEDIA/RIBBON CAL

↑

START

SENSORS

ZT620R

MEDIA/RIBBON CAL

↑

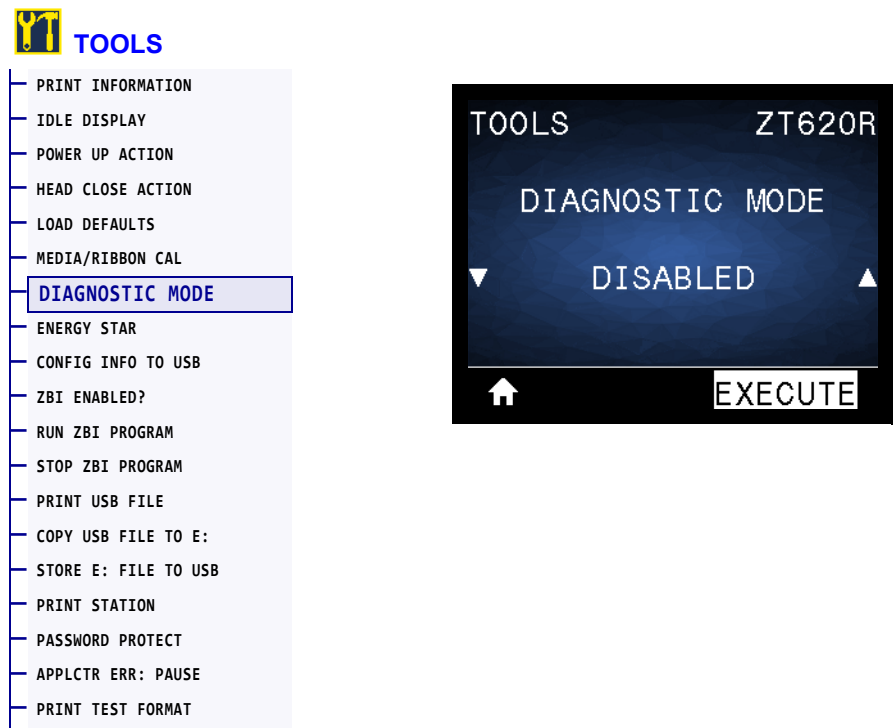
START

Calibrate the printer to adjust the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors.

For complete instructions on how to perform a calibration procedure, see [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192](#).

Related ZPL command(s):	~JC
SGD command used:	ezpl.manual_calibration
Control panel key(s):	Hold PAUSE + FEED + CANCEL for 2 seconds to initiate calibration.
Printer web page:	<div>The calibration procedure cannot be initiated through the web pages. See the following web page for settings that are set during sensor calibration: View and Modify Printer Settings &gt; Calibration</div> <div><div>!</div><div><b>Important</b> • Do not change these settings unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.</div></div>

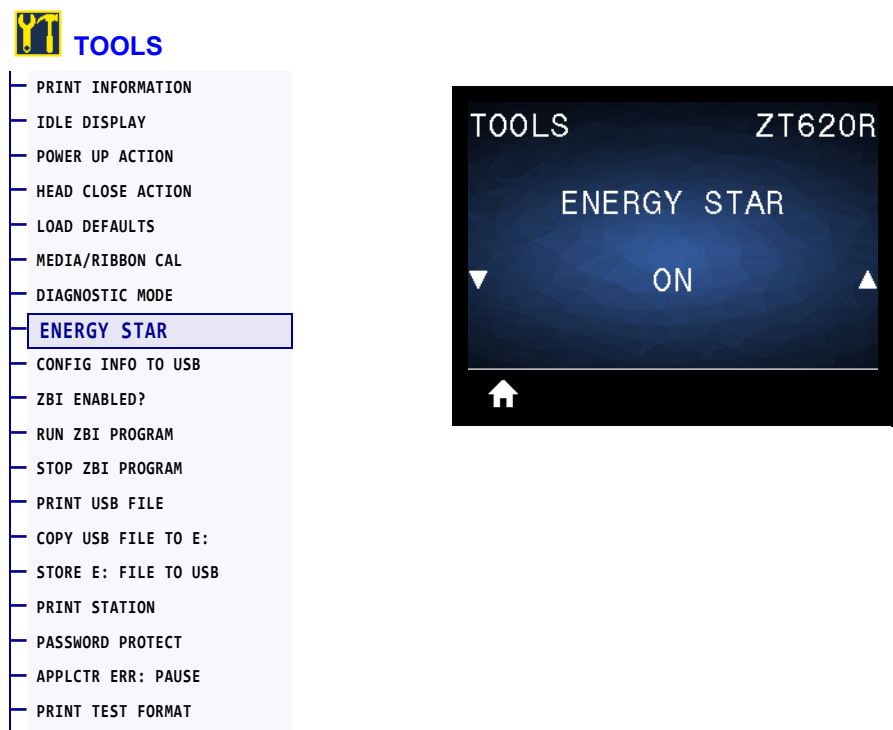
TOOLS > DIAGNOSTIC MODE



Use this diagnostics tool to cause the printer to output the hexadecimal values for all data received by the printer. For more information, see [Communication Diagnostics Test on page 239](#).

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>DISABLED</li><li>ENABLED</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	~JD to enable, ~JE to disable
SGD command used:	device.diagnostic_print
Control panel key(s):	Hold PAUSE + FEED for 2 seconds when the printer is in the Ready state.

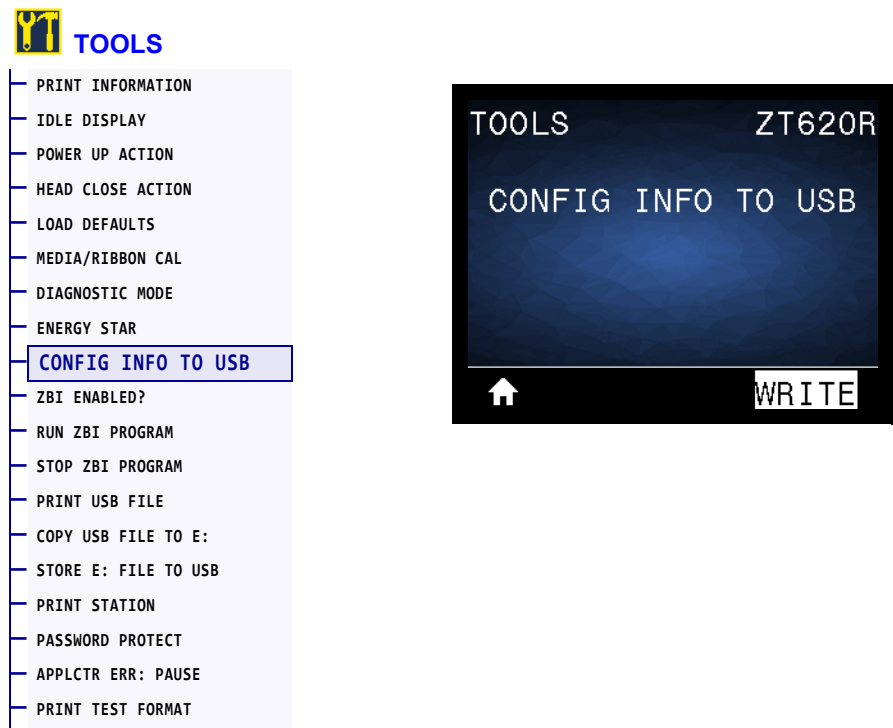
TOOLS > ENERGY STAR



When Energy Star mode is enabled, the printer goes into a “sleep” mode after a timeout period, thereby lowering power consumption. Press any button on the control panel to bring the printer back to an active state.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ON</li><li>OFF</li></ul>
SGD command used:	<code>power.energy_star.enable</code> <code>power.energy_star_timeout</code> (to set the amount of idle time before Energy Star is invoked)

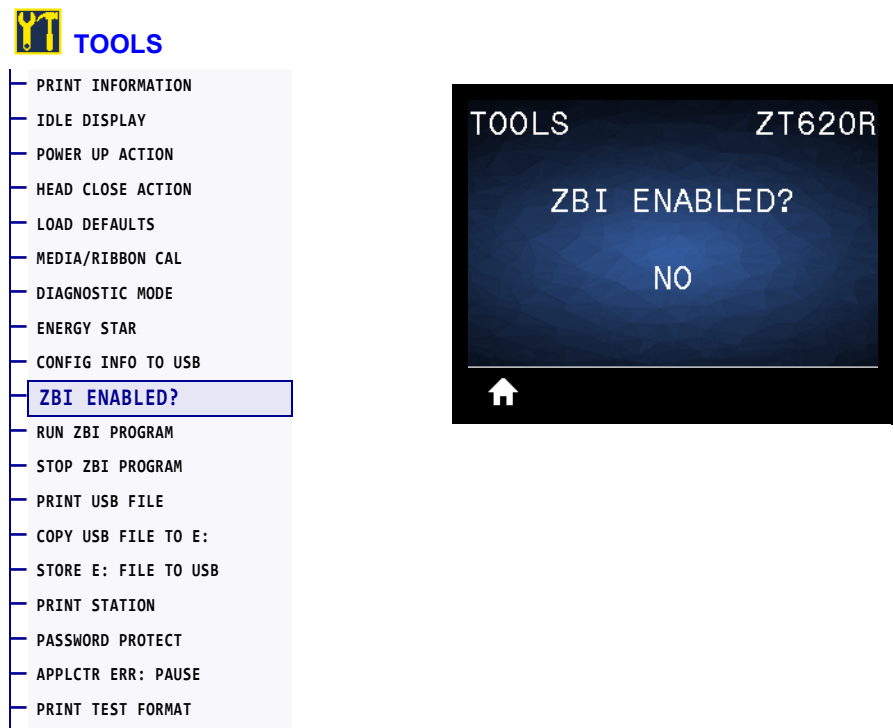
TOOLS > CONFIG INFO TO USB



Use this function to copy the printer’s configuration information to a USB mass storage device, such as a USB Flash drive, that is plugged into one of the printer’s USB host ports. This makes the information accessible without having to print physical labels. To print the information to labels, see [PRINT INFORMATION on page 120](#).

Related ZPL command(s):	^HH—Returns the printer configuration information returned to the host computer.
Printer web page:	Printer Home Page > View Printer Configuration (to view printer configuration information on your web browser) View and Modify Printer Settings > Print Listings on Label (to print the configuration information on labels)

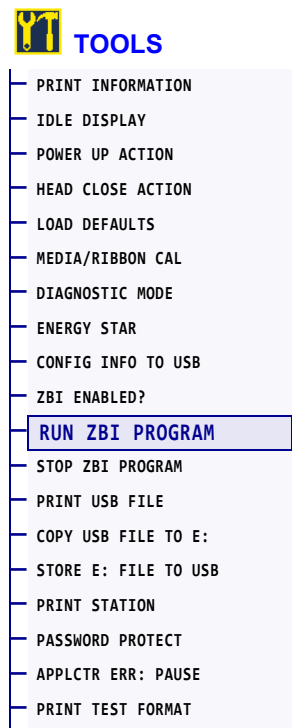
TOOLS > ZBI ENABLED?



Zebra Basic Interpreter (ZBI 2.0™) is a programming option that may be purchased for your printer. If you would like to purchase this option, contact your Zebra reseller for more information.

SGD command used:	<code>zbi.key</code> (identifies if the ZBI 2.0 option is enabled or disabled on the printer)
-------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

TOOLS > RUN ZBI PROGRAM



\* This menu item appears only if ZBI is enabled on your printer.

If ZBI programs have been downloaded to your printer, you may select one to run using this menu item. If no program exists on your printer, NONE is listed.

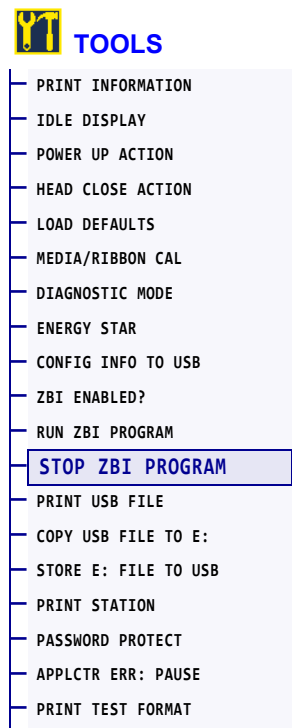
To run a ZBI program that you have downloaded to your printer:

- 1. Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select a file from this menu.
- 2. Press RIGHT SELECT to select **RUN**. If no program exists, the **RUN** option does not perform an action.

Related ZPL command(s):	^JI, ~JI
SGD command used:	zbi.control.run
Printer web page:	Printer Home Page > Directory Listing



TOOLS > STOP ZBI PROGRAM



\* This menu item appears only if a ZBI program is running on your printer.

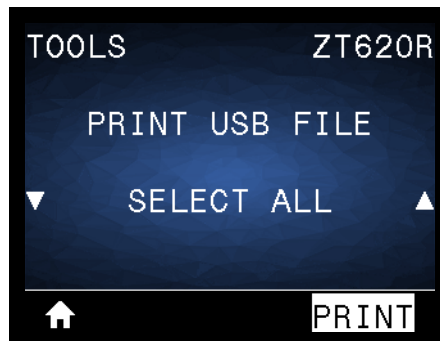
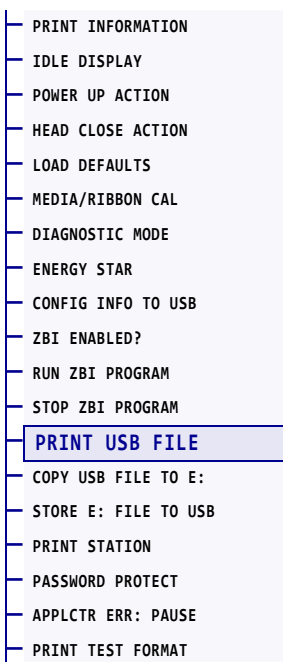
Use this menu item to stop a ZBI program. The printer lists only programs that are running.

To stop a ZBI program:

1. If necessary, use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select the file from this menu.
2. Press RIGHT SELECT to select **STOP**.

Related ZPL command(s):	~JQ
SGD command used:	zbi.control.terminate
Printer web page:	Printer Home Page > Directory Listing

## TOOLS > PRINT USB FILE



\* This menu item can be used only if a USB Flash drive is inserted into a USB host port on the printer.

Select files to print from a USB Flash drive. See the exercises in *Using the USB Hosts Port and the NFC Capabilities* on page 261 for an exercise using this capability.

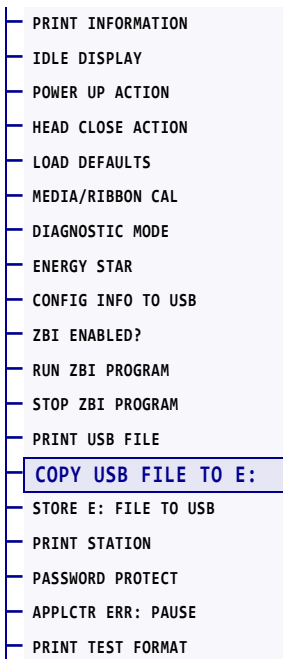
### To print files from a USB Flash drive:

1. Insert a USB Flash drive into the printer's USB host port.  
The printer lists available files. **SELECT ALL** is available to print all available files on the USB Flash drive.
2. Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select a file from this menu.
3. Press RIGHT SELECT to select **PRINT**.

SGD command used:	<code>usb.host.read_list</code>
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## TOOLS > COPY USB FILE TO E:

### TOOLS



\* This menu item can be used only if a USB Flash drive is inserted into a USB host port on the printer.

Select files to copy to the printer from a USB Flash drive. See the exercises in *Using the USB Hosts Port and the NFC Capabilities* on page 261 for an exercise using this capability.

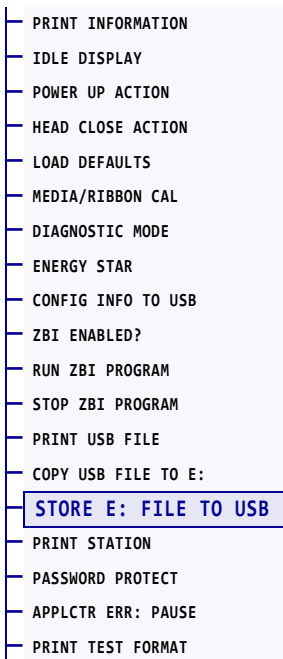
### To copy files to the printer from a USB Flash drive:

1. Insert a USB flash drive into the printer's USB host port.  
The printer lists available files. **SELECT ALL** is available to copy all available files from the USB Flash drive.
2. Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select a file from this menu.
3. Press RIGHT SELECT to select **STORE**.

SGD command used:	<code>usb.host.read_list</code>
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## TOOLS > STORE E: FILE TO USB

### TOOLS



\* This menu item can be used only if a USB Flash drive is inserted into a USB host port on the printer.

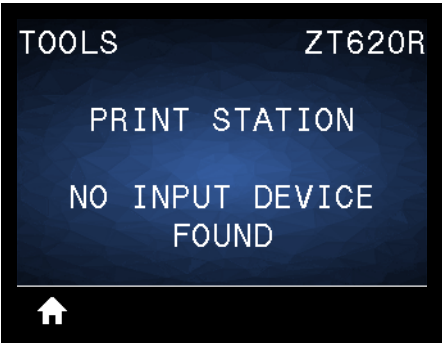
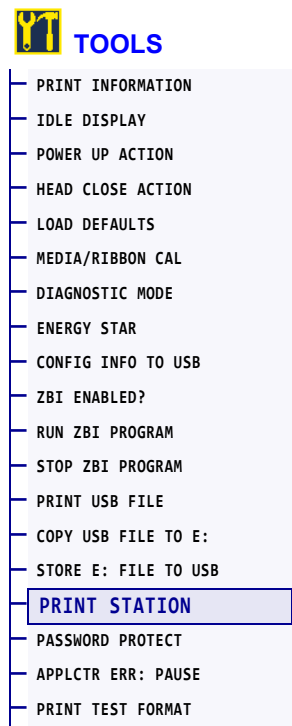
Select files from the printer to store on a USB Flash drive. See the exercises in *Using the USB Hosts Port and the NFC Capabilities* on page 261 for an exercise using this capability.

### To copy files from the printer to a USB Flash drive:

1. Insert a USB flash drive into the printer's USB host port.  
The printer lists available files. **SELECT ALL** is available to store all files available files from the printer on the USB Flash drive.
2. Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select a file from this menu.
3. Press RIGHT SELECT to select **STORE**.

SGD command used:	<code>usb.host.write_list</code>
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TOOLS > PRINT STATION



\* This menu item can be used only if a USB Flash drive with a suitable label format is inserted into a USB host port on the printer.

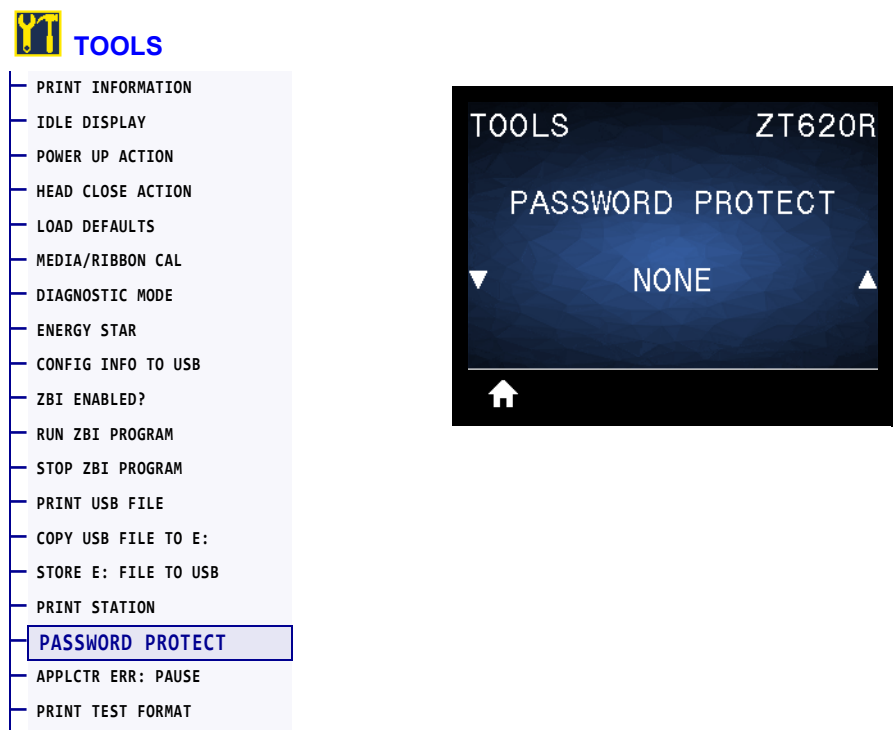
Use this menu item to fill in variable fields in a label format and print the label using a Human Input Device (HID), such as a USB keyboard, scale, or barcode scanner. A suitable label format must be stored on the E: drive of the printer to use this option. See the exercises in *Using the USB Hosts Port and the NFC Capabilities* on page 261 for an exercise using this capability.

When you plug an HID into one of the printer’s USB host ports, use this user menu to select a form on the printer’s E: drive. After you have been prompted to fill in each variable ^FN field on the form, you can specify the desired quantity of labels to print.

For more information about using the ^FN command or the SGD commands related to this feature, refer to the *Zebra Programming Guide*. You can download a copy of the manual from <http://www.zebra.com/manuals/>.

SGD command used:	usb.host.keyboard_input (must be set to ON) usb.host.template_list usb.host.fn_field_list usb.host.fn_field_data usb.host.fn_last_field usb.host.template_print_amount
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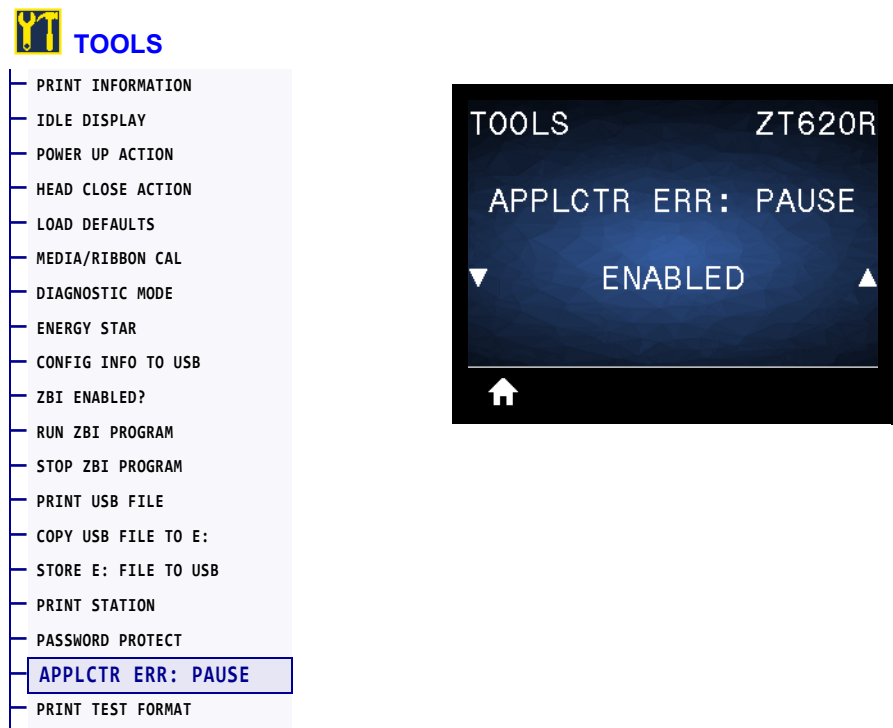
TOOLS > PASSWORD PROTECT



Select the level of password protection for user menu items. The default printer password is 1234.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>NONE</li><li>SELECTED</li><li>ALL</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^KP (to change the printer password)

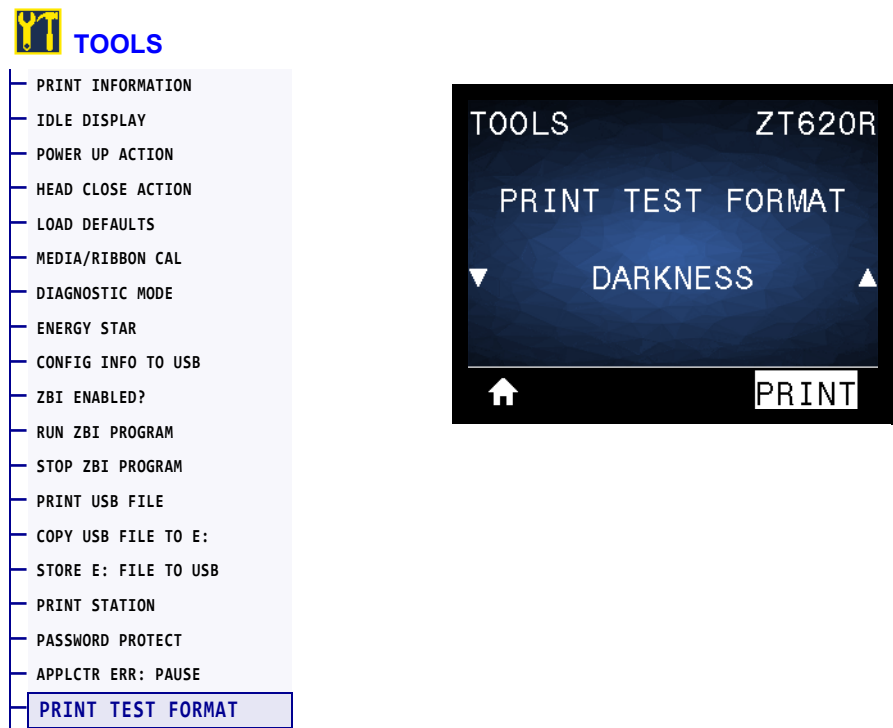
TOOLS > APPLCTR ERR: PAUSE



When this option is enabled and the printer is paused, the printer sets the applicator error state.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ENABLED</li><li>DISABLED</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	~JJ
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Advanced Setup > Error on Pause

TOOLS > PRINT TEST FORMAT




Use this menu option to initiate test sequences that print specific types of labels to help you troubleshoot printing issues. See *Print Test Format Option on page 232* for samples of the labels and additional information.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>DARKNESS</b>—Runs a repeated image in incrementing darkness levels.</li><li>• <b>FIRST DOT LOCATION</b>—Identifies the first dot location and label top to assist you with adjusting the position of the label.</li><li>• <b>PRINT LINE</b>—Initiates a test sequence. See <i>PRINT LINE on page 234</i> for details.*</li><li>• <b>IMAGE COMPRESSION</b>—Prints an image with lines and circles to assist with issues regarding compression or stretching of an image.</li><li>• <b>ELEMENT OUT</b>—Prints a horizontal image designed to show if a printhead element is not functioning.</li></ul>
SGD command used:	<code>print.troubleshooting_label_choices</code> (specifies the type of label) <code>print.troubleshooting_label_print</code> (prints the label)
Control panel key(s):	As an alternate way to initiate the PRINT LINE test sequence, reboot the printer while holding PAUSE. Hold PAUSE until the first control panel light turns off. (Formerly called a PAUSE self test.)*

\* This test sequence prints a large number of labels. See *PRINT LINE on page 234* for additional information.



NETWORK > ACTIVE PRINT SERVER

 NETWORK

ACTIVE PRINT SERVER

PRIMARY NETWORK

WIRED IP ADDRESS

WIRED SUBNET MASK

WIRED GATEWAY

WIRED IP PROTOCOL

WIRED MAC ADDRESS

WLAN IP ADDRESS

WLAN SUBNET MASK

WLAN GATEWAY

WLAN IP PROTOCOL

WLAN MAC ADDRESS

ESSID

CHANNEL

SIGNAL

IP PORT

IP ALTERNATE PORT

PRINT INFORMATION

RESET NETWORK

VISIBILITY AGENT


LOAD DEFAULTS

NETWORK

ZT620R

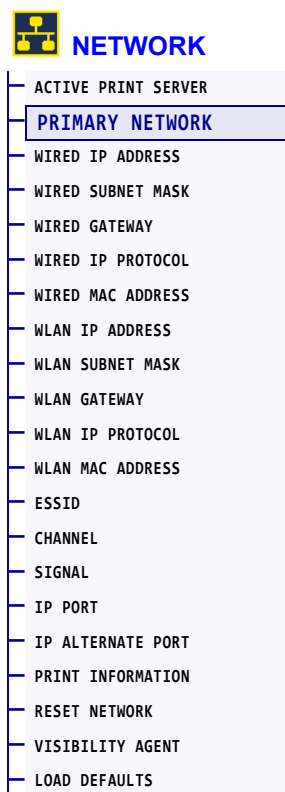
ACTIVE PRINT SERVER

WIRED



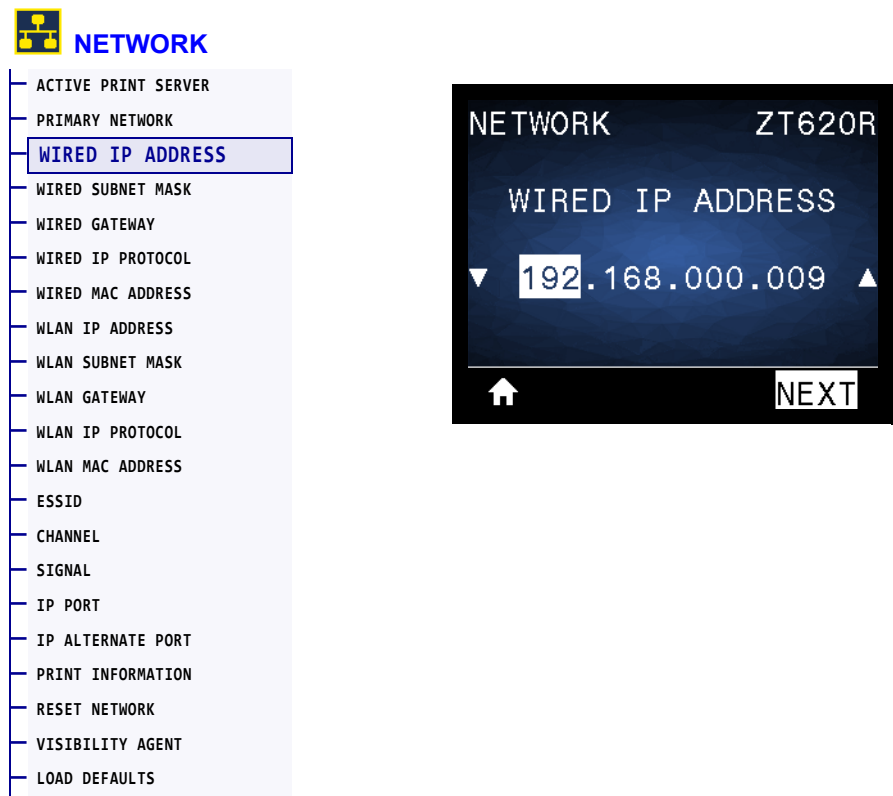
View whether the wired or wireless print server is currently active.

## NETWORK > PRIMARY NETWORK



View or modify whether the wired or wireless print server is considered primary. You may select which one is primary.

NETWORK > WIRED IP ADDRESS

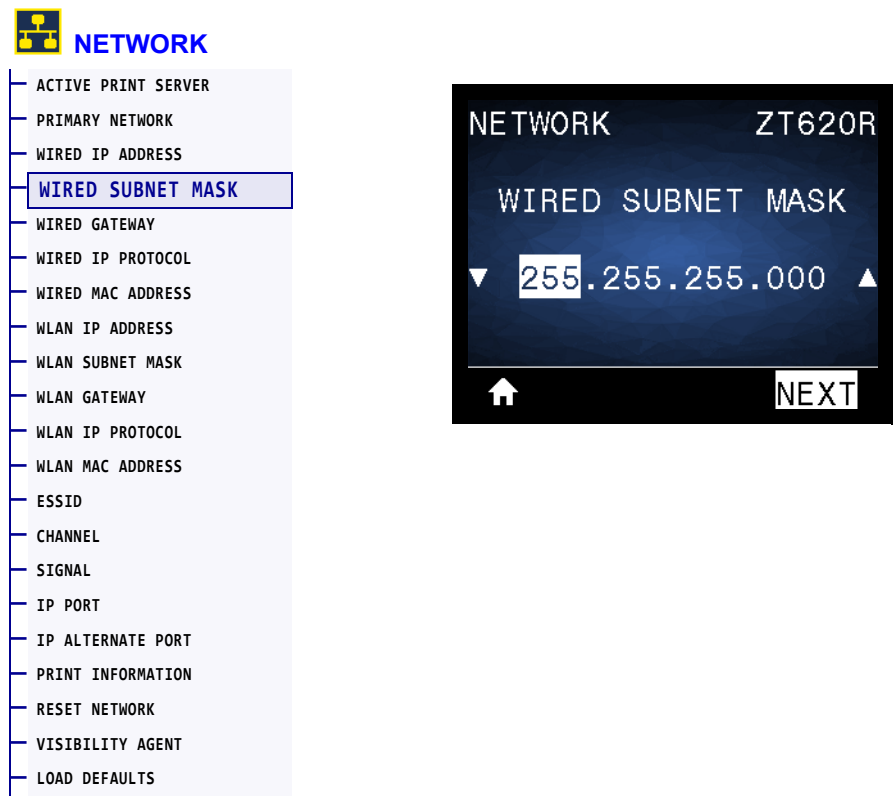


View and, if necessary, change the printer’s wired IP address.

To save changes to this setting, set [WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 146](#) to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see [RESET NETWORK on page 158](#)). See [IP Address Changing on page 259](#) for additional information.

Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field
Related ZPL command(s):	^ND
SGD command used:	internal_wired.ip.addr
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings

NETWORK > WIRED SUBNET MASK

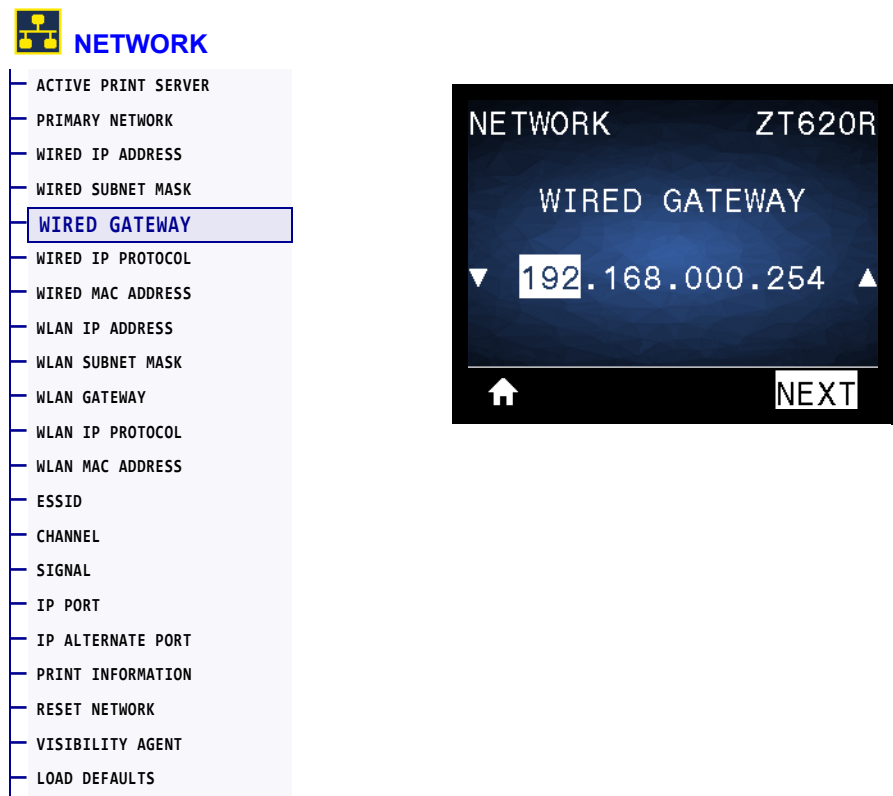


View and, if necessary, change the wired subnet mask.

To save changes to this setting, set [WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 146](#) to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see [RESET NETWORK on page 158](#)). See [IP Address Changing on page 259](#) for additional information.

Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field
Related ZPL command(s):	^ND
SGD command used:	internal_wired.ip.netmask
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings

NETWORK > WIRED GATEWAY

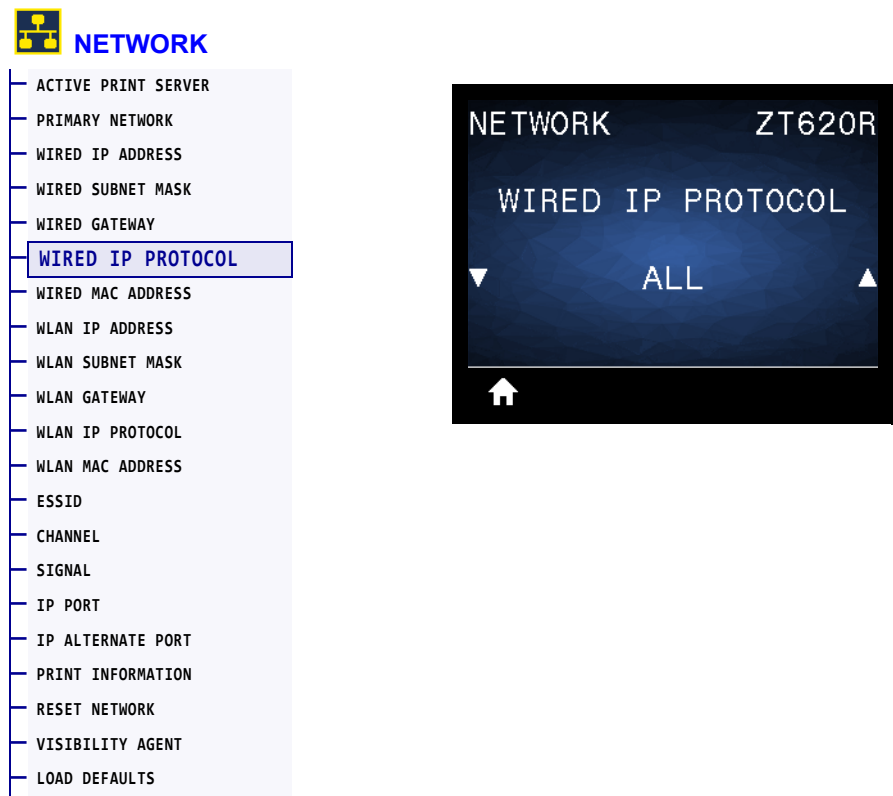


View and, if necessary, change the default wired gateway.

To save changes to this setting, set [WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 146](#) to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see [RESET NETWORK on page 158](#)). See [IP Address Changing on page 259](#) for additional information.

Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field
Related ZPL command(s):	^ND
SGD command used:	internal_wired.ip.gateway
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings

NETWORK > WIRED IP PROTOCOL



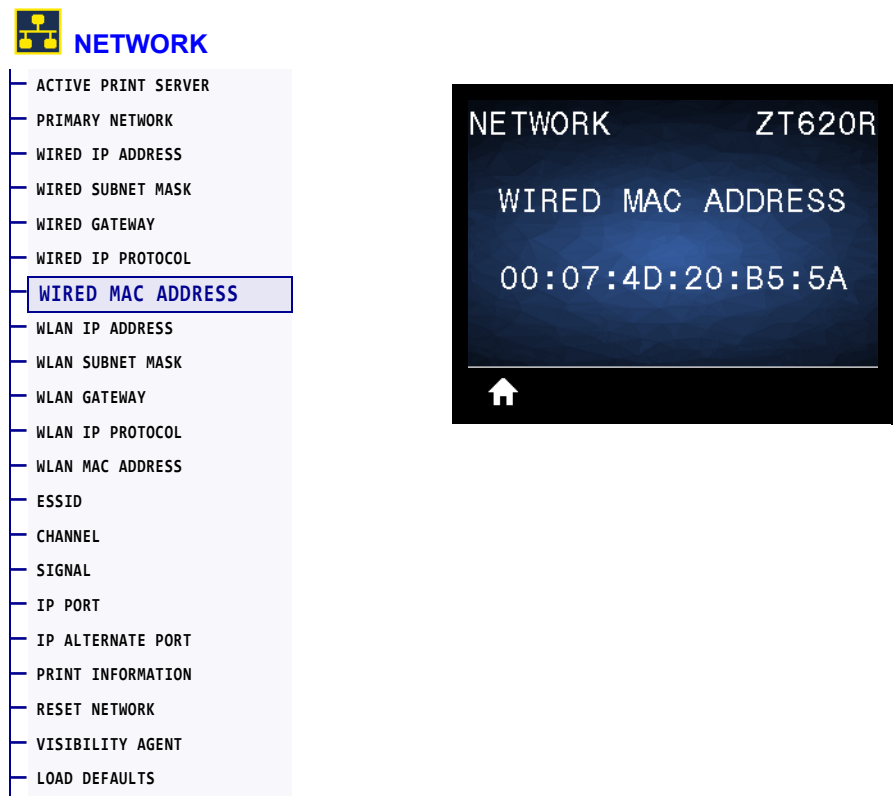
This parameter indicates if the user (permanent) or the server (dynamic) selects the wired print server’s IP address. When a dynamic option is chosen, this parameter tells the method(s) by which this print server receives the IP address from the server. See [IP Address Changing on page 259](#) for additional information.



**Important** • You must reset the print server to allow changes to the network settings to take effect.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ALL</li><li>• GLEANING ONLY</li><li>• RARP</li><li>• BOOTP</li><li>• DHCP</li><li>• DHCP &amp; BOOTP</li><li>• PERMANENT</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^ND
SGD command used:	internal_wired.ip.protocol
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings

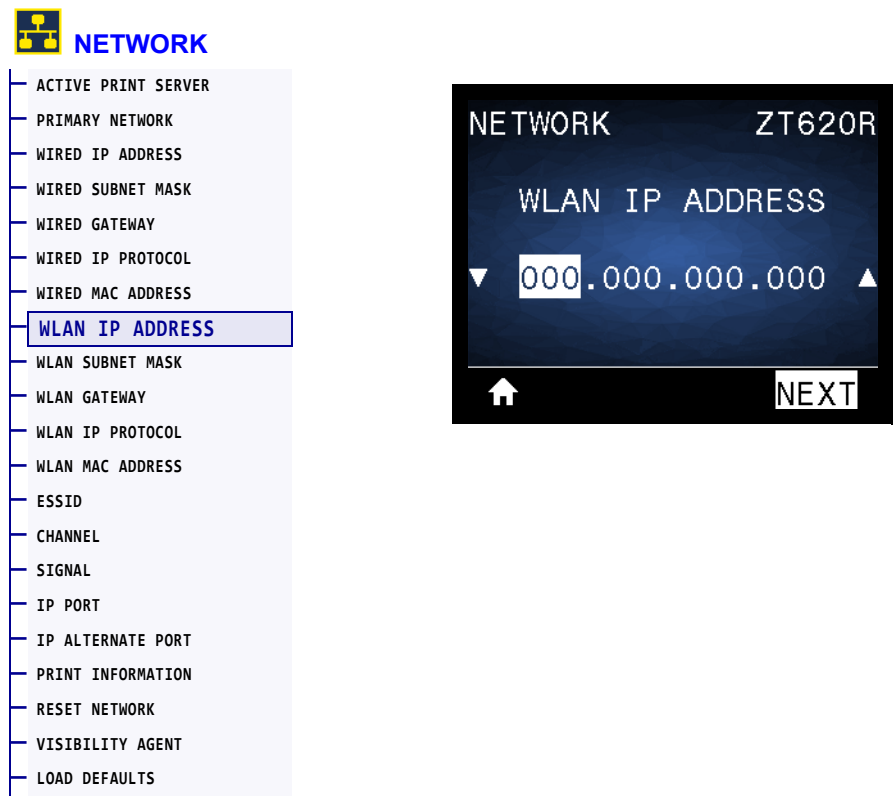
NETWORK > WIRED MAC ADDRESS



View the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the wired print server.

<i>SGD command used:</i>	<code>internal_wired.mac_addr</code>
<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings

NETWORK > WLAN IP ADDRESS



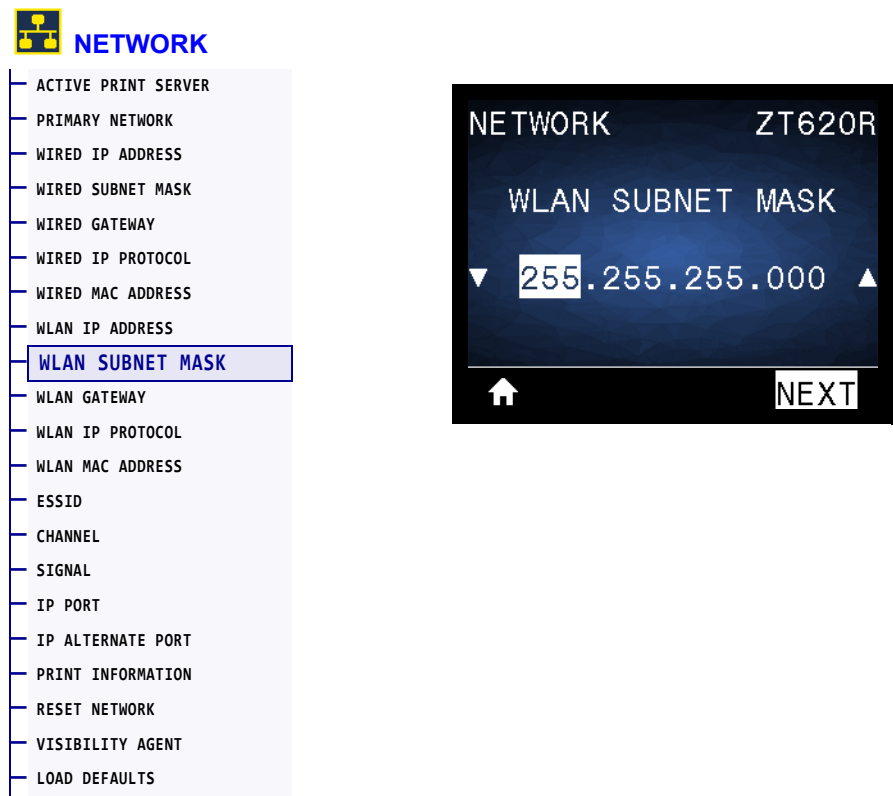
View and, if necessary, change the printer’s wireless IP address.

To save changes to this setting, set [WLAN IP PROTOCOL on page 151](#) to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see [RESET NETWORK on page 158](#)). See [IP Address Changing on page 259](#) for additional information.

Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field
Related ZPL command(s):	^ND
SGD command used:	ip.addr, wlan.ip.addr
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup



NETWORK > WLAN SUBNET MASK

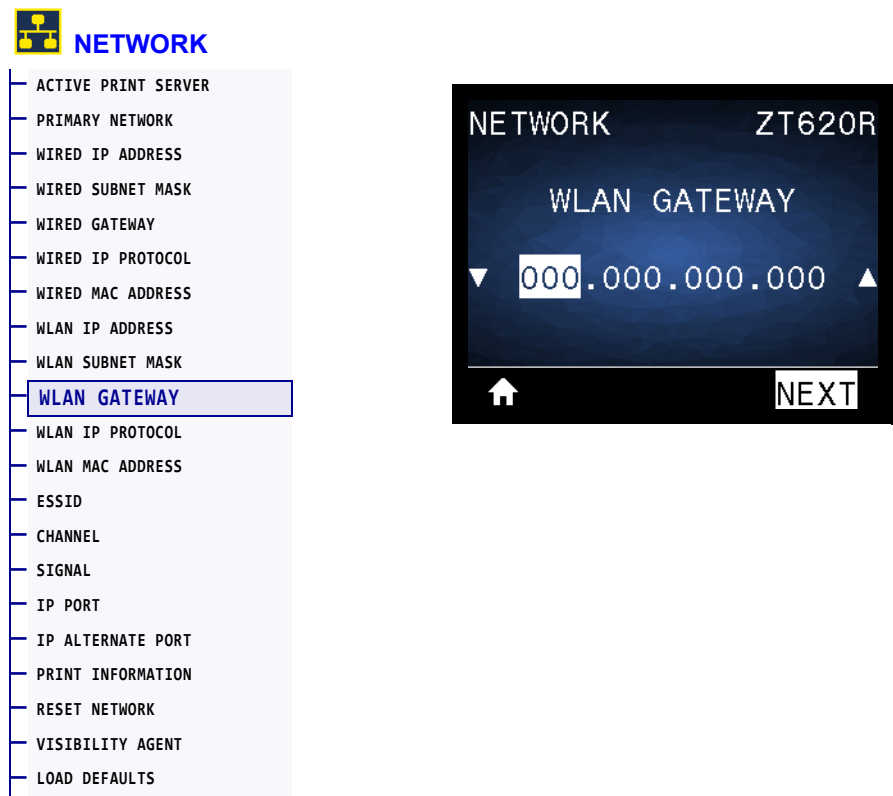


View and, if necessary, change the wireless subnet mask.

To save changes to this setting, set [WLAN IP PROTOCOL on page 151](#) to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see [RESET NETWORK on page 158](#)). See [IP Address Changing on page 259](#) for additional information.

Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field
Related ZPL command(s):	^ND
SGD command used:	wlan.ip.netmask
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup

NETWORK > WLAN GATEWAY

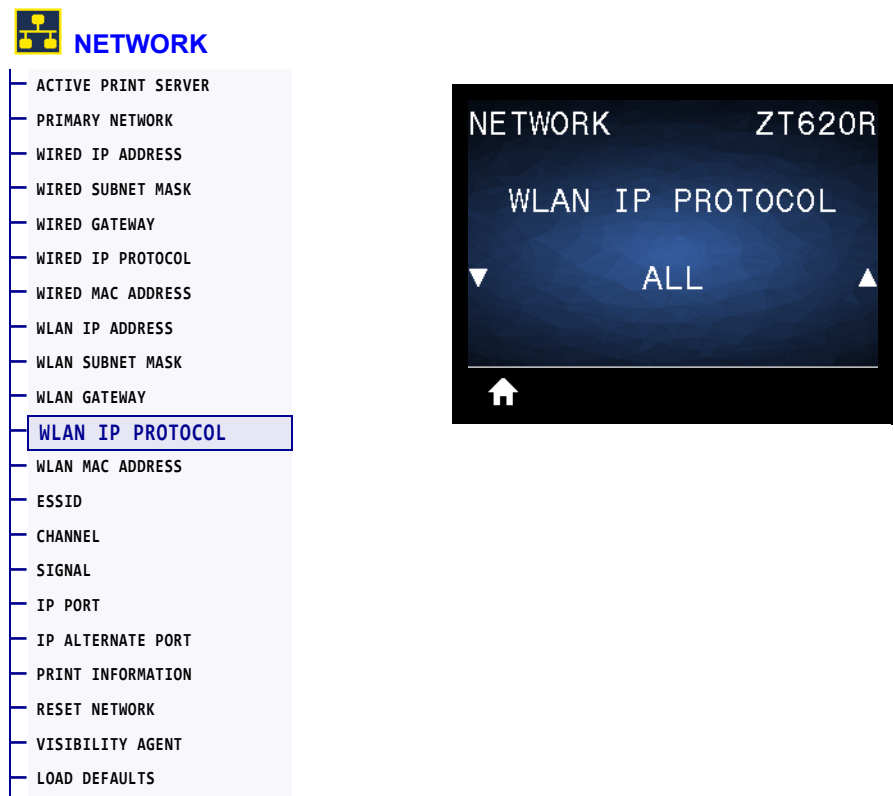


View and, if necessary, change the default wireless gateway.

To save changes to this setting, set [WLAN IP PROTOCOL on page 151](#) to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see [RESET NETWORK on page 158](#)). See [IP Address Changing on page 259](#) for additional information.

Accepted values:	000 to 255 for each field
Related ZPL command(s):	^ND
SGD command used:	wlan.ip.gateway
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup

NETWORK > WLAN IP PROTOCOL

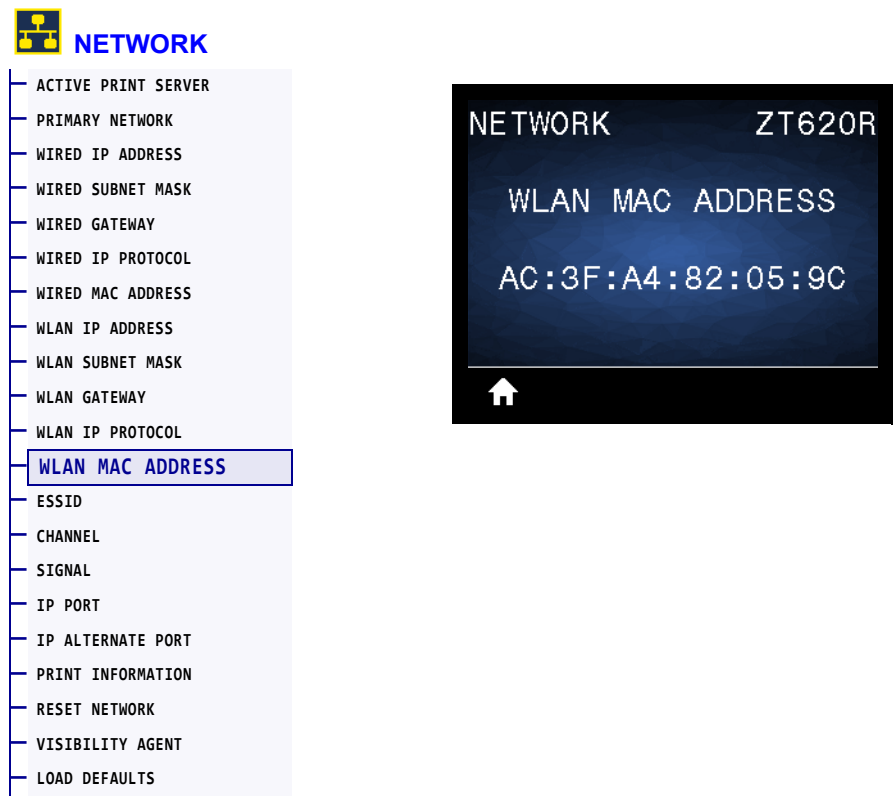


This parameter indicates if the user (permanent) or the server (dynamic) selects the wireless print server’s IP address. When a dynamic option is chosen, this parameter tells the method(s) by which this print server receives the IP address from the server. See [IP Address Changing on page 259](#) for additional information.

**Important** • You must reset the print server to allow changes to the network settings to take effect.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ALL</li><li>• GLEANING ONLY</li><li>• RARP</li><li>• BOOTP</li><li>• DHCP</li><li>• DHCP &amp; BOOTP</li><li>• PERMANENT</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^ND
SGD command used:	wlan.ip.protocol
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup

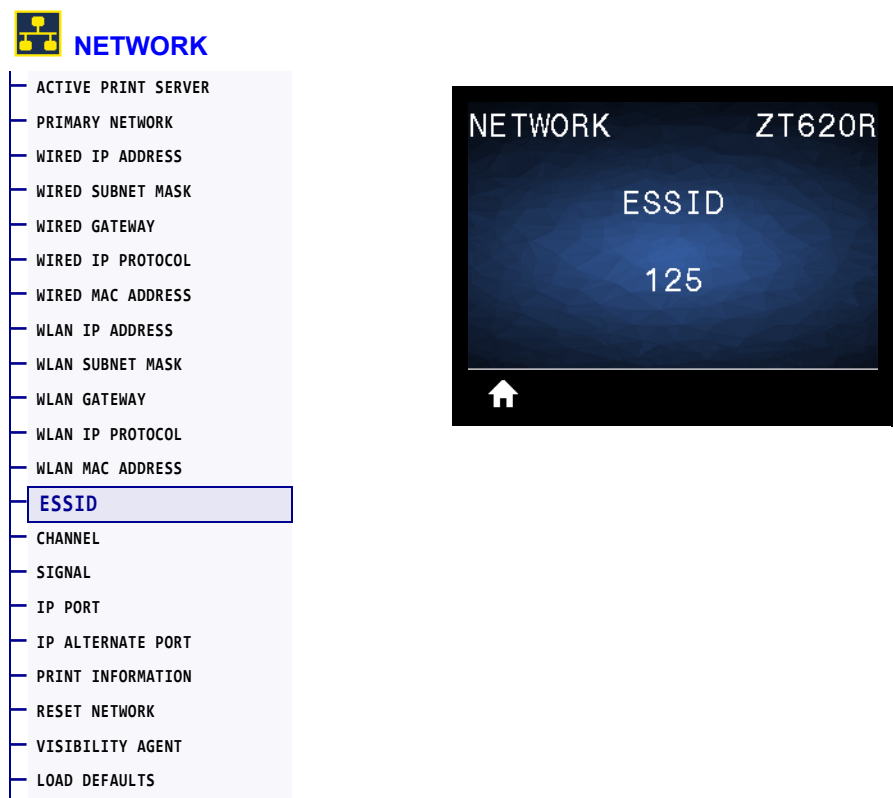
NETWORK > WLAN MAC ADDRESS



View the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the wireless print server.

<i>SGD command used:</i>	<code>wlan.mac_addr</code>
<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup

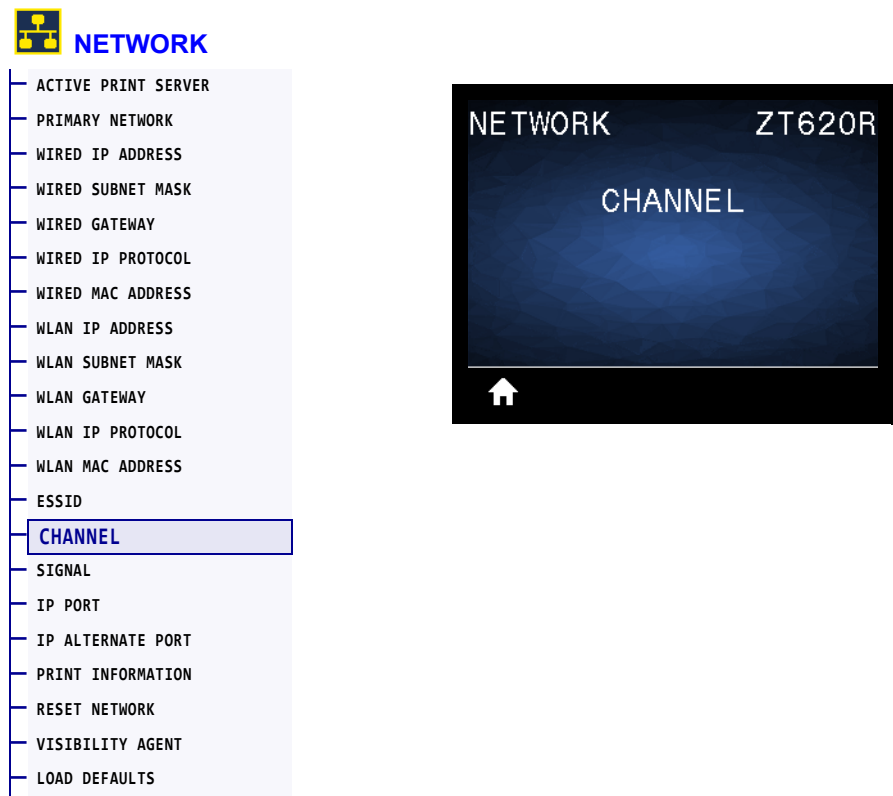
NETWORK > ESSID



The Extended Service Set Identification (ESSID) is an identifier for your wireless network. This setting, which cannot be modified from the control panel, gives the ESSID for the current wireless configuration.

Accepted values:	32-character alphanumeric string (default 125)
SGD command used:	wlan.essid
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup

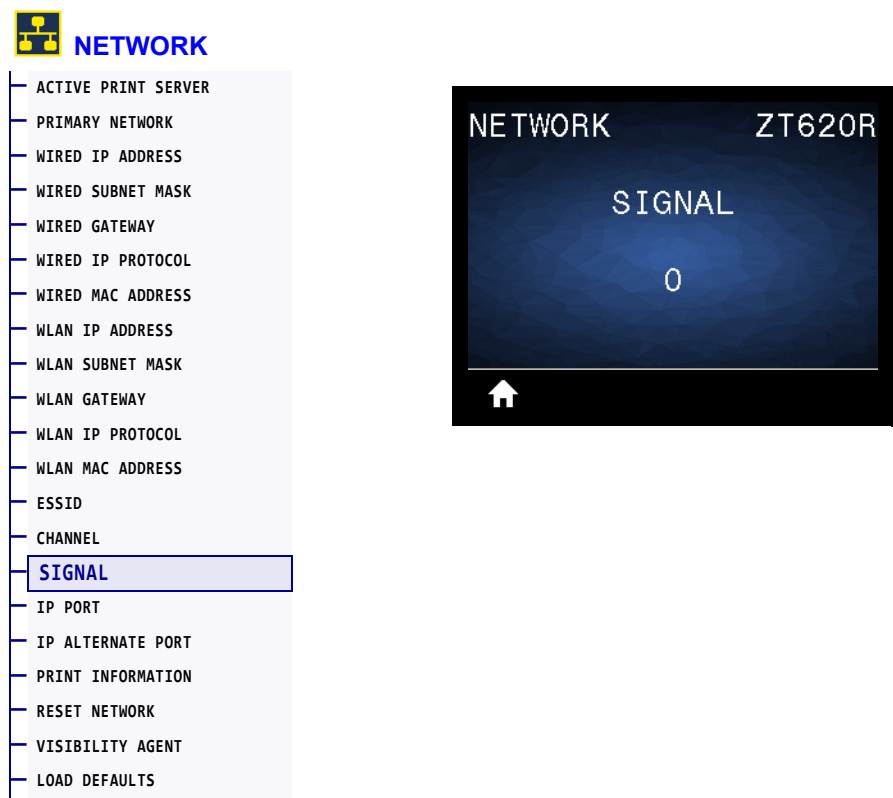
NETWORK > CHANNEL



View the wireless channel being used when the wireless network is active and authenticated.

<i>SGD command used:</i>	<code>wlan.channel</code>
<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup

NETWORK > SIGNAL



View the wireless signal strength when the wireless network is active and authenticated.

<i>SGD command used:</i>	<code>wlan.signal_strength</code>
<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup

NETWORK > IP PORT

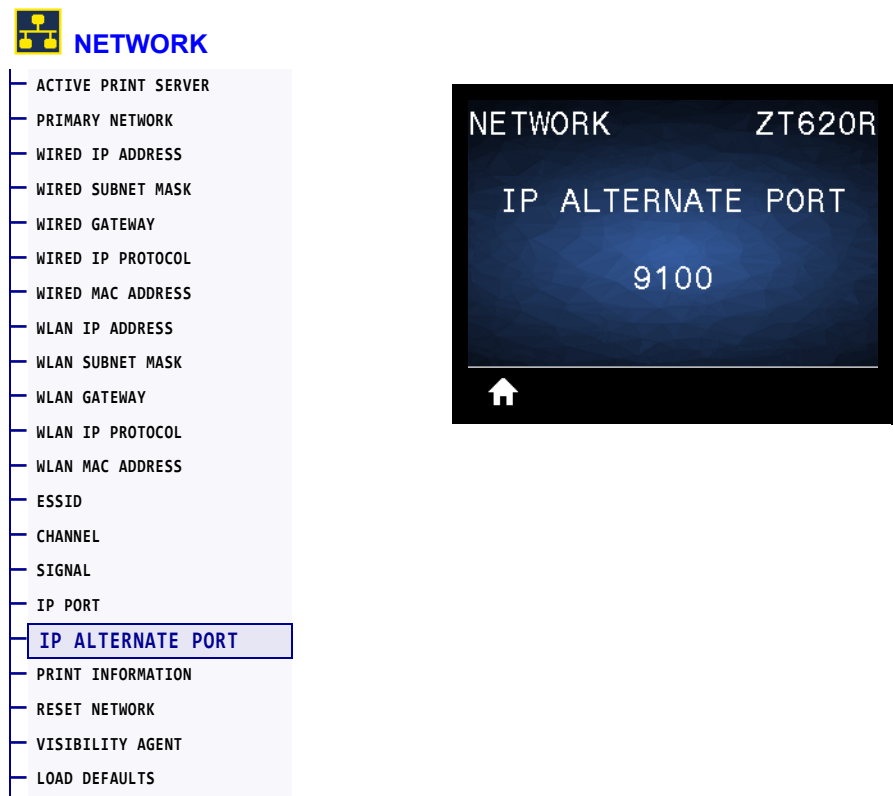


This printer setting refers to the internal wired print servers port number that the TCP print service is listening on. Normal TCP communications from the host should be directed to this port.

<i>SGD command used:</i>	<code>internal_wired.ip.port</code>
<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings



NETWORK > IP ALTERNATE PORT



This command sets the port number of the alternate TCP port.



**Note** • Print servers supporting this command will monitor both the primary port and the alternate port for connections at the same time.

<i>SGD command used:</i>	<code>internal_wired.ip.port_alternate</code>
<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings

NETWORK > RESET NETWORK



This option resets the wired or wireless print server and saves any changes that you made to any network settings.



**Important** • You must reset the print server to allow changes to the network settings to take effect.

<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	~WR
<i>SGD command used:</i>	device.reset
<i>Printer web page:</i>	Print Server Settings > Reset Print Server

NETWORK > VISIBILITY AGENT



When the printer is connected to a wired or wireless network, it will attempt to connect to Zebra’s Asset Visibility Service via the Cloud-based Zebra Printer Connector using an encrypted, certificate-authenticated web socket connection. The printer sends Discovery Data and Settings and Alerts Data. Data printed via any label formats is NOT transmitted.

To opt out of this feature, disable this setting. For more information, see the “Opting Out of the Asset Visibility Agent” application note at <http://www.zebra.com>.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ON</li><li>OFF</li></ul>
SGD command used:	<code>weblink.zebra_connector.enable</code>
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Configuration > Cloud Connect Settings

RFID > RFID STATUS



Display the status of the RFID subsystem of the printer.

Related ZPL command(s):	^HL or ~HL
SGD command used:	rfid.error.response

RFID > RFID CALIBRATE



Initiate tag calibration for RFID media. (Not the same as media and ribbon calibration.) During the process, the printer moves the media, calibrates the RFID tag position, and determines the optimal settings for the RFID media being used. These settings include the programming position, the antenna element to use, and the read/write power level to use. See the *RFID Programming Guide 3* for more information.



**Important** • Before running this command, load the printer with RFID media, calibrate your printer, close the printhead, and feed at least one label to make sure that tag calibration will begin from the correct position.

Leave all transponders before and after the tag that is being calibrated. This allows the printer to determine RFID settings which do not encode the adjacent tag. Allow a portion of media to extend out the front of the printer to allow for backfeed during the tag calibration procedure.

Related ZPL command(s):	^HR
SGD command used:	rfid.tag.calibrate

RFID > READ RFID DATA



Read and return the specified tag data from the RFID tag located over the RFID antenna. No printer movement occurs while tag data is being read. The printhead can be open or closed.

To read and display the information stored on an RFID tag:

1. Position the RFID label with its transponder over the RFID antenna.
2. Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to select the type of information that you want read and displayed.
3. Press RIGHT SELECT to select READ.  
The results of the test are shown on the display.

Accepted values:	<div>epc—Reads the first 128 bits of EPC data.</div> <div>tid information—Reads the first 32 bits of the TID (Tag ID).</div> <div>password status—Reads the tag’s access and kill passwords.</div> <div>protocol bits—Reads the protocol bits from the EPC memory banks and converts that value to the EPC size.</div> <div>memory bank sizes—Reads the EPC, TID, and user memory banks sizes.</div>
Related ZPL command(s):	<div>^RF</div>
SGD command used:	<div>rfid.tag.read.content</div> <div>rfid.tag.read.execute</div>

RFID > RFID TEST



During the RFID test, the printer attempts to read and write to a transponder. No printer movement occurs with this test.

To test an RFID label:

- 1. Position the RFID label with its transponder over the RFID antenna array.
- 2. Press RIGHT SELECT to select START.

The results of the test are shown on the display.

Accepted values:	<code>quick</code> —Performs a read EPC test and a write EPC test (using random data). <code>read</code> —Performs a read EPC test. <code>write</code> —Performs a write EPC test (using random data).
SGD command used:	<code>rfid.tag.test.content</code> and <code>rfid.tag.test.execute</code>

RFID > RFID PROGRAM POS.



If the desired programming position (read/write position) is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.

Accepted values:	<p><b>F0</b> to <b>Fxxx</b> (where <b>xxx</b> is the label length in millimeters or <b>999</b>, whichever is less)—The printer feeds the label forward for the specified distance and then begins programming.</p> <p><b>B0</b> to <b>B30</b>—The printer backfeeds the label for the specified distance and then begins programming. To account for the backfeed, allow empty media liner to extend out of the front of the printer when using a backward programming position.</p>
Related ZPL command(s):	<b>^RS</b>
SGD command used:	<b>rfid.position.program</b>
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > RFID Setup > PROGRAM POSITION



RFID > RFID ANTENNA



If the desired antenna is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.

Accepted values:	A1, A2, A3, A4 B1, B2, B3, B4 C1, C2, C3, C4 D1, D2, D3, D4 E1, E2, E3, E4
Related ZPL command(s):	^RW
SGD command used:	rfid.reader_1.antenna_port
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > RFID Setup > RFID ANTENNA

RFID > RFID READ POWER



If the desired read power is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.

Accepted values:	0 to 30
Related ZPL command(s):	^RW
SGD command used:	rfid.reader_1.power.read
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > RFID Setup > RFID READ PWR

RFID > RFID WRITE POWER



If the desired write power is not achieved through RFID tag calibration, a value may be specified.

Accepted values:	0 to 30
Related ZPL command(s):	^RW
SGD command used:	rfid.reader_1.power.write
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > RFID Setup > RFID WRITE PWR

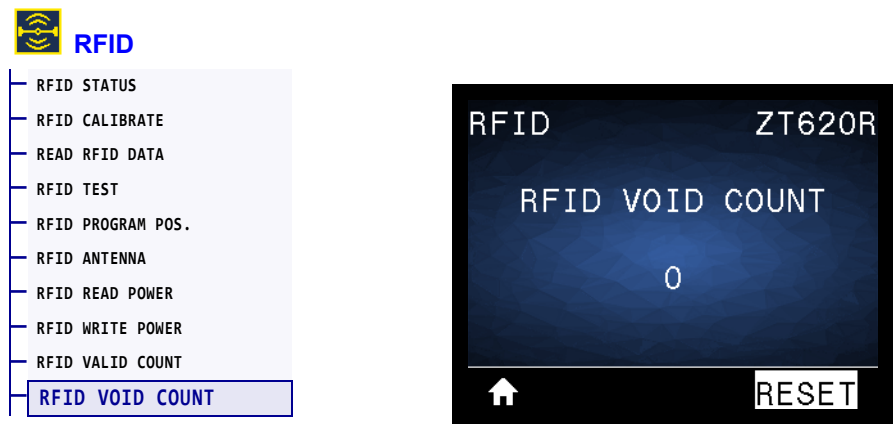
RFID > RFID VALID COUNT



Resets the RFID valid label counter to zero.

Related ZPL command(s):	~R0
SGD command used:	odometer.rfid.valid_resetable

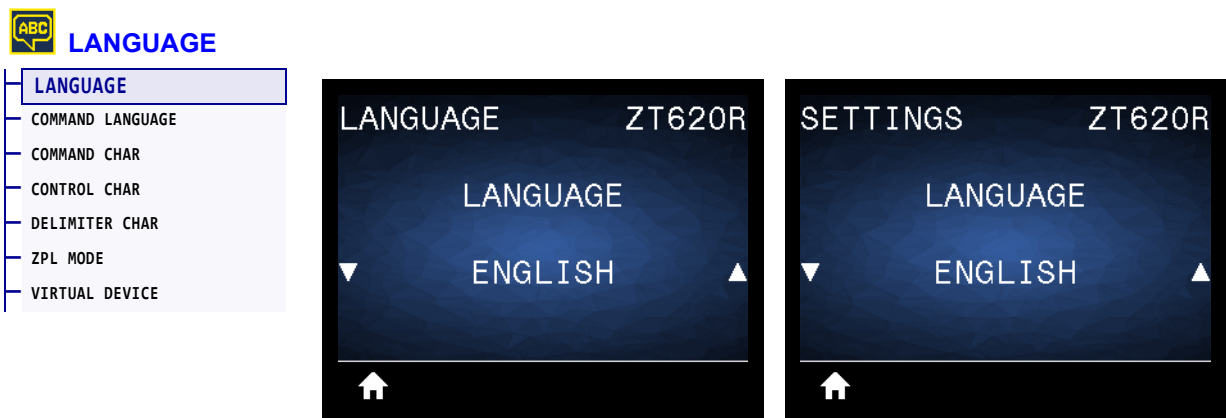
RFID > RFID VOID COUNT



Resets the RFID void label counter to zero.

Related ZPL command(s):	~R0
SGD command used:	odometer.rfid.void_resetable

LANGUAGE > LANGUAGE

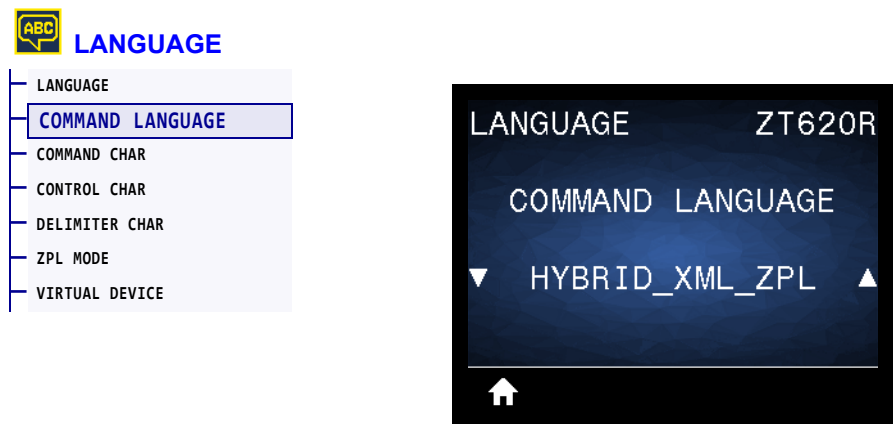


If necessary, change the language that the printer displays. This change affects the words shown on the following:

- the Home menu
- the user menus
- error messages
- the printer configuration label, the network configuration label, and other labels that you can select to print through the user menus

Accepted values:	<div>ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, ITALIAN, NORWEGIAN, PORTUGUESE, SWEDISH, DANISH, SPANISH 2, DUTCH, FINNISH, CZECH, JAPANESE, KOREAN, ROMANIAN, RUSSIAN, POLISH, SIMPLIFIED CHINESE, TRADITIONAL CHINESE</div> <div> <b>Note</b> • The selections for this parameter are displayed in the actual languages to make it easier for you to find one that you are able to read.</div>
Related ZPL command(s):	<code>^KL</code>
SGD command used:	<code>display.language</code>
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Language

LANGUAGE > COMMAND LANGUAGE




View or select the appropriate command language.

LANGUAGE > COMMAND CHAR



The format command prefix is a two-digit hex value used as a parameter place marker in ZPL/ZPL II format instructions. The printer looks for this hex character to indicate the start of a ZPL/ZPL II format instruction.

Set the format command character to match what is used in your label formats.



**Important •** You cannot use the same hex value for the format command prefix, control character, and delimiter characters. The printer must see different characters to work properly. If you are setting the value through the control panel, the printer will skip any value that is already in use.

Accepted values:	00 to FF
Related ZPL command(s):	^CC or ~CC
SGD command used:	zpl.caret
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control



LANGUAGE > CONTROL CHAR



The printer looks for this two-digit hex character to indicate the start of a ZPL/ZPL II control instruction. Set the control prefix character to match what is used in your label formats.

Accepted values:	00 to FF
Related ZPL command(s):	^CT or ~CT
SGD command used:	zpl.control_character
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control

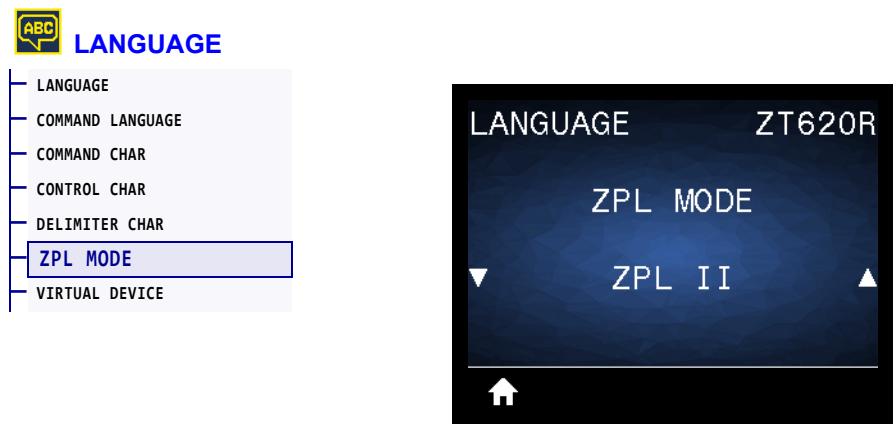
LANGUAGE > DELIMITER CHAR



The delimiter character is a two-digit hex value used as a parameter place marker in ZPL/ZPL II format instructions. Set the delimiter character to match what is used in your label formats.

Accepted values:	00 to FF
Related ZPL command(s):	^CD or ~CD
SGD command used:	zpl.delimiter
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control

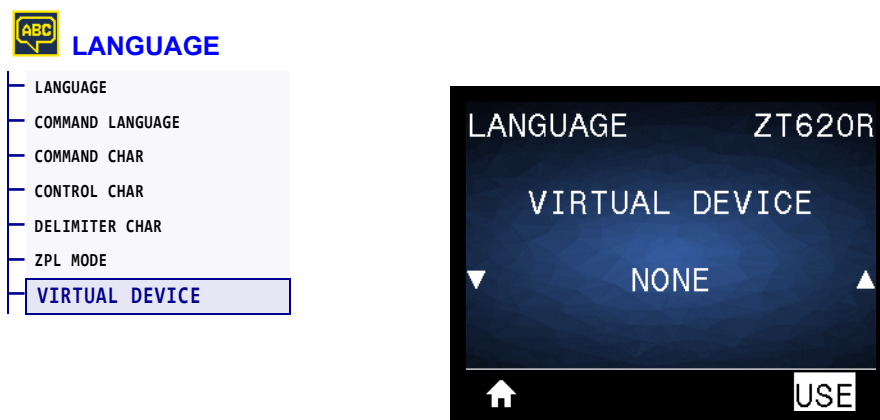
LANGUAGE > ZPL MODE



Select the mode that matches what is used in your label formats. This printer accepts label formats written in either ZPL or ZPL II, eliminating the need to rewrite any ZPL formats that already exist. The printer remains in the selected mode until it is changed in one of the ways listed here.

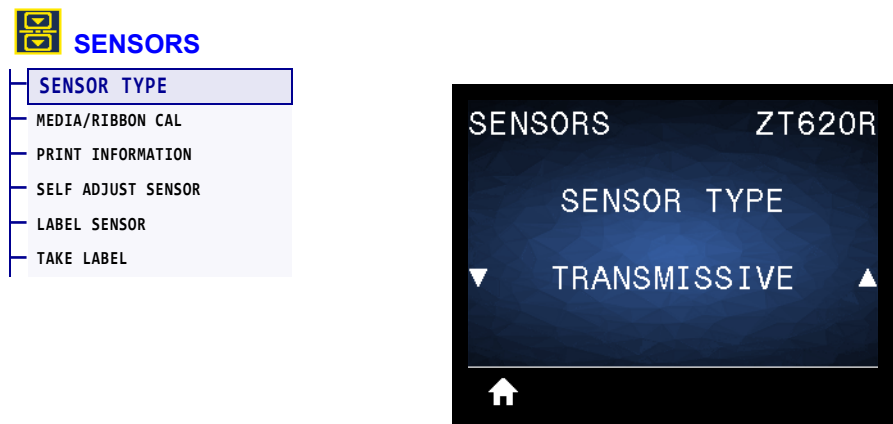
Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ZPL II</li><li>• ZPL</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^SZ
SGD command used:	zpl.zpl_mode
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control

## LANGUAGE > VIRTUAL DEVICE



If any Virtual Device apps are installed on your printer, you may view or enable/disable them from this user menu. For more information about Virtual Devices, go to the User Guide for the appropriate Virtual Device, or contact your local reseller.

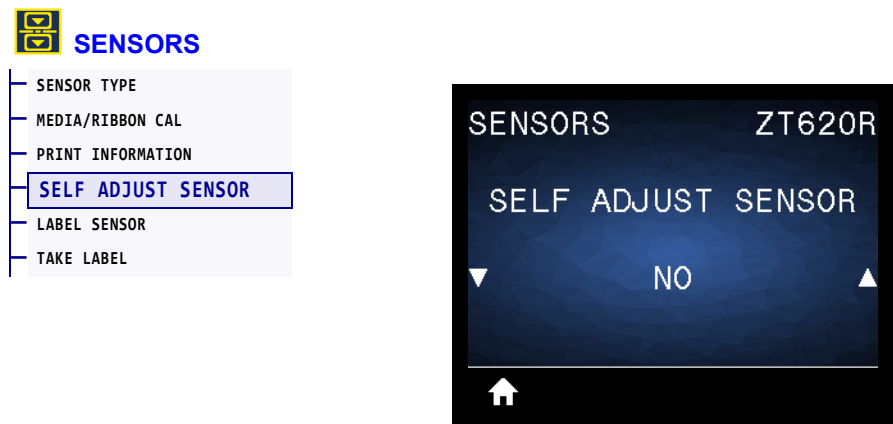
SENSORS > SENSOR TYPE



Select the media sensor that is appropriate for the media that you are using. The reflective sensor typically is used only for black mark media. The transmissive sensor typically is used for other media types.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>TRANSMISSIVE</li><li>REFLECTIVE</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^JS
SGD command used:	device.sensor_select
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup

SENSORS > SELF ADJUST SENSOR



Enable this setting to have the printer attempt to detect media settings automatically. You may still need to manually calibrate the printer if this setting does not detect your media correctly.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• NO</li><li>• YES</li></ul>
SGD command used:	<code>sensor.self_adjusting_enable</code>

SENSORS > LABEL SENSOR



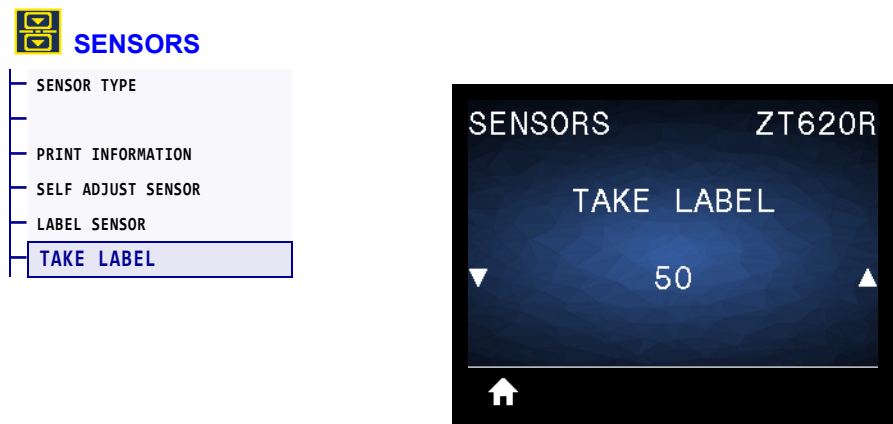
Set the sensitivity of the label sensor.



**Important** • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.

Accepted values:	0 to 255
SGD command used:	ezpl.label_sensor
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration

SENSORS > TAKE LABEL



Set the intensity of the take label LED.

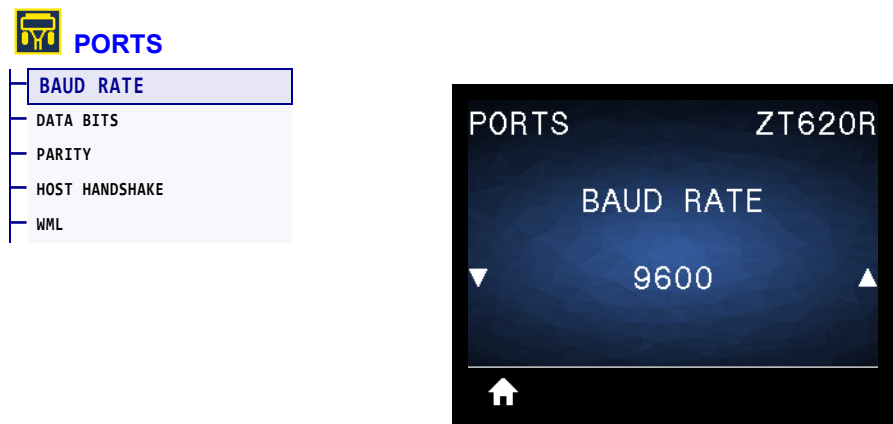


**Important** • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.

Accepted values:	0 to 255
SGD command used:	ezpl.take_label
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration



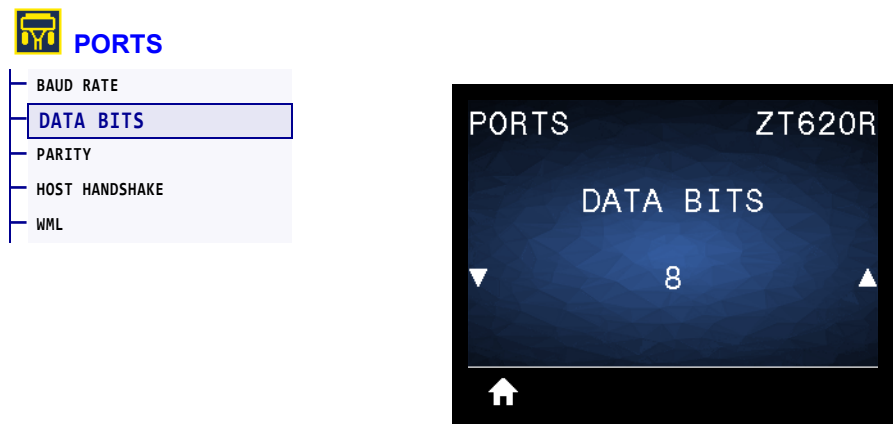
PORTS > BAUD RATE



Select the baud value that matches the one being used by the host computer.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>115200</li><li>57600</li><li>38400</li><li>28800</li><li>19200</li><li>14400</li><li>9600</li><li>4800</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^SC
SGD command used:	comm.baud
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup

PORTS > DATA BITS



Select the data bits value that matches the one being used by the host computer.

Accepted values:	7 or 8
Related ZPL command(s):	^SC
SGD command used:	comm.data_bits
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup

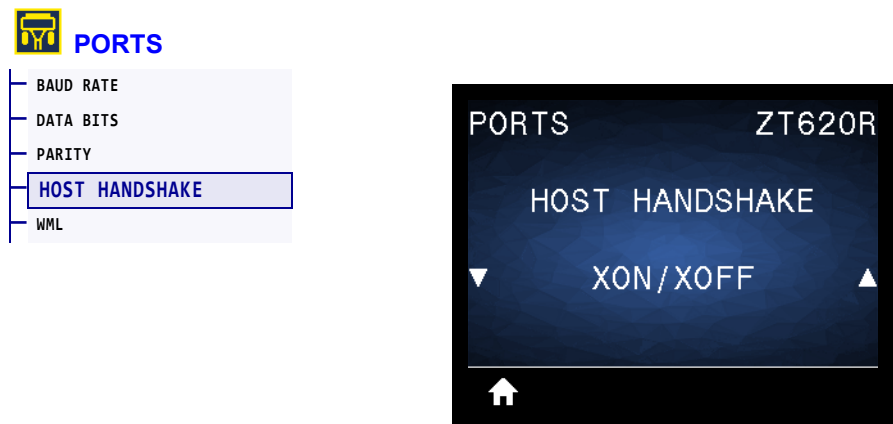
PORTS > PARITY



Select the parity value that matches the one being used by the host computer.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>NONE</li><li>EVEN</li><li>ODD</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^SC
SGD command used:	comm.parity
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup

PORTS > HOST HANDSHAKE



Select the handshake protocol that matches the one being used by the host computer.

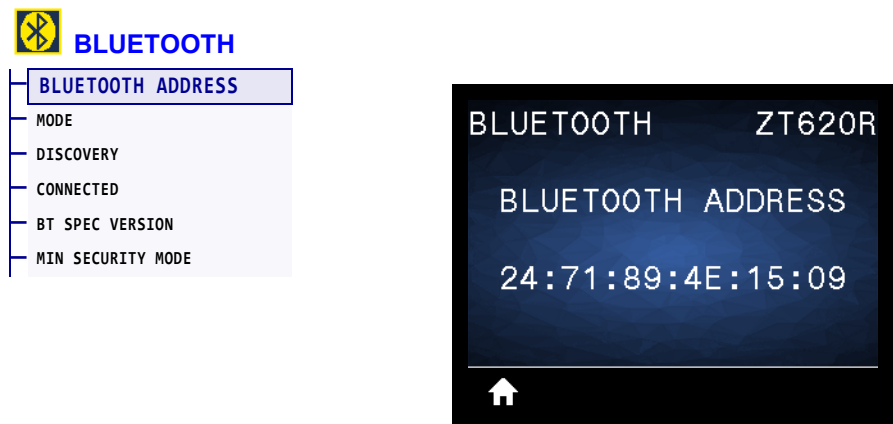
Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>XON/XOFF</li><li>RTS/CTS</li><li>DSR/DTR</li></ul>
Related ZPL command(s):	^SC
SGD command used:	comm.handshake
Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup

PORTS > WML



View the Wireless Markup Language (WML) version. This value cannot be changed.

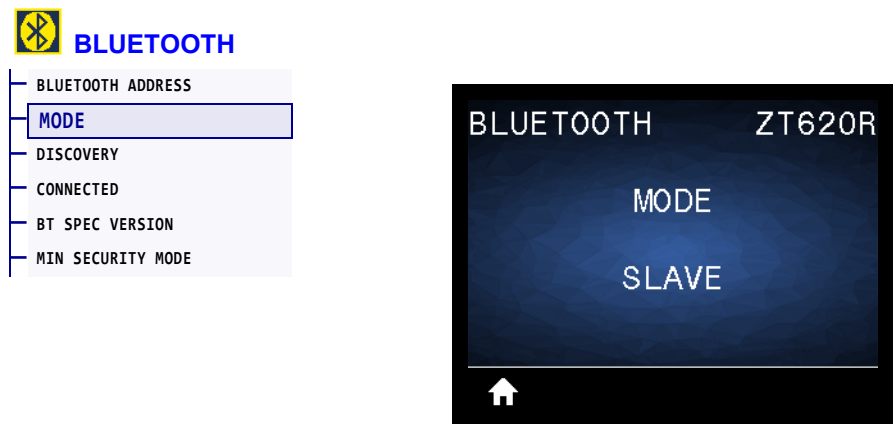
BLUETOOTH > BLUETOOTH ADDRESS



View the printer’s Bluetooth Device Address

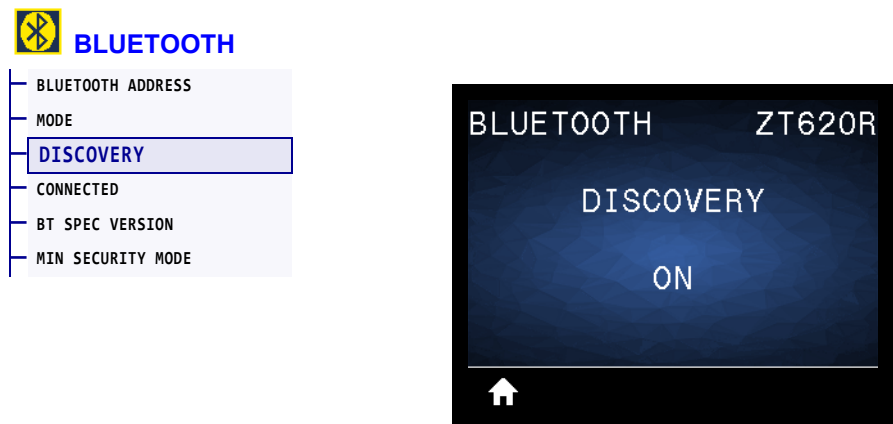
SGD command used:	bluetooth.address
-------------------	-------------------

BLUETOOTH > MODE



View the Bluetooth connection pair printer’s device type—Slave (typical) or Master.

BLUETOOTH > DISCOVERY



Select if the printer is “Discoverable” for Bluetooth device pairing.

Accepted values:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>ON</b>—Enables Bluetooth discoverable mode.</li><li>• <b>OFF</b>—Disables Bluetooth discoverable mode.</li></ul>
SGD command used:	<code>bluetooth.discoverable</code>

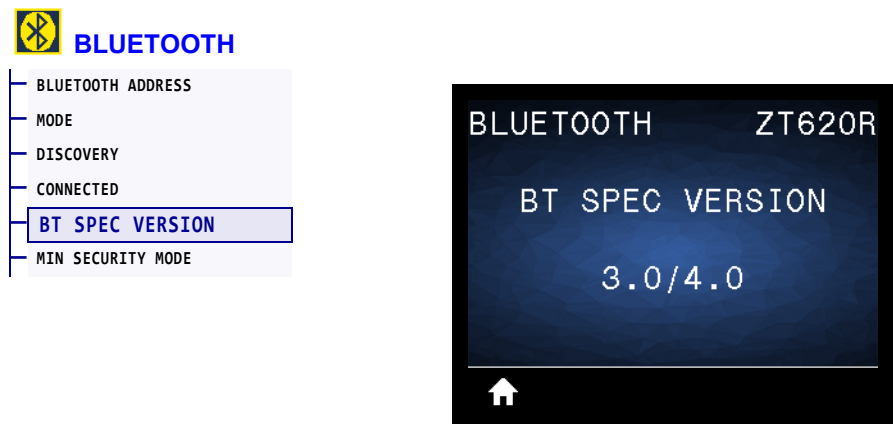


BLUETOOTH > CONNECTED



View the Bluetooth connection status to its paired device (Yes or No).

BLUETOOTH > BT SPEC VERSION



View the Bluetooth operational specification level.

SGD command used:	bluetooth.radio_version
-------------------	-------------------------

BLUETOOTH > MIN SECURITY MODE



View the printer’s Bluetooth minimum level of applied security.

## Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors

Use the procedure in this section to calibrate the printer, which adjusts the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors. For a summary of the options for initiating calibration, see [MEDIA/RIBBON CAL on page 127](#).



**Important** • Follow the calibration procedure exactly as presented. All of the steps must be performed even if only one of the sensors requires adjustment. You may press and hold CANCEL at any step in this procedure to cancel the process.

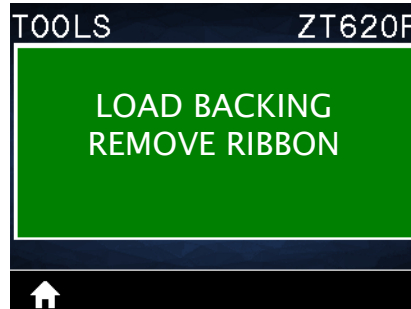
### To perform sensor calibration, complete these steps:

1. With the printer in the Ready state, initiate media and ribbon calibration in one of these ways:
  - Press and hold PAUSE + CANCEL for 2 seconds.
  - Send the `ezpl.manual_calibration` SGD command to the printer. See the *Zebra Programming Guide* for more information about this command.
  - Navigate to the following menu item on the control panel display. This item is located under the TOOLS menu and the SENSORS menu. Press RIGHT SELECT to select START.



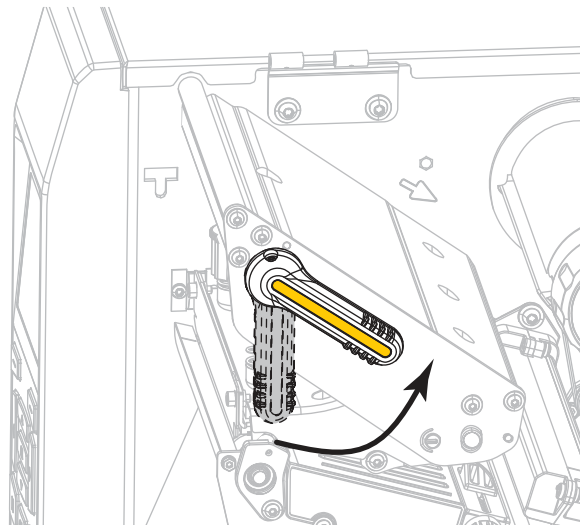
The printer does the following:

- The **STATUS light** and **SUPPLIES light** flash yellow once.
- The **PAUSE light** blinks yellow.
- The control panel displays:

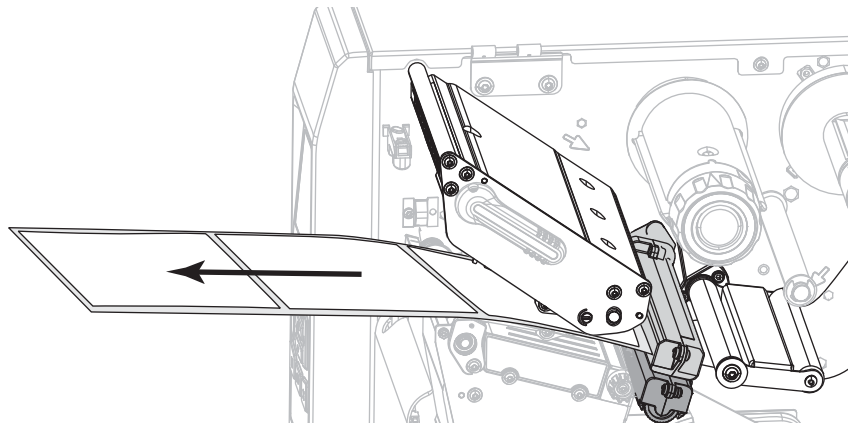


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

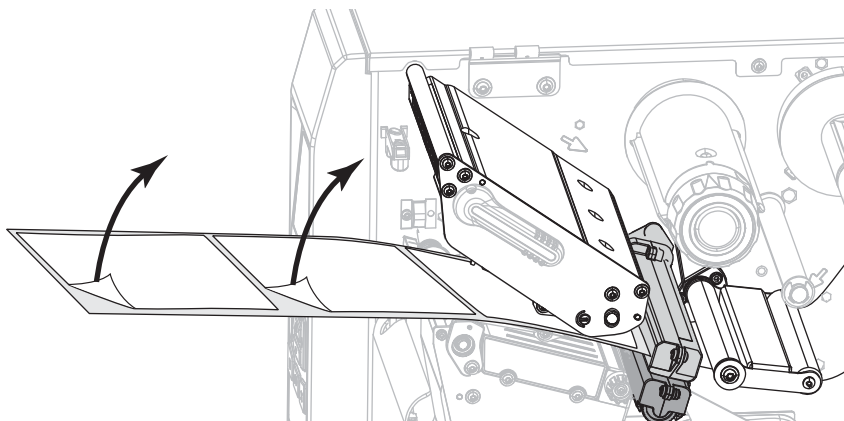
Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever upward.



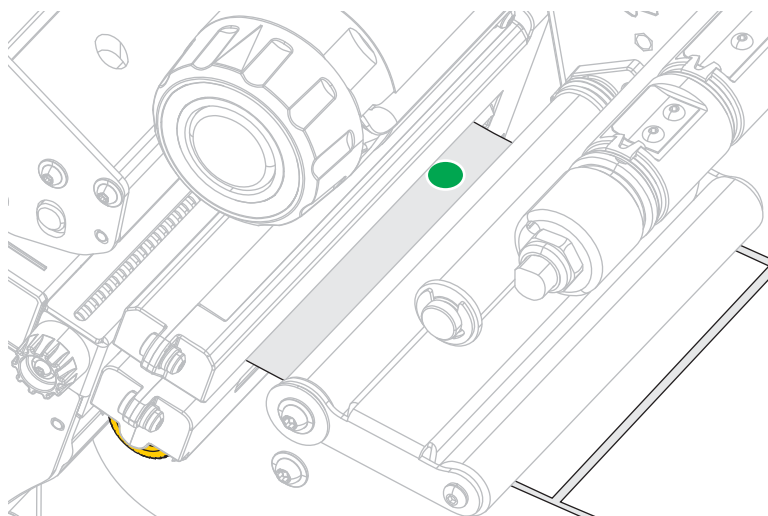
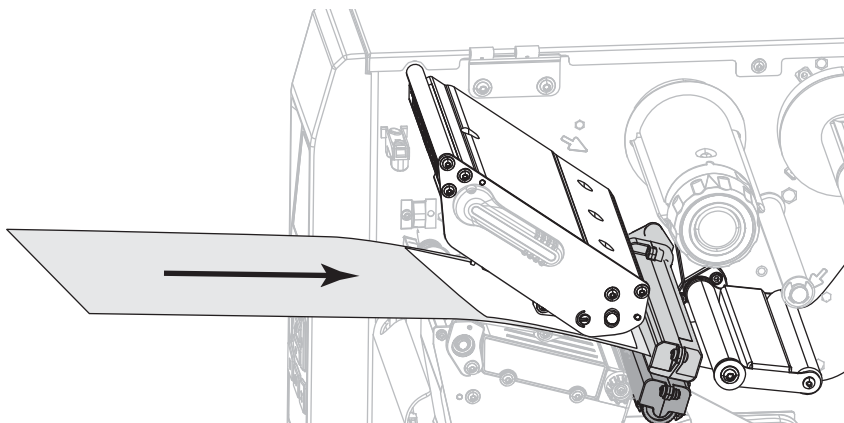
3. Extend the media approximately 8 in. (203 mm) out of the printer.



4. Remove the exposed labels so that only the liner remains.

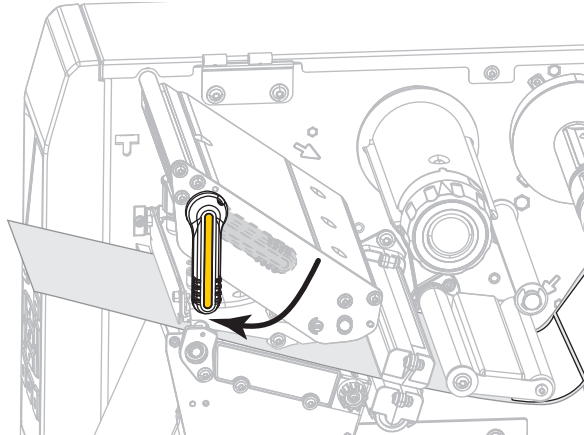


5. Pull the media into the printer so that only the backing is over the green light on the lower part of the media sensor.

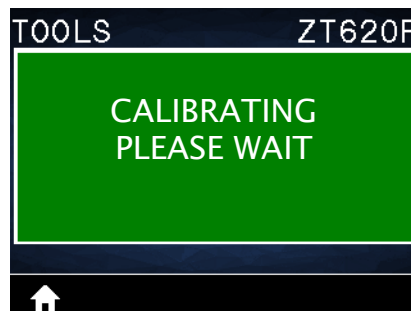


6. Remove the ribbon (if used).

7. Rotate the printhead-open lever downward until it locks the printhead in place.

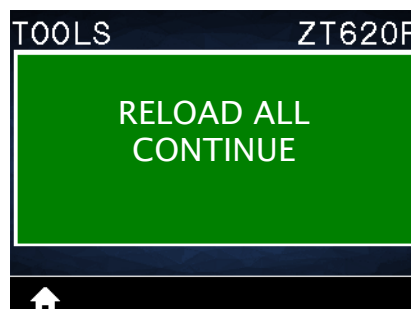


8. Press PAUSE to begin the media calibration process.
  - The **PAUSE light** turns off.
  - The **SUPPLIES light** flashes.
  - The control panel displays:

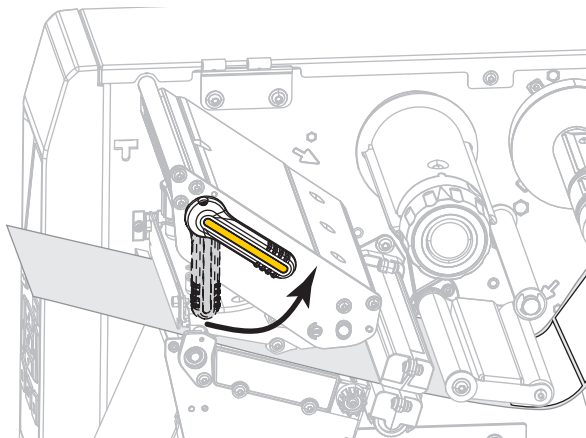


When the process is complete:

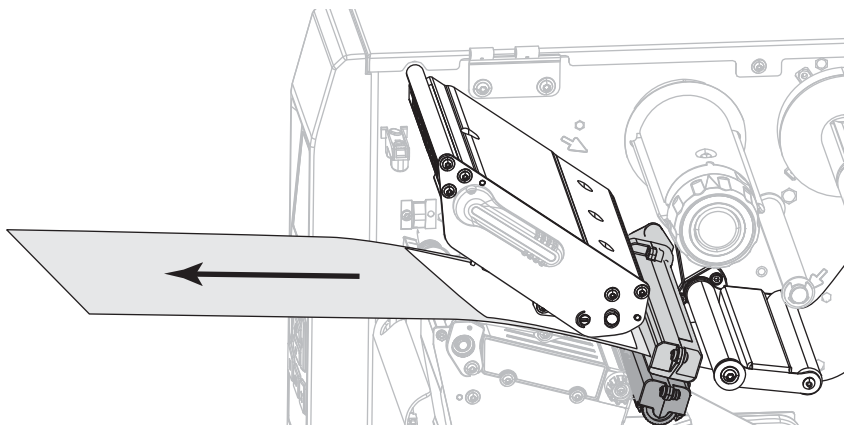
- The **SUPPLIES light** stops flashing.
- The **PAUSE light** flashes yellow.
- The control panel displays:



9. Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever upward.

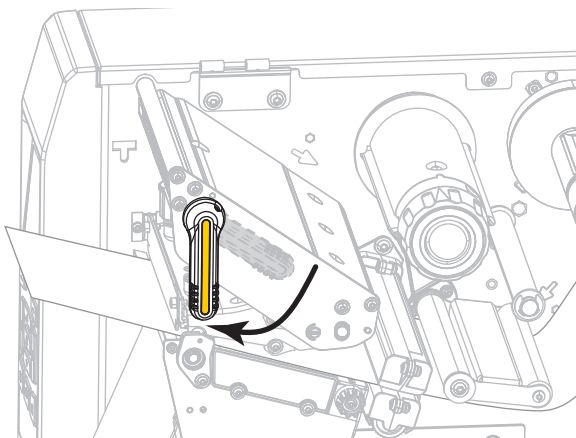


10. Pull the media forward until a label is positioned under the media sensors.



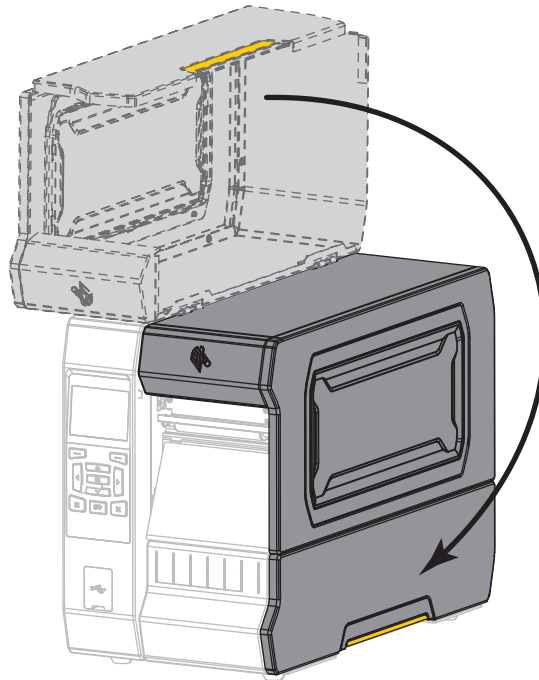
11. Reload the ribbon (if used).

12. Close the printhead.





13. Close the media door.



14. Press PAUSE to enable printing.

## Adjust the Printhead Pressure and Toggle Position

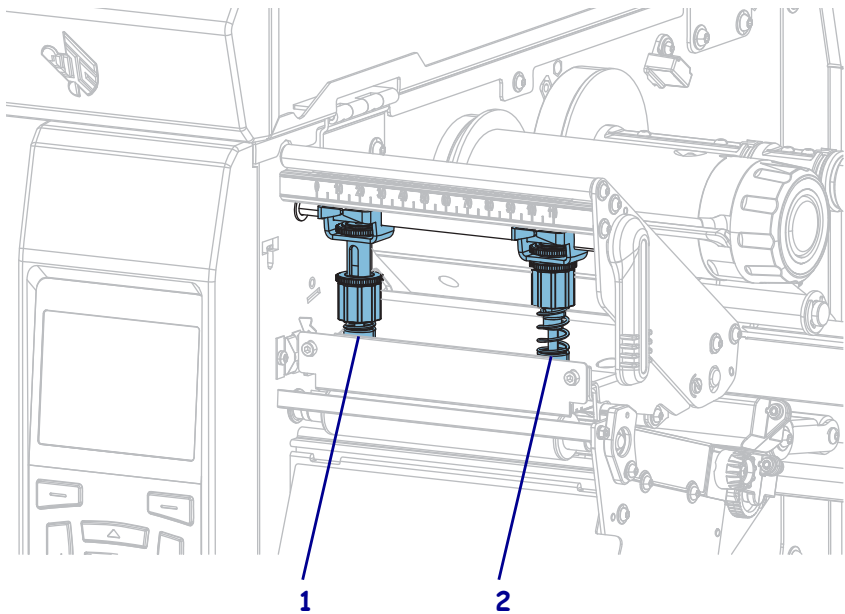
The printhead pressure toggles can be adjusted to create more or less pressure, as needed. They can also be moved from side to side to adjust the pressure in certain areas.

If the toggles are not positioned correctly or adjusted to apply the correct pressure, the following types of issues may result:

- media and ribbon may slip
- ribbon may wrinkle
- media may move from side to side during printing
- printing may be too light or too dark on one side of the media

Use the lowest printhead pressure necessary to produce good print quality. Higher pressures may cause premature wear on the printhead elements.

Figure 17 • Printhead Pressure Toggles

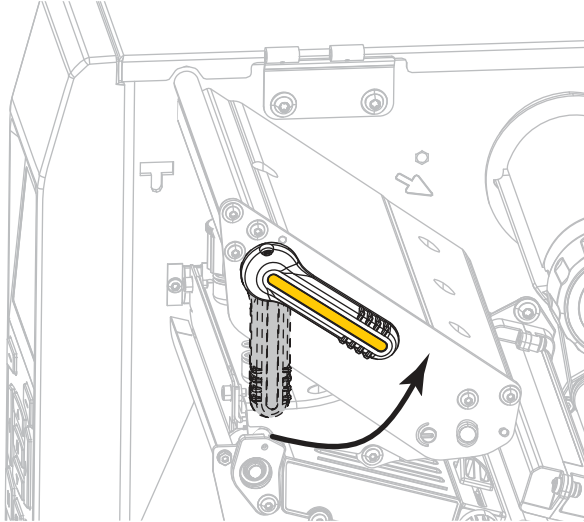


1	Inside toggle
2	Outside toggle

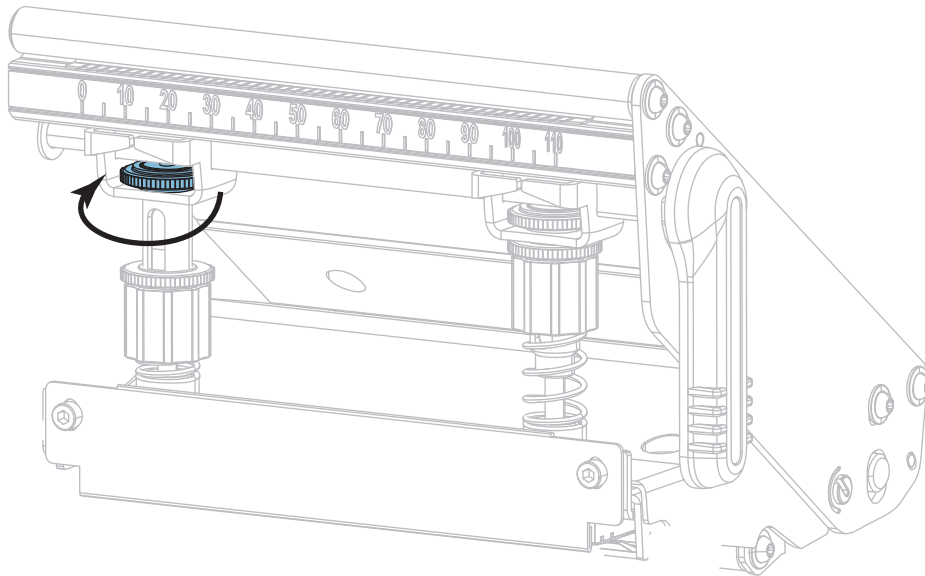
## Toggle Position Adjustment

To adjust the printhead toggle positions, complete these steps:

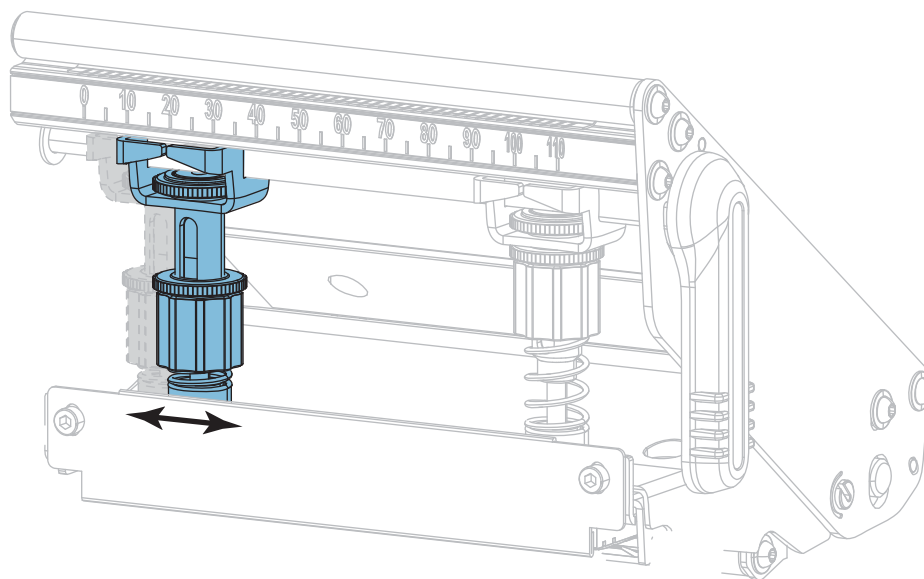
1. Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever to lessen the pressure on the toggles.



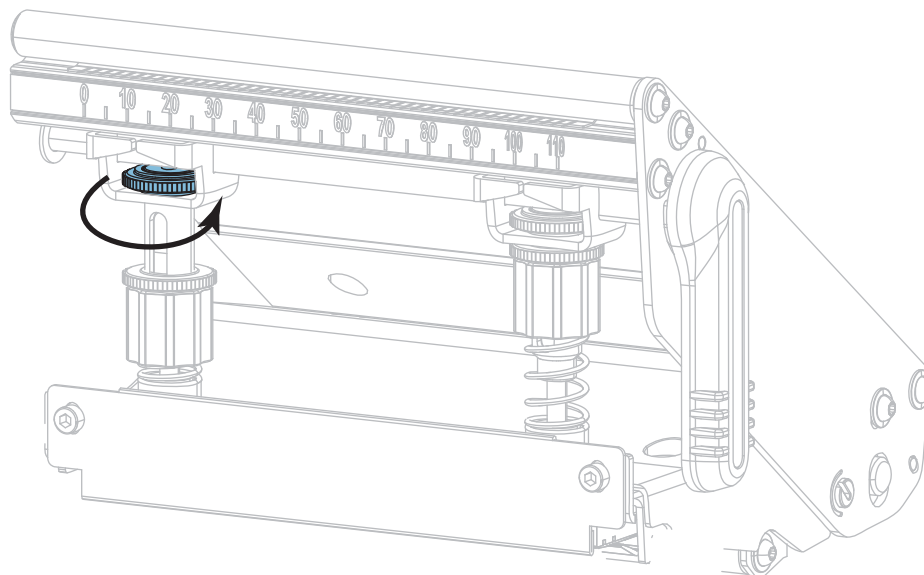
2. Loosen the locking nut at the top of the toggle to be moved.



3. Reposition the toggle as necessary to provide even pressure on the media. For extremely narrow media, position the inside toggle over the center of the media, and decrease the pressure on the outside toggle.



4. Tighten the locking nut.



## Printhead Pressure Adjustment

If positioning the toggles properly does not solve a print quality or other issue, try adjusting the printhead pressure. Maximize printhead life by using the lowest pressure that produces the desired print quality.

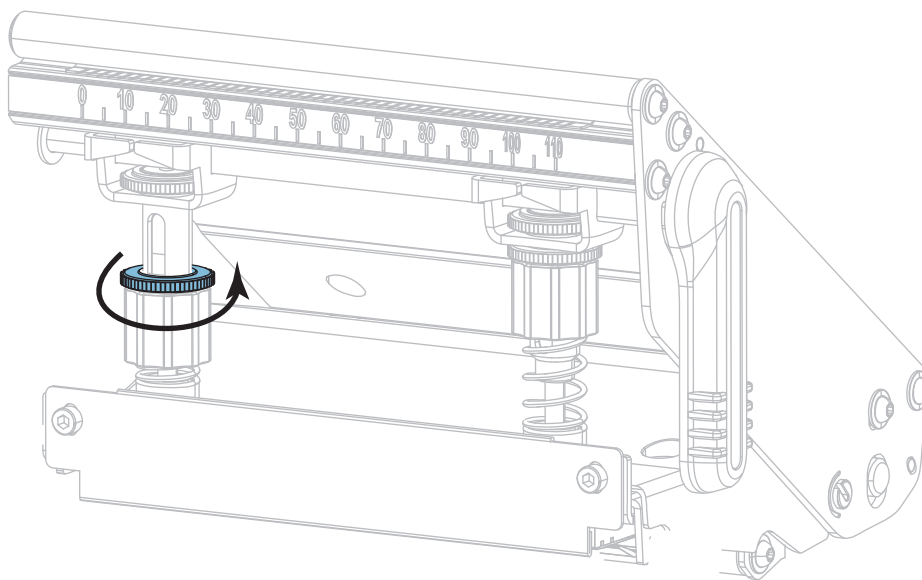
### To adjust printhead pressure, complete these steps:

1. Initiate the PRINT LINE option of *PRINT TEST FORMAT* on page 140.
2. While printing labels, use the control panel to lower the darkness setting until the labels are printing gray instead of black. (See *DARKNESS* on page 105.)
3. Are you experiencing any of the following issues?

If the media...	Then...
Requires higher pressure overall to print well	Increase the pressure on both toggles.
Requires lower pressure overall to print well	Decrease the pressure on both toggles.
Prints too lightly on the left side of the label.	Increase the pressure on the inside toggle.
Prints too lightly on the right side of the label.	Increase the pressure on the outside toggle.
Shifts left while printing	Increase the pressure on the outside toggle. OR Decrease the pressure on the inside toggle.
Shifts right while printing	Increase the pressure on the inside toggle. OR Decrease the pressure on the outside toggle.

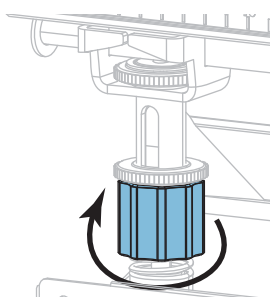
If none of these issues exist, do not continue with this procedure.

4. To make adjustments to the printhead pressure, loosen the upper knurled nut on the toggle to be adjusted.

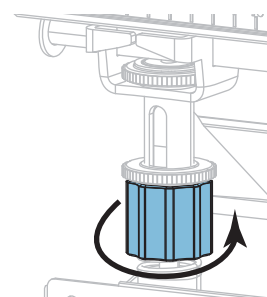


5. Increase or decrease the pressure by rotating the lower nut.

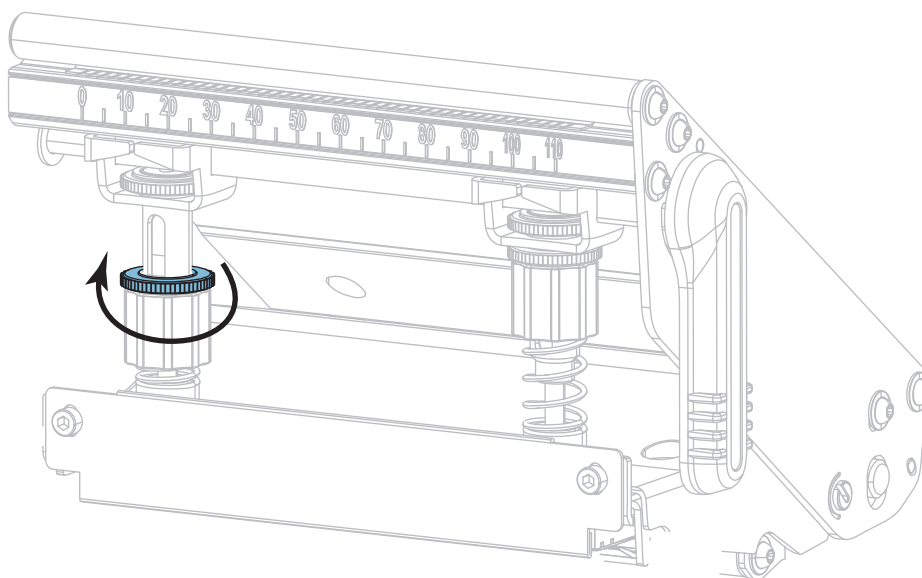
**Increase pressure**



**Decrease pressure**



6. Hold the lower nut in place and tighten the upper knurled nut.



7. If necessary, reinitiate the PRINT LINE option of *PRINT TEST FORMAT* on page 140.
8. While printing labels, use the control panel to raise the darkness setting until the labels are again printing black instead of gray. (See *DARKNESS* on page 105.)
9. Check the print quality, and if necessary, repeat this procedure until the printhead pressure is adequate.

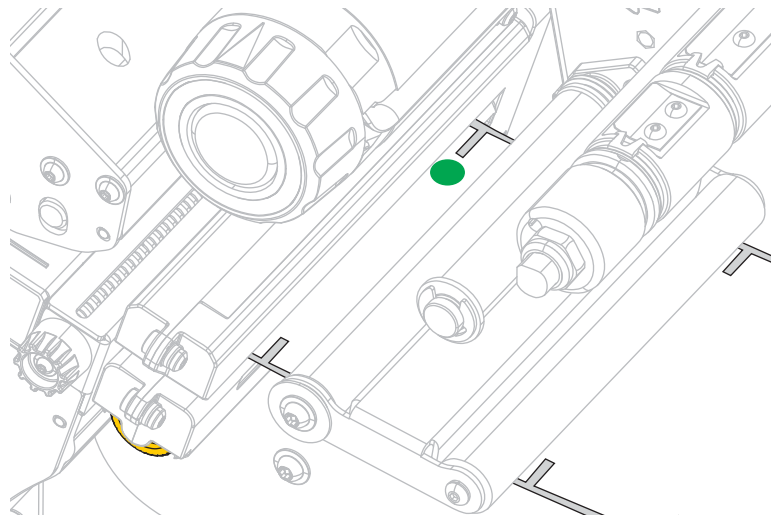
## Adjust the Sensor Position

The transmissive media sensor assembly consists of two parts: a light source and a light sensor. The lower part of the media sensor is the light source, and the upper part of the media sensor is the light sensor. The media passes between the two parts.

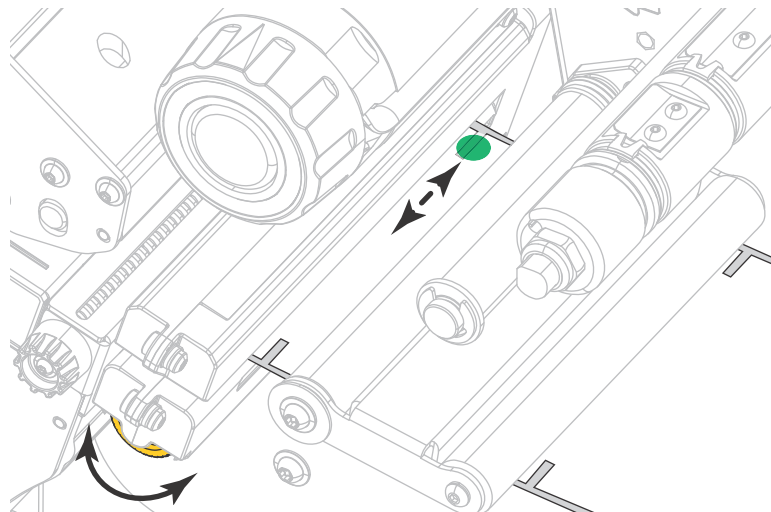
Adjust the position of the sensor only if the printer cannot detect the top of the labels. In this situation, the display shows a media out error even though there is media loaded in the printer. For non-continuous media with a notch or hole, the sensor must be positioned directly at the notch or hole.

### To adjust the transmissive media sensor position, complete these steps:

1. Remove the ribbon so you can clearly see the media path.
2. With media loaded, locate the green light that shines from the lower part of the media sensor.



3. If necessary, turn the gold transmissive sensor adjustment wheel to move the sensor until it is positioned at a notch or hole in the media.



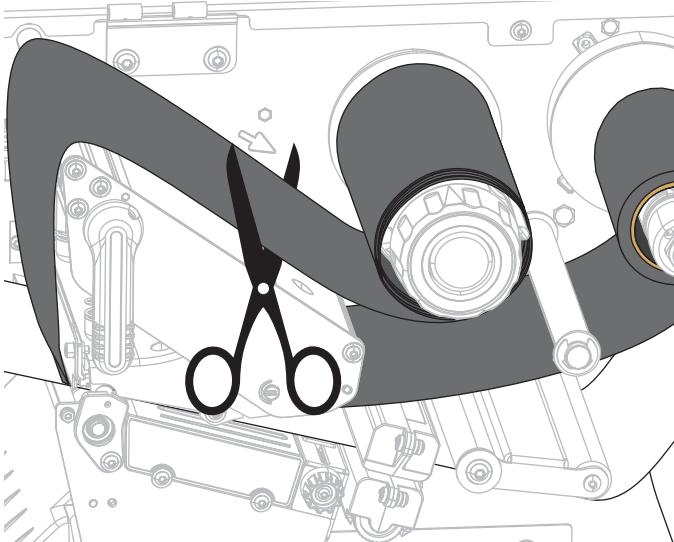


## Remove Used Ribbon

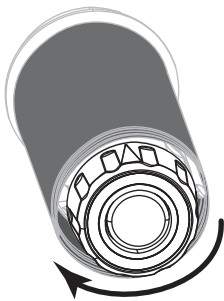
At minimum, remove used ribbon from the ribbon take-up spindle each time you change the roll of ribbon. With ribbon that is half or less the width of the printhead, remove used ribbon each time you load a new roll of media. This ensures that uneven pressure on the ribbon take-up spindle does not interfere with the ribbon release bars on the spindle.

To remove used ribbon, complete these steps:

1. Has the ribbon run out?

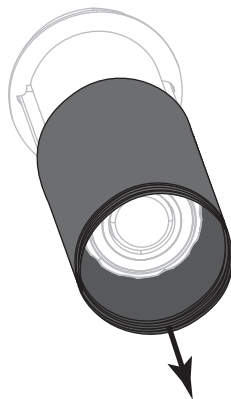
If the ribbon...	Then
Ran out	Continue with the next step.
Did not run out	Cut or break the ribbon before the ribbon take-up spindle. <div></div> <div><b>Caution</b> • Do not cut the ribbon directly on the ribbon take-up spindle. Doing so may damage the spindle.</div>

2. While holding the ribbon take-up spindle, turn the ribbon release knob to the left until it stops.



The ribbon release bars pivot down, easing the spindle’s grip on the used ribbon.

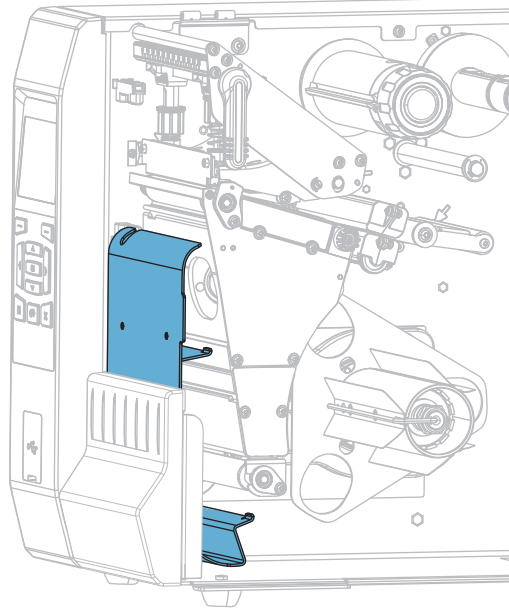
3. After the ribbon release bars have pivoted down, if possible, turn the ribbon take-up spindle one full to the right to help loosen the ribbon on the spindle.
4. Slide the used ribbon off of the ribbon take-up spindle and discard.



## Install the Rewind/Liner Take-Up Plate

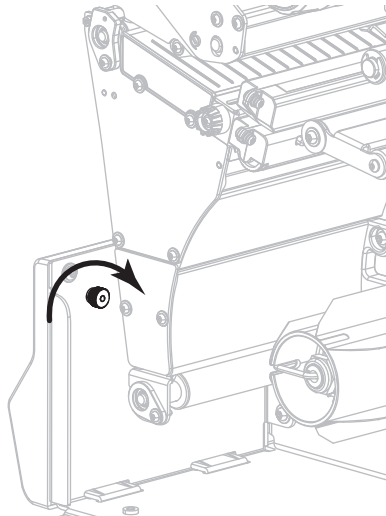
The rewind/liner take-up plate is used in different positions for Rewind mode versus Peel mode or Applicator Mode.

### Peel Mode/Applicator Mode

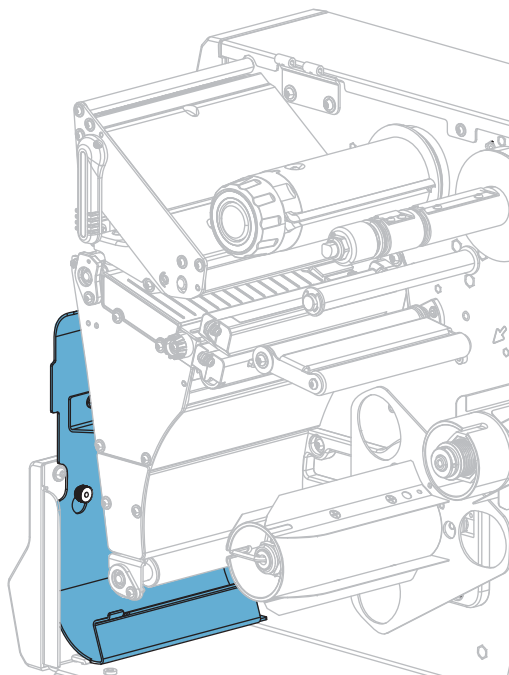


**To install the rewind/liner take-up plate for Peel mode or Applicator mode:**

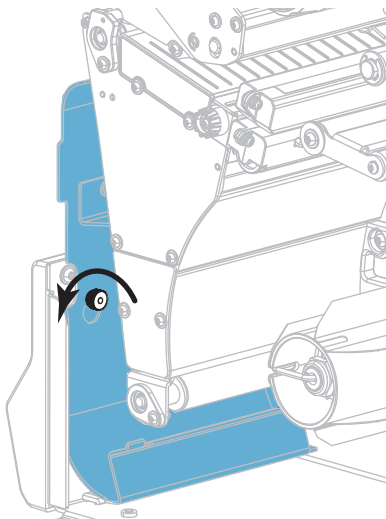
1. Loosen the knurled nut (1) on the outside stud on the printer's base.



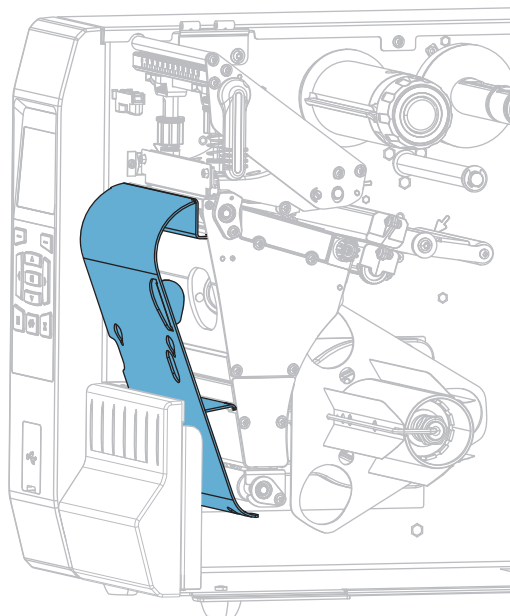
2. Align the large hole of the keyhole in the rewind/peel plate over the knurled nut, and then slide the plate down until it hits the studs.



3. Tighten the knurled nut.

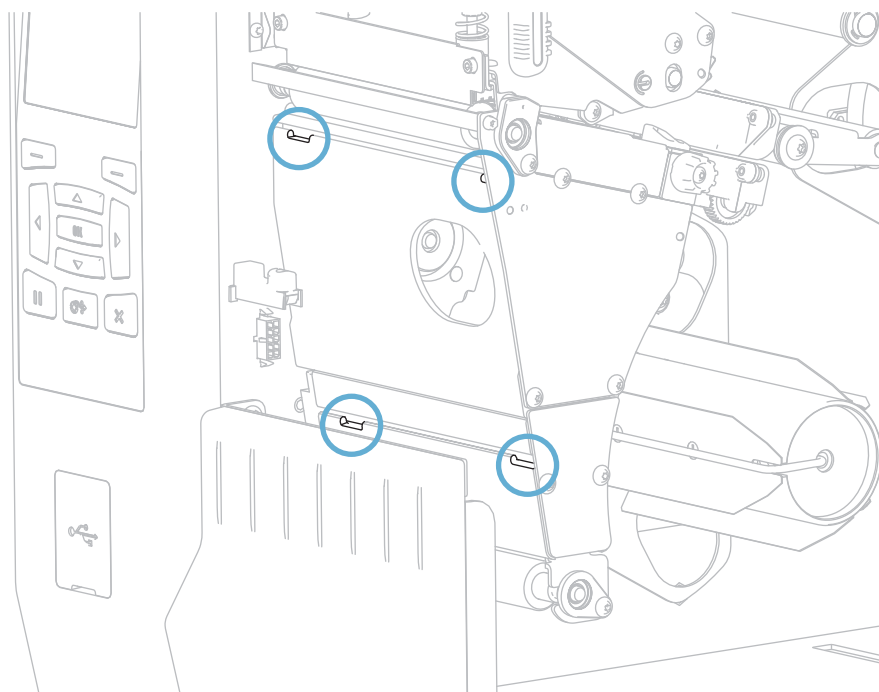


## Rewind Mode

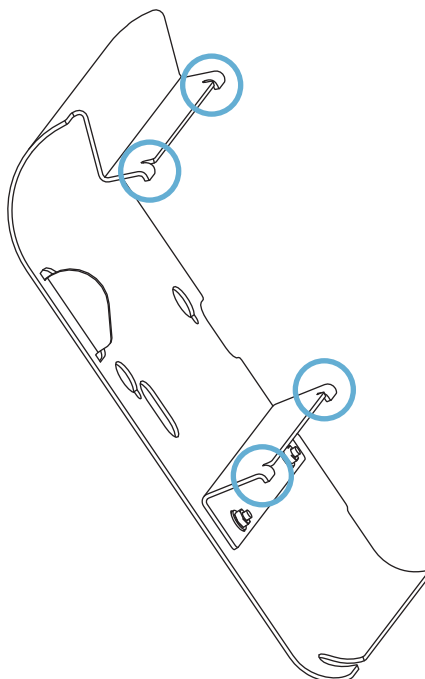


**To install the rewind/liner take-up plate for Rewind mode:**

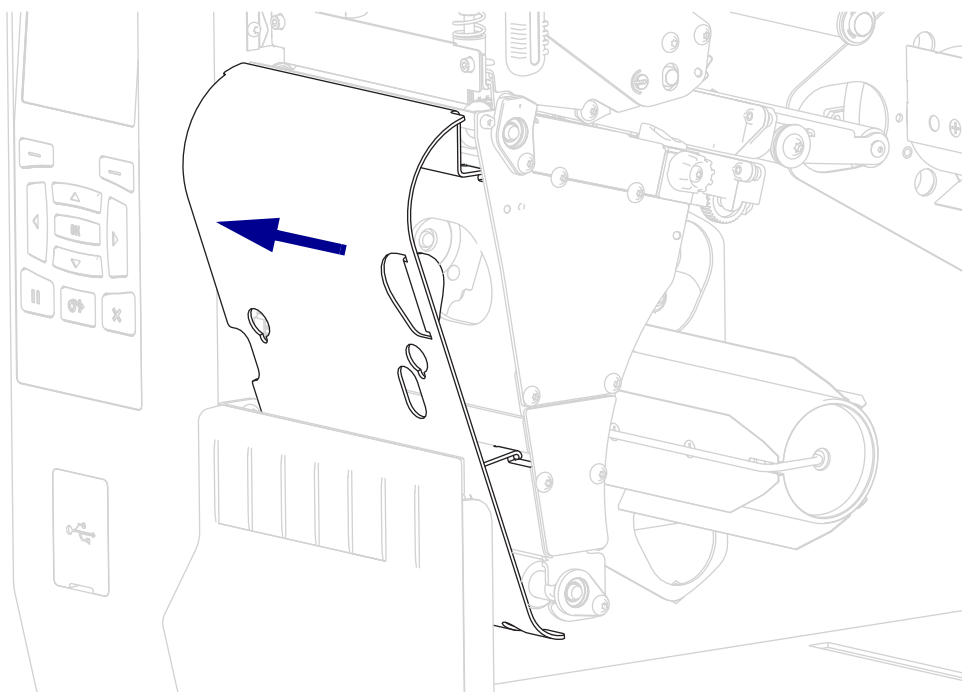
1. Locate the four mounting slots for the rewind/liner take-up plate.



2. Locate the four mounting tabs on the rewind/liner take-up plate.



3. Insert the mounting tabs of the rewind plate into the mounting slots of the printer, and then slide the rewind plate to the left until it will not go any farther.



# Routine Maintenance

This section provides routine cleaning and maintenance procedures.

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## Cleaning Schedule and Procedures

Routine preventive maintenance is a crucial part of normal printer operation. By taking good care of your printer, you can minimize the potential problems that you might have with it and help to achieve and to maintain your standards for print quality.

Over time, the movement of media or ribbon across the printhead wears through the protective ceramic coating, exposing and eventually damaging the print elements (dots). To avoid abrasion:

- Clean the printhead frequently.
- Minimize printhead pressure and burn temperature (darkness) settings by optimizing the balance between the two.
- When using Thermal Transfer mode, ensure that the ribbon is as wide or wider than the media to prevent exposing the printhead elements to the more abrasive label material.



**Important** • Zebra is not responsible for damage caused by the use of cleaning fluids on this printer.

Specific cleaning procedures are provided on the following pages. [Table 5](#) shows the recommended cleaning schedule. These intervals are intended as guidelines only. You may have to clean more often, depending upon your application and media.

**Table 5 • Recommended Cleaning Schedule**

Area		Method	Interval
Printhead		Solvent*	<b>Direct Thermal Mode:</b> After every roll of media (or 500 feet of fanfold media). <b>Thermal Transfer Mode:</b> After every roll of ribbon.
Platen roller		Solvent*	
Media sensors		Air blow	
Ribbon sensor		Air blow	
Media path		Solvent*	
Ribbon path		Solvent*	
Pinch roller (part of Peel-Off option)		Solvent*	After every roll of media (or more often, depending upon your application and media).
Cutter module	If cutting continuous, pressure-sensitive media	Solvent*	
	If cutting tag stock or label liner material	Solvent* and air blow	After every two or three rolls of media.
Tear-off/peel-off bar		Solvent*	Once a month.
Take-label sensor		Air blow	Once every six months.

\* Zebra recommends using the Preventive Maintenance Kit (p/n 47362 or p/n 105950-035 - multipack). In place of this kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in 99.7% isopropyl alcohol.

For 600 dpi printers, use Save-a-Printhead cleaning film. This specially coated material removes contamination buildup without damaging the printhead. Call your authorized reseller or distributor for more information.



## Clean the Exterior, the Media Compartment, and the Sensors

Over time, dust, grime, and other debris may build up on the outside and inside of your printer, particularly in a harsh operating environment.

### Printer Exterior

You may clean the exterior surfaces of the printer with a lint-free cloth and a small amount of a mild detergent, if necessary. Do not use harsh or abrasive cleaning agents or solvents.

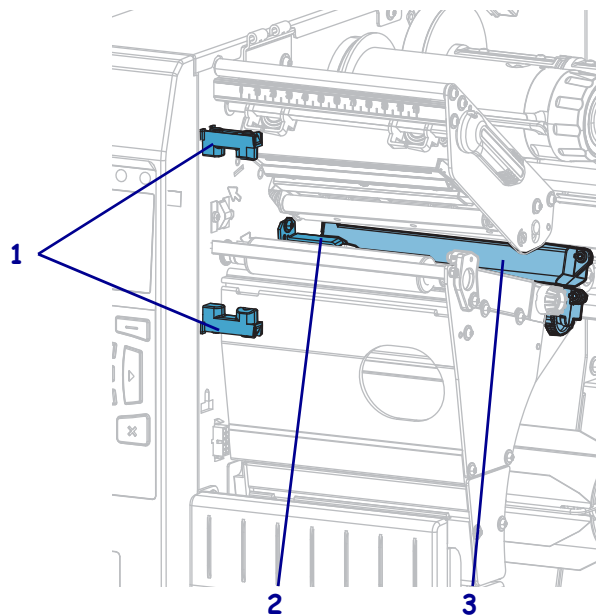


**Important** • Zebra is not responsible for damage caused by the use of cleaning fluids on this printer.

### Media Compartment and Sensors

To clean the sensors, complete these steps:

1. Brush, air blow, or vacuum any accumulated paper lint and dust away from the media and ribbon paths.
2. Brush, air blow, or vacuum any accumulated paper lint and dust away from the sensors.



1	Take-label sensor
2	Ribbon sensor
3	Media sensor

## Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller

Inconsistent print quality, such as voids in the barcode or graphics, may indicate a dirty printhead. For the recommended cleaning schedule, see [Table 5 on page 212](#).

---

**Caution** • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.

---



---

**Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

---



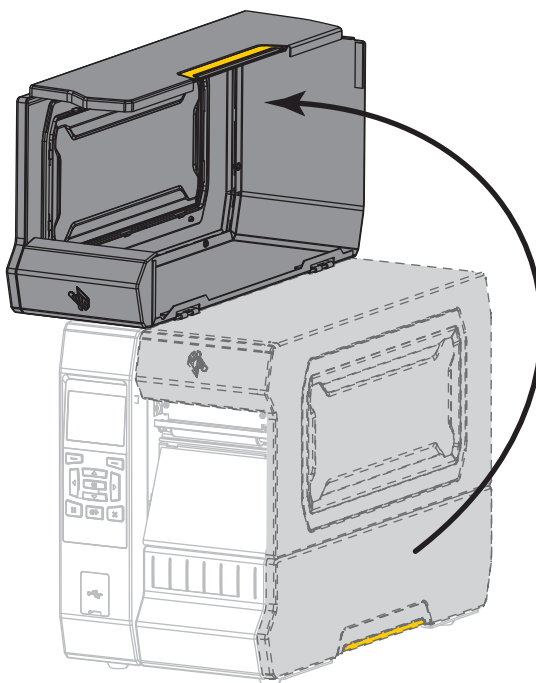
---

**Caution** • Before touching the printhead assembly, discharge any built-up static electricity by touching the metal printer frame or by using an antistatic wriststrap and mat.

---

**To clean the printhead and platen roller, complete these steps:**

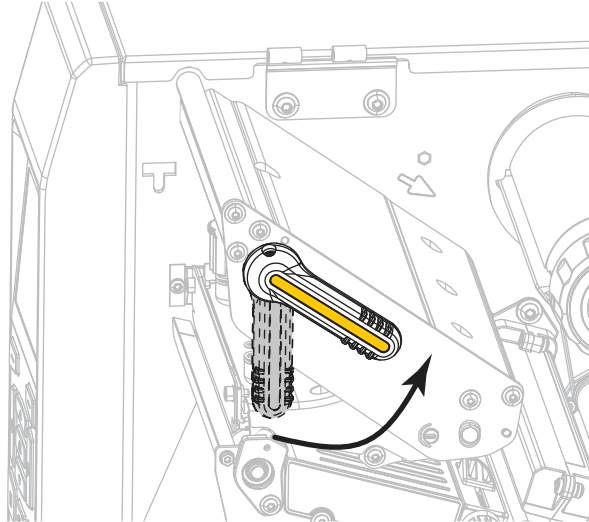
1. Raise the media door.



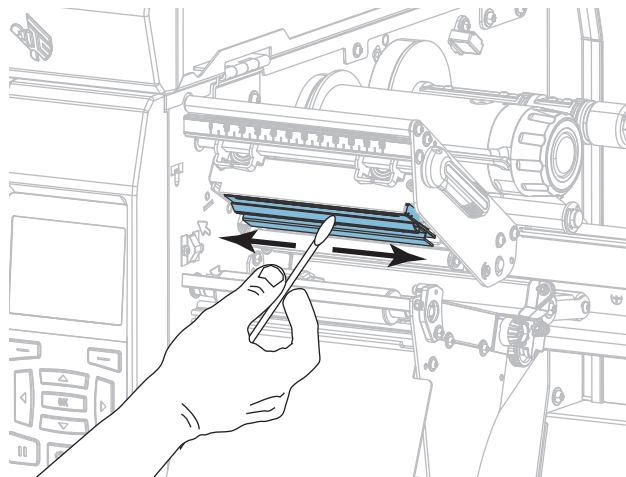


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

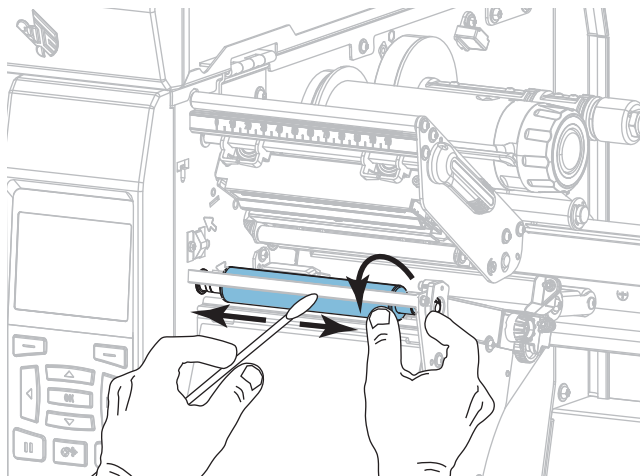
Open the printhead assembly by rotating the printhead-open lever upward.



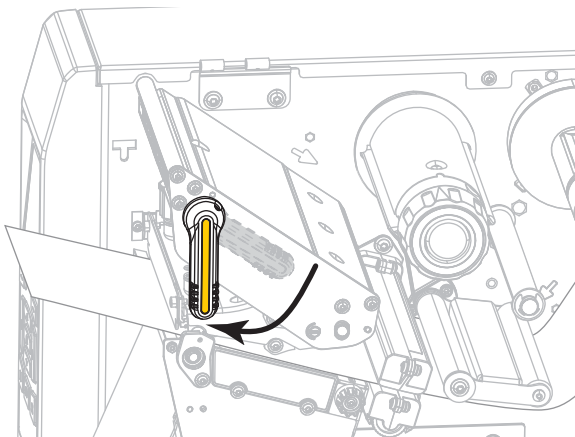
3. Remove the ribbon (if used) and the media.
4. Using the swab from a Zebra Preventive Maintenance Kit, wipe along the brown strip on the printhead assembly from end to end. In place of the Preventive Maintenance Kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in 99.7% isopropyl alcohol. Allow the solvent to evaporate.



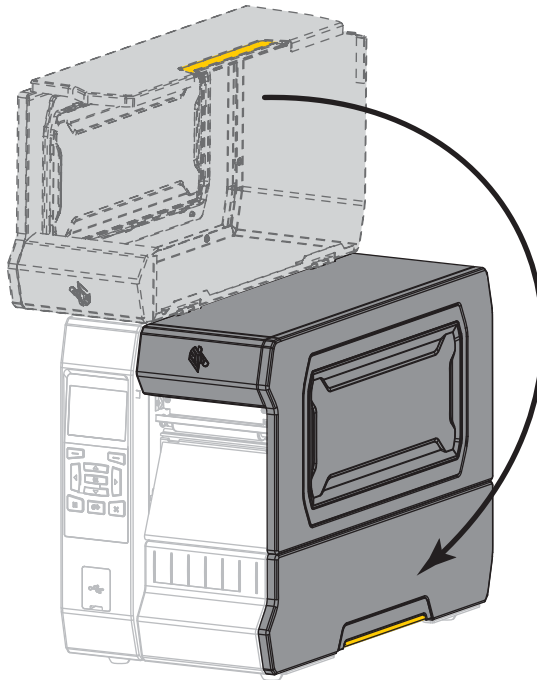
5. While manually rotating the platen roller, clean it thoroughly with the swab. Allow the solvent to evaporate.



6. Reload the ribbon (if used) and the media. For instructions, see [Load the Ribbon on page 58](#) or [Load the Media on page 32](#).
7. Rotate the printhead-open lever downward until it locks the printhead in place.



8. Close the media door.



The printer is ready to operate.

9. Press PAUSE to exit pause mode and enable printing.

The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.



**Note •** If performing this procedure does not improve print quality, try cleaning the printhead with *Save-A-Printhead* cleaning film. This specially coated material removes contamination buildup without damaging the printhead. Call your authorized Zebra reseller for more information.

## Clean the Cutter Module

If the cutter is not cutting the labels cleanly or if it jams with labels, clean the cutter blades.



---

**Caution** • For personnel safety, always power off and unplug the printer before performing this procedure.

---

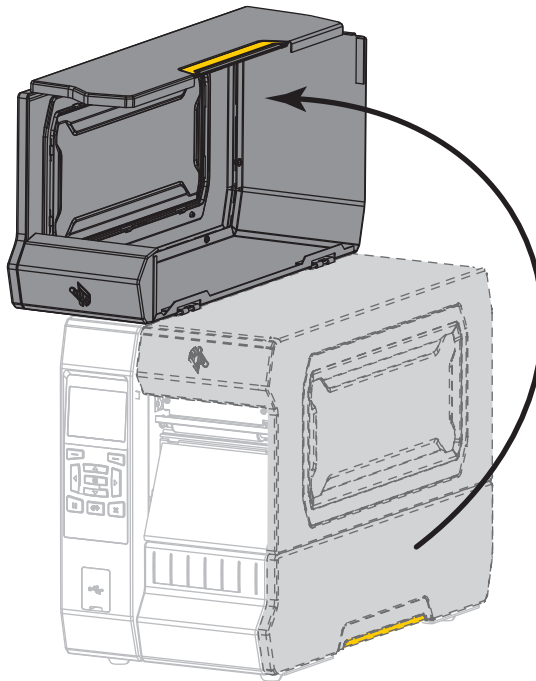
### To clean the cutter module, complete these steps:



1. **Caution** • Turn off (O) the printer and disconnect it from the power source before performing the following procedure.
- 

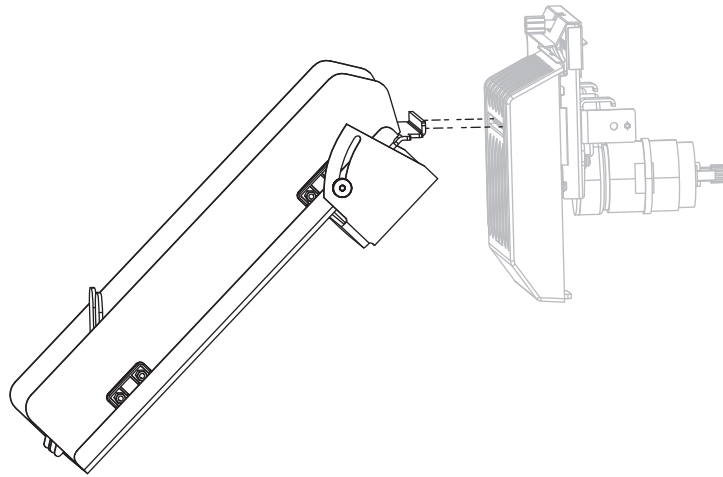
Turn off (O) the printer and disconnect the AC power cord.

2. Raise the media door.

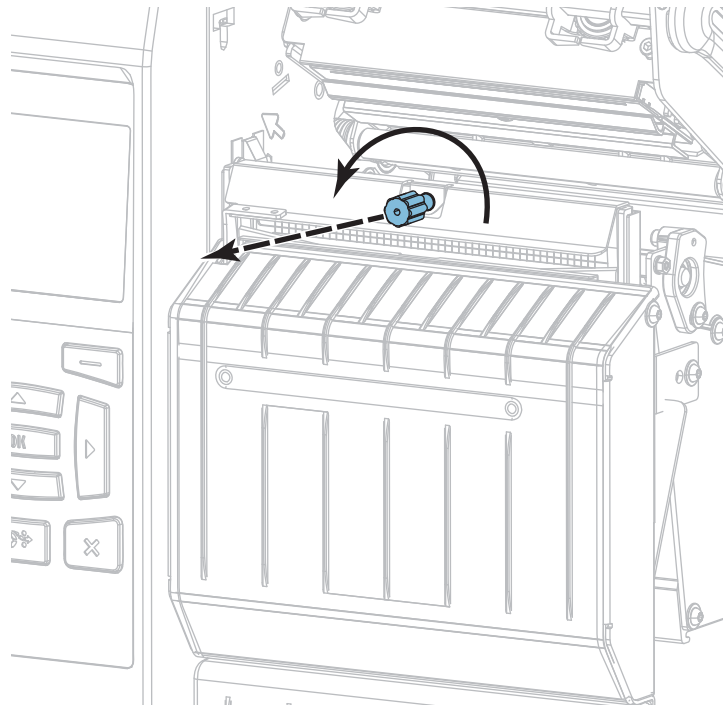


3. Remove the media from the cutter module.

4. Remove the cutter catch tray (if used).



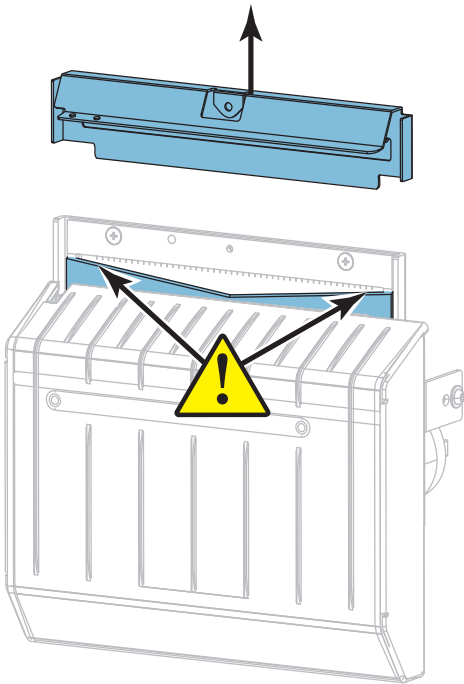
5. Loosen and remove the thumbscrew and lock washer on the cutter shield.





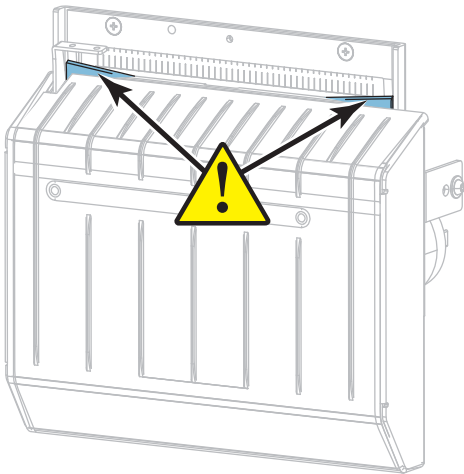
6.
- Caution • The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers.

Remove the cutter shield.

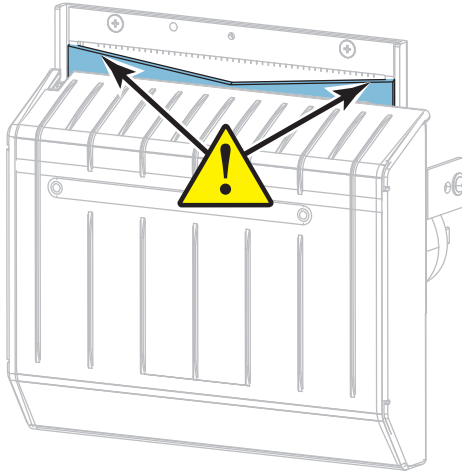


7.
- Is the cutter blade fully exposed?

Blade in lowered position



Blade fully exposed



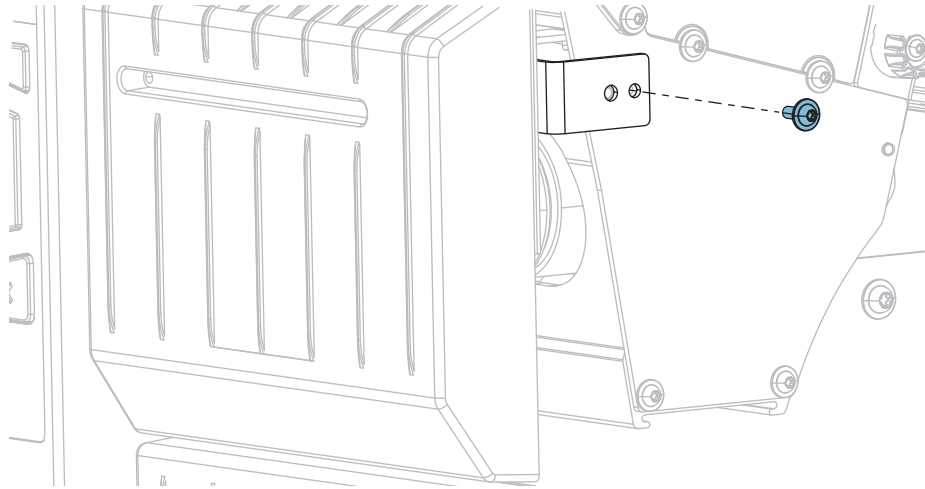
If the blade is...	Then... (d1_CellHead_Left)
Lowered	Continue with <a href="#">step 8</a> to remove the cutter module from the printer so that you can rotate the blade upward.
Fully exposed	Skip to <a href="#">step 9 on page 223</a> .



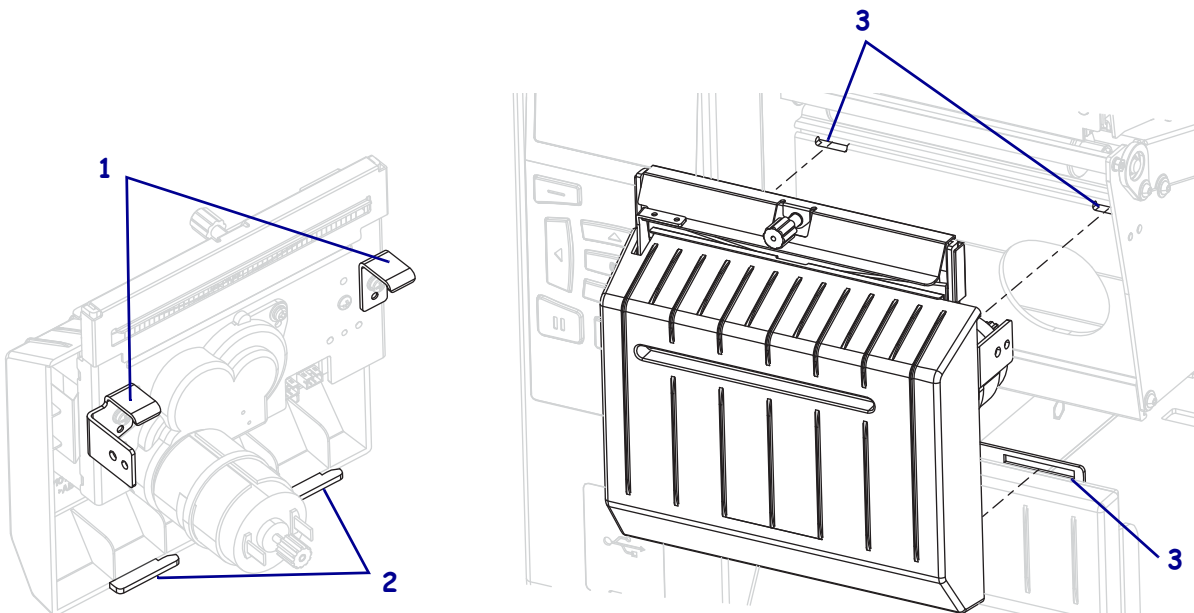


8. **Important** • This part of the procedure should be performed only by experienced users and only when the cutter blade is not fully exposed for cleaning, as shown in the previous step.

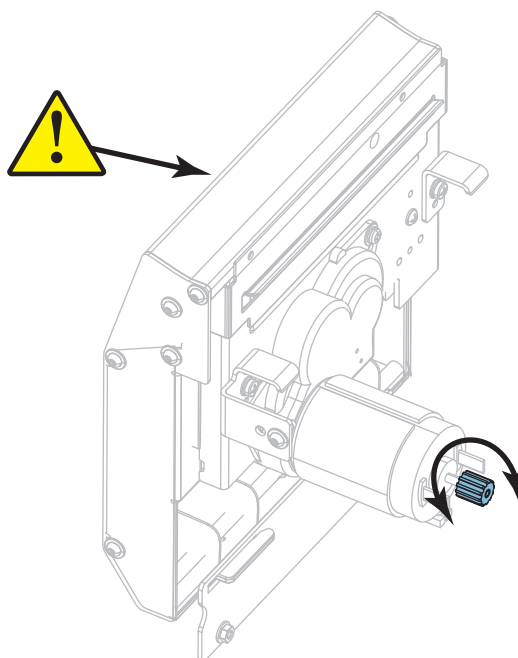
8-a. Remove the cutter mounting screw.



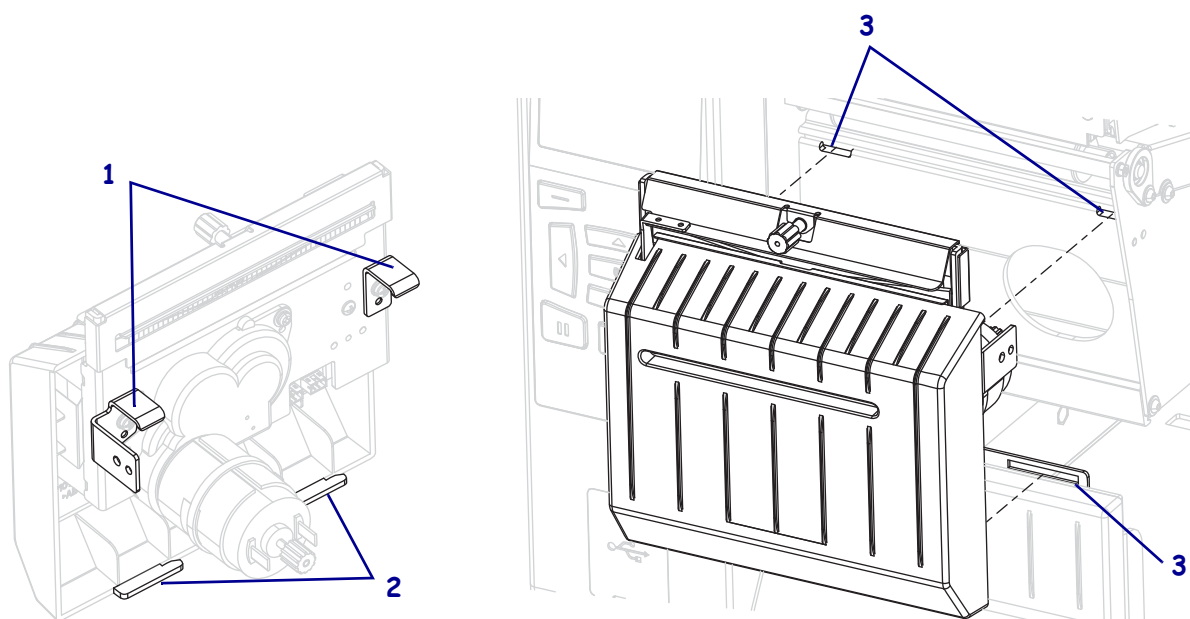
- 8-b. Slide the cutter module to the right to align the cutter assembly tabs (1) and cutter cover tabs (2) with the corresponding slots (3) in the printer, and then lift the cutter module out of the printer. Take care not to damage the wires that connect the cutter module to the printer. If desired, you may disconnect these wires.



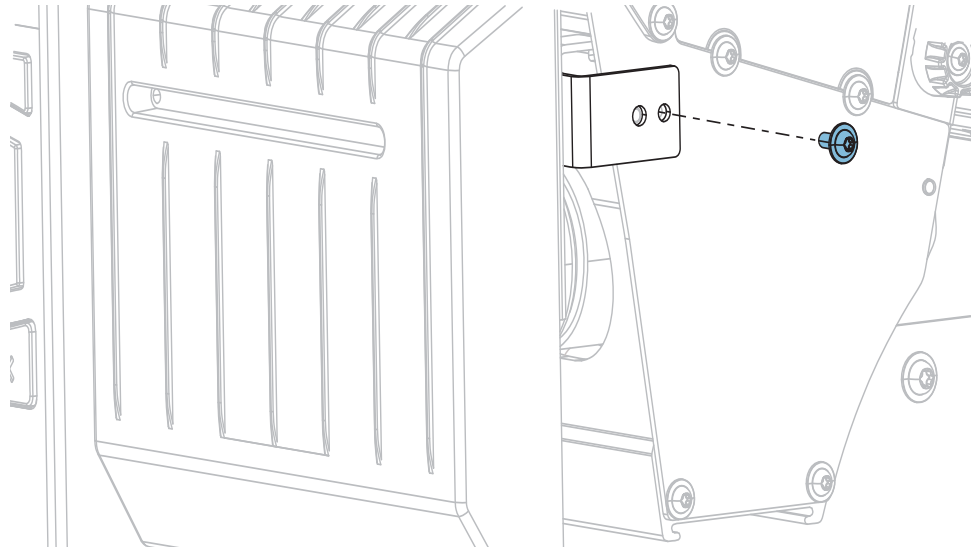
- 8-c.** On the back of the cutter module, rotate the cutter motor thumbscrew to fully expose the cutter blade.



- 8-d.** If you disconnected the wires that connect the cutter module to the printer, reconnect them.
- 8-e.** Align the cutter assembly tabs (1) and cutter cover tabs (2) with the corresponding slots (3) in the printer, and then slide the cutter assembly back into the printer. Take care not to damage the wires that connect the cutter module to the printer.

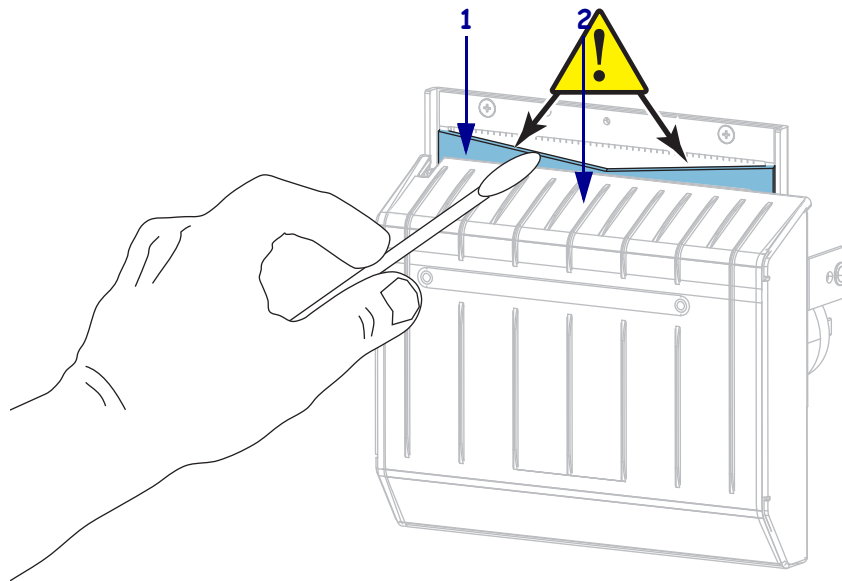


- 8-f.** Slide the cutter module to the left, and then reinstall the cutter mounting screw.



- 8-g.** Continue with [step 9](#).

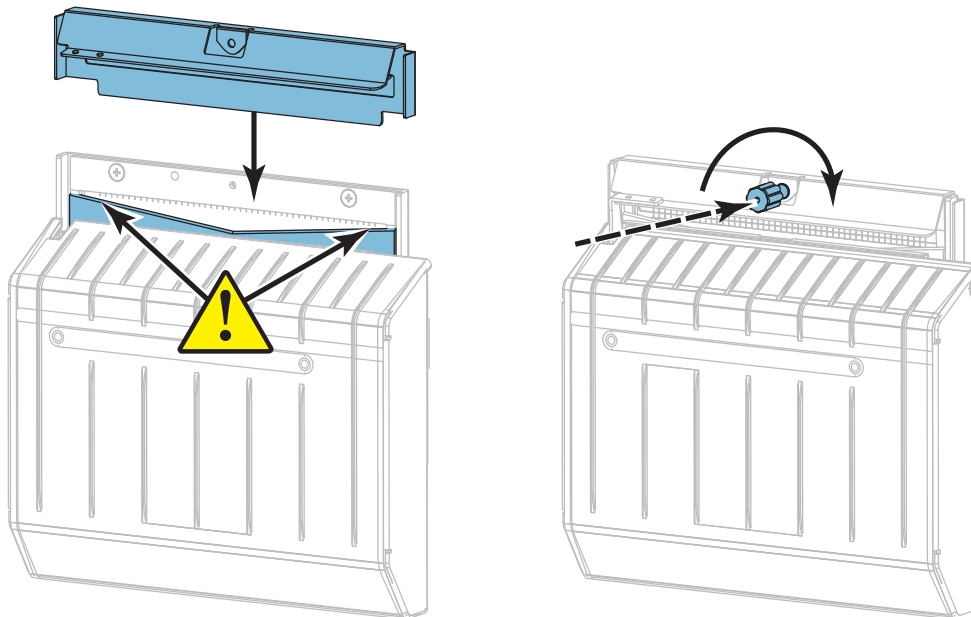
- 9.** Using the swab from the Preventive Maintenance Kit (part number 47362), wipe along the upper cutting surface (1) and the cutter blade (2). In place of the Preventive Maintenance Kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in 99.7% isopropyl alcohol. Allow the solvent to evaporate.





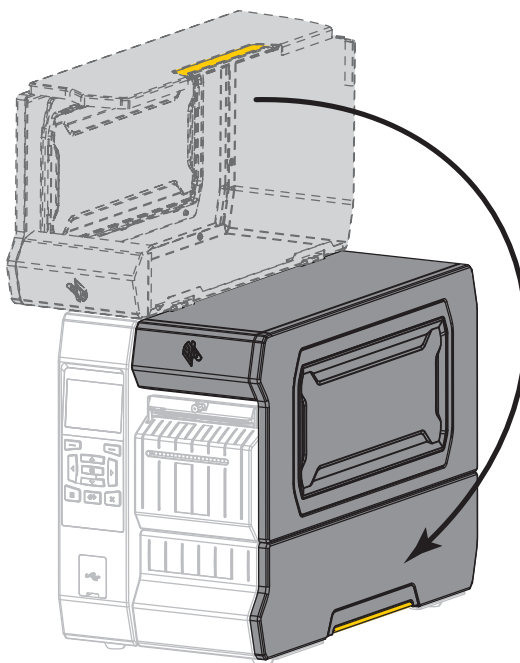
10. **Caution** • The cutter blade is sharp. For operator safety, replace the cutter shield.

Replace the cutter shield and secure it with the thumbscrew and lock washer that you removed earlier.

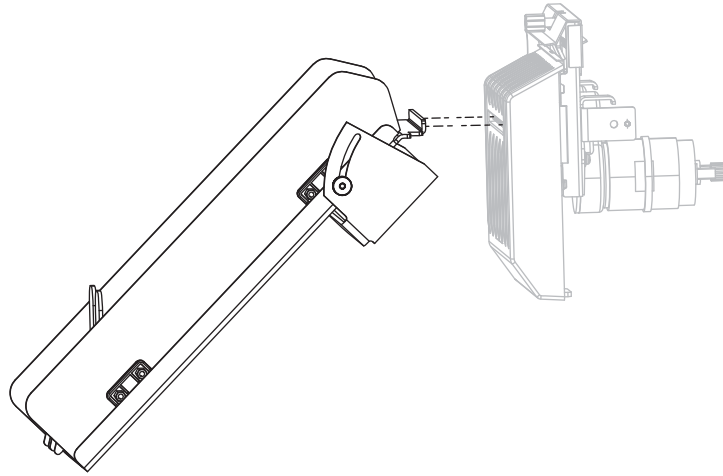


11. Reinstall the media.

12. Close the media door.



- 13.** Plug the printer into its power source, and then turn on (I) the printer.  
The cutter blade returns to its operating position.
- 14.** Reinstall the cutter catch tray (if used).



- 15.** If the cutter continues to perform unsatisfactorily, contact an authorized service technician.

## Replacing Printer Components

Some printer components, such as the printhead and platen roller, may wear out over time and can be replaced easily. Regular cleaning may extend the life of some of these components. See [Table 5 on page 212](#) for the recommended cleaning intervals.

## Ordering Replacement Parts

For optimal printing quality and proper printer performance across our product line, Zebra strongly recommends the use of genuine Zebra™ supplies as part of the total solution. Specifically, the ZT600 Series printers are designed to work only with genuine Zebra™ printheads, thus maximizing safety and print quality.

Contact your authorized Zebra reseller for part ordering information.

## Recycling Printer Components



The majority of this printer's components are recyclable. The printer's main logic board may include a battery that you should dispose of properly.

Do not dispose of any printer components in unsorted municipal waste. Please dispose of the battery according to your local regulations, and recycle the other printer components according to your local standards. For more information, see <http://www.zebra.com/environment>.

## Lubrication

No lubrication is needed for this printer.

---

**Caution** • Some commercially available lubricants will damage the finish and the mechanical parts if used on this printer.

---

# Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

This section provides diagnostic tests and other information that may help you to optimize printing or to troubleshoot issues with your printer.

For videos of some common procedures, go to <http://www.zebra.com/zt600-info>.



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## QR Codes and QuickHelp Pages

With many alerts or error messages, the printer includes the option to view a QuickHelp page from a smartphone. When this option is available, the lower right-hand corner of the alert or error message displays **QR**.

### To access a QuickHelp page from an error message, do the following:

1. While the message is on the screen, press RIGHT SELECT to select **QR**.

The printer displays a QuickHelp page specific to that error message. This page includes a QR code, such as this.



2. Scan the QR code with a smartphone.

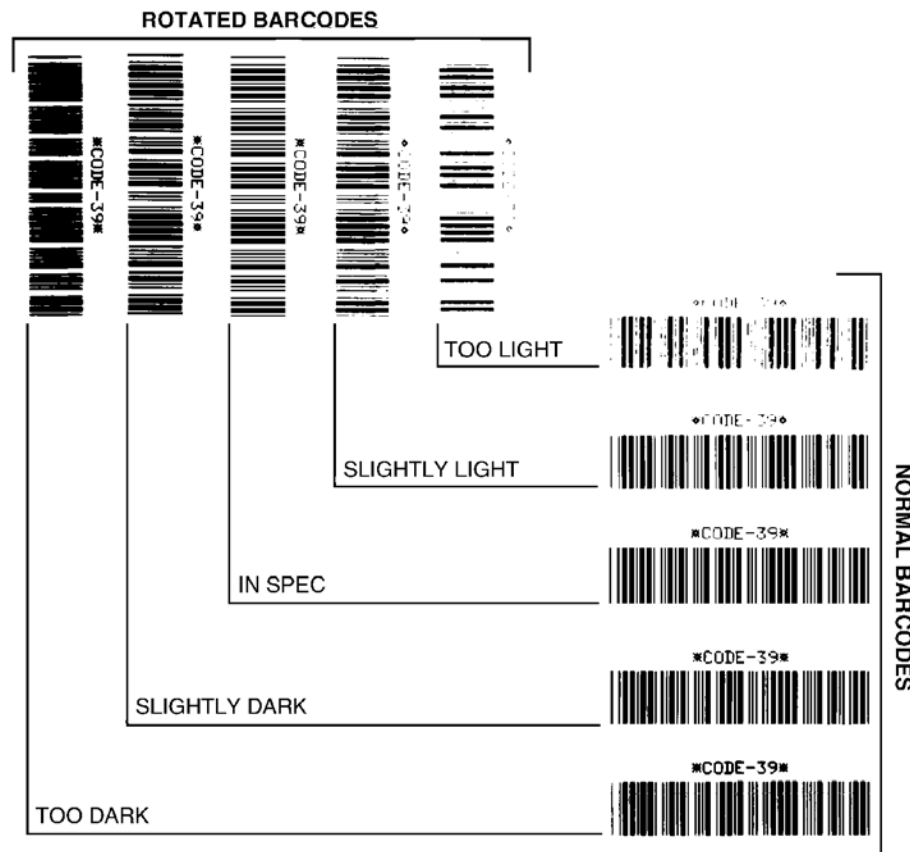
Your phone accesses either a video specific to that error message or the Zebra support page for your printer.



## Judging Barcode Quality

Figure 18 shows how printer settings such as darkness and print speed can affect the quality of barcodes. Set the print darkness to the lowest setting that provides good print quality. Tests such as the *Print Test Format Option* on page 232 and the *Optimal Darkness and Speed Test* on page 237 can be used to help determine the optimal settings for your printer and media.

**Figure 18 • Barcode Darkness Comparison**



**Too Dark** Labels that are too dark are fairly obvious. They may be readable but not “in-spec.”

- The normal barcode bars increase in size.
- The openings in small alphanumeric characters may fill in with ink.
- Rotated barcode bars and spaces run together.

**Slightly Dark** Slightly dark labels are not as obvious.

- The normal barcode will be “in-spec.”
- Small character alpha numerics will be bold and could be slightly filled in.
- The rotated barcode spaces are small when compared to the “in-spec” code, possibly making the code unreadable.

**“In-Spec”** The “in-spec” barcode can only be confirmed by a verifier, but it should exhibit some visible characteristics.

- The normal barcode will have complete, even bars and clear, distinct spaces.
- The rotated barcode will have complete, even bars and clear, distinct spaces. Although it may not look as good as a slightly dark barcode, the barcode will be “in-spec.”
- In both normal and rotated styles, small alphanumeric characters look complete.

**Slightly Light** Slightly light labels are, in some cases, preferred to slightly dark ones for “in-spec” barcodes.

- Both normal and rotated barcodes will be in spec, but small alphanumeric characters may not be complete.

**Too Light** Labels that are too light are obvious.

- Both normal and rotated barcodes have incomplete bars and spaces.
- Small alphanumeric characters are unreadable.

## Printer Diagnostic Tests

Diagnostic tests provide specific information about the condition of the printer and its components. The resulting printouts provide information that helps to determine the optimal operating conditions for the printer as well as to troubleshoot any issues.



**Important •** When performing the diagnostic tests in this section, do not send data to the printer from the host.



**Note •**

- For best results, use full-width media when performing these diagnostic tests.
- If your media is shorter than the image to be printed, the image extends onto multiple labels.
- If the printer is in applicator mode and the media liner is being taken up by the applicator, the applicator operator may need to remove test labels as they become available for you to continue.

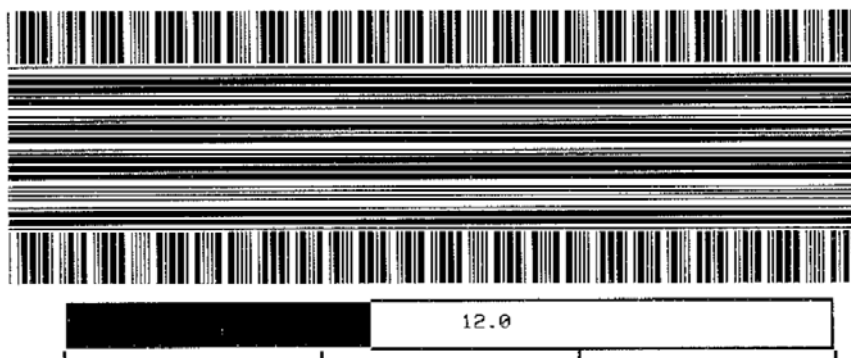
## Print Test Format Option

The option [PRINT TEST FORMAT](#) on page 140 can be used to print various labels that can assist you with troubleshooting or with making adjustments to your printer. This section describes the selections for this option.

### DARKNESS

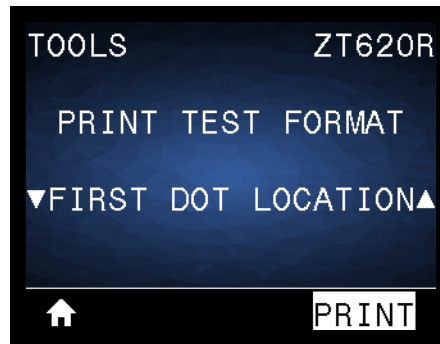


The printer repeats printing an image with incrementing darkness levels. Press CANCEL to stop the printing process at any time when the pattern is clear and legible.

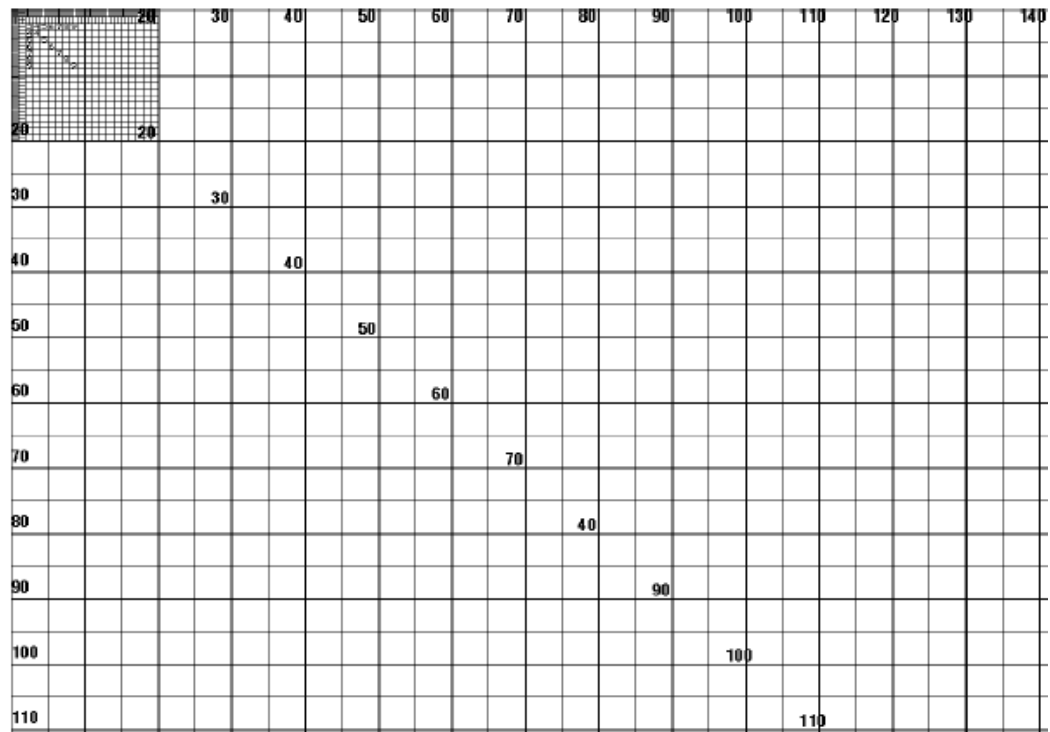


Use the numbers on the images to determine the best print darkness. If necessary, change your darkness setting to the one that gave you the best results on the above labels. (See [DARKNESS](#) on page 105.)

## FIRST DOT LOCATION

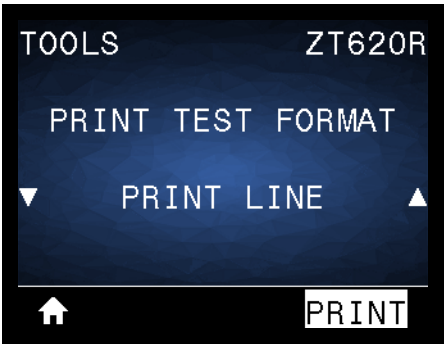


The printer prints an image to assist you with adjusting the position of the image on your labels, if necessary. The lines on the image print from the label top and left edge to identify what should be the top-left corner of the label.



If necessary, use [TEAR OFF](#) on page 109 and [LEFT POSITION](#) on page 113 to adjust the image location.

PRINT LINE



The printer initiates a test sequence that prints an ink/printhead test image multiple times and at varying speeds. These test labels can be used when making adjustments to the printer’s mechanical assemblies or to determine if any printhead elements are not working.



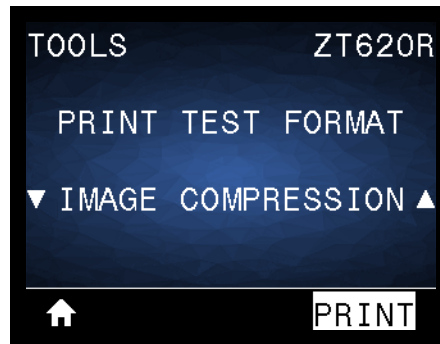
During each phase of the test sequence, the printer prints a number of labels at a particular speed and then pauses.

- Press PAUSE to print additional labels at the same speed.
- Press CANCEL to move to the next phase of the test sequence.
- Press and hold CANCEL to exit the test sequence.

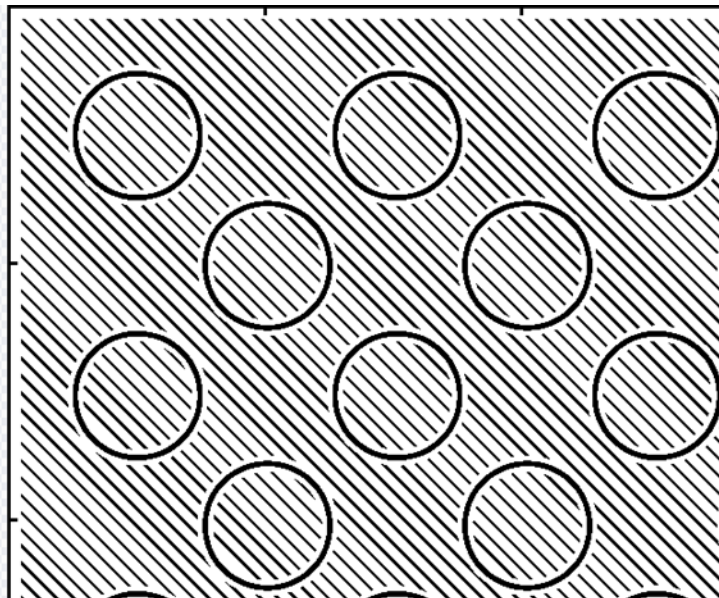
Phase	Number of Labels Printed Each Time	Print Speed
1	15 labels	the printer’s slowest speed
2	15 labels	6 in. (152 mm) per second
3	50 labels	the printer’s slowest speed
4	50 labels	6 in. (152 mm) per second
5	50 labels	the printer’s maximum speed

As an alternate way to initiate the PRINT LINE test sequence, reboot the printer while holding PAUSE. Release PAUSE when the first control panel light turns off. (Formerly called a PAUSE self test.)

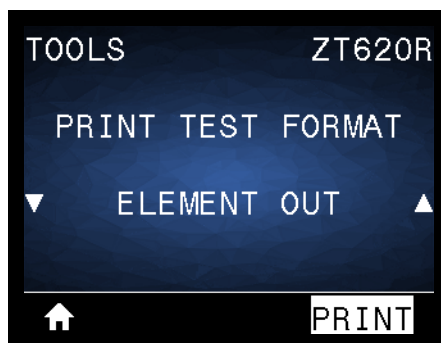
## IMAGE COMPRESSION



The printer prints an image with diagonal lines, circles, and hash marks at regular intervals around the edges of the image to assist with issues regarding compression or stretching of an image. You can measure the distance between the hash marks or compare the circles and lines to verify if things are being distorted.



## ELEMENT OUT



The printer prints a horizontal image designed to show if a printhead element is not functioning.





## Optimal Darkness and Speed Test

(This test was formerly called the FEED self test.) Different types of media may require different darkness settings. This section contains a simple but effective method for determining the ideal darkness for printing barcodes that are within specifications.

During this test, labels are printed at different darkness settings and at different print speeds. The relative darkness and the print speed are printed on each label. The barcodes on these labels may be ANSI-graded to check print quality.

The darkness value starts at three settings lower than the printer's current darkness setting (relative darkness of -3) and increase until the darkness is three settings higher than the current darkness value (relative darkness of +3).

### To perform the optimal darkness and speed test, complete these steps:

1. Print a configuration label to show the printer's current settings. (See [PRINT INFORMATION](#) on page 120.)
2. Turn off (O) the printer.
3. Press and hold FEED while turning on (I) the printer. Hold FEED until the first control panel light turns off.

The printer prints a series of labels ([Figure 19](#)) at various speeds and at darkness settings higher and lower than the darkness value shown on the configuration label.

**Figure 19 • Sample Darkness and Speed Test Label**



4. See [Judging Barcode Quality](#) on page 229. Inspect the test labels and determine which one has the best print quality for your application. If you have a barcode verifier, use it to measure bars/spaces and calculate the print contrast. If you do not have a barcode verifier, use your eyes or the system scanner to choose the optimal darkness setting based on the labels printed in this self test.

5. Note the relative darkness value and the print speed printed on the best test label.
6. Add or subtract the relative darkness value from the darkness value specified on the configuration label. The resulting numeric value is the best darkness value for that specific label/ribbon combination and print speed.
7. If necessary, change the darkness value to the darkness value on the best test label.
8. If necessary, change the print speed to the same speed as on the best test label.

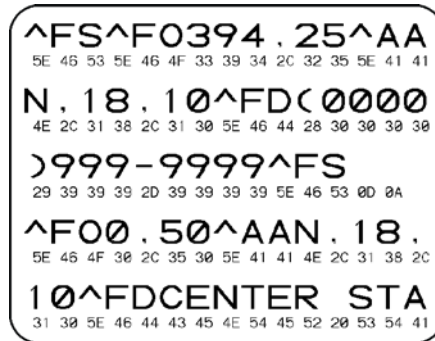
## Communication Diagnostics Test

The communication diagnostics test is a troubleshooting tool for checking the interconnection between the printer and the host computer. When the printer is in diagnostics mode, it prints all data received from the host computer as straight ASCII characters with the hex values below the ASCII text. The printer prints all characters received, including control codes such as CR (carriage return). [Figure 20](#) shows a typical test label from this test.



**Note** • The test label prints upside-down.

**Figure 20 • Sample Communications Diagnostics Test Label**



### To use communications diagnostics mode, complete these steps:

1. Set the print width equal to or less than the label width being used for the test. (See [PRINT WIDTH](#) on page 110.)
2. Set the DIAGNOSTIC MODE option to ENABLED. (See [DIAGNOSTIC MODE](#) on page 128 for more information.)

The printer enters diagnostics mode and prints any data received from the host computer on a test label

3. Check the test label for error codes. For any errors, check that your communication parameters are correct.

Errors show on the test label as follows:

- FE indicates a framing error.
- OE indicates an overrun error.
- PE indicates a parity error.
- NE indicates noise.

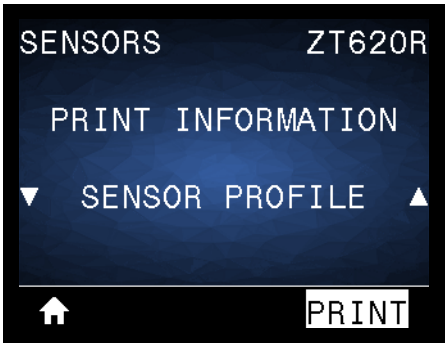
4. To exit this self test and return to normal operation, power cycle the printer or set the DIAGNOSTIC MODE option to DISABLED.

## Sensor Profile

Use the sensor profile image (which will extend across several actual labels or tags) to troubleshoot the following situations:

- The printer experiences difficulty in determining gaps (web) between labels.
- The printer incorrectly identifies preprinted areas on a label as gaps (web).
- The printer cannot detect ribbon.

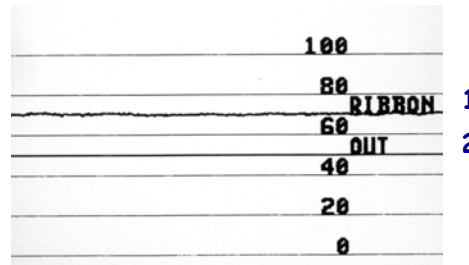
With the printer in the Ready state, print a sensor profile in one of these ways:

Using the buttons on the control panel	<div><div>a. Turn off (O) the printer.</div><div>b. Press and hold FEED + CANCEL while turning on (I) the printer.</div><div>c. Hold FEED + CANCEL until the first control panel light turns off.</div></div>
Using ZPL	<div><div>a. Send the ~JG command to the printer. See the <i>Zebra Programming Guide</i> for more information about this command.</div></div>
Using the control panel display	<div><div>a. Navigate to the following item under the SENSORS menu.</div><div></div><div>b. Press RIGHT SELECT to select PRINT.</div></div>

Compare your results to the examples shown in this section. If the sensitivity of the sensors must be adjusted, calibrate the printer (see [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192](#)).

**Ribbon Sensor Profile (Figure 21)** The line labeled RIBBON (1) on the sensor profile indicates the ribbon sensor readings. The ribbon sensor threshold setting is indicated by OUT (2). If the ribbon readings are below the threshold value, the printer does not acknowledge that ribbon is loaded.

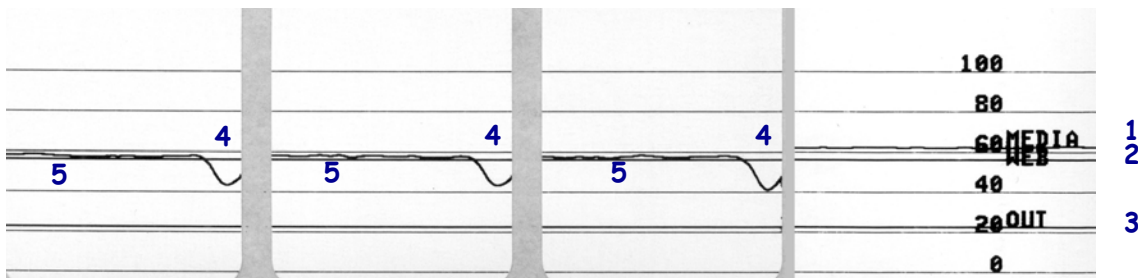
Figure 21 • Sensor Profile (Ribbon Section)



**Media Sensor Profile (Figure 22)** The line labeled MEDIA (1) on the sensor profile indicates the media sensor readings. The media sensor threshold settings is indicated by WEB (2). The media out threshold is indicated by OUT (3). The downward spikes (4) indicate gaps between labels (the web), and the lines between the spikes (5) indicate where labels are located.




















































If you compare the sensor profile printout to a length of your media, the spikes should be the same distance apart as the gaps on the media. If the distances are not the same, the printer may be having difficulty determining where the gaps are located.

Figure 22 • Sensor Profile (Media Section)





















































## Indicator Lights

Table 6 • Status of Printer As Shown by Indicator Lights

 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light steady green (other lights steady yellow for 2 seconds during printer power-up)</i></p> <p>The printer is ready.</p>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>PAUSE light steady yellow.</i></p> <p>The printer is paused.</p>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light steady red</i></p> <p><i>SUPPLIES light steady red</i></p> <p>The media supply is out. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.</p>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light steady red</i></p> <p><i>SUPPLIES light flashing red</i></p> <p>The ribbon supply is out. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.</p>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light steady yellow</i></p> <p><i>SUPPLIES light flashing yellow</i></p> <p>The printer is in Direct Thermal mode, which does not require ribbon; however, ribbon is installed in the printer.</p>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light steady red</i></p> <p><i>PAUSE light steady yellow</i></p> <p>The printhead is open. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.</p>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light steady yellow</i></p> <p>The printhead is over temperature.</p> <p> <b>Caution</b> • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.</p>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light flashing yellow</i></p> <p>This indicator light flashing indicates one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The printhead is under temperature.</li> <li>• The power supply is over temperature.</li> <li>• The main logic board (MLB) is over temperature.</li> </ul>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light steady red</i></p> <p><i>PAUSE light steady red</i></p> <p><i>DATA light steady red</i></p> <p>The printhead was replaced with one that is not a genuine Zebra™ printhead. Install a genuine Zebra™ printhead to continue.</p>
 STATUS  PAUSE  DATA  SUPPLIES  NETWORK	<p><i>STATUS light flashing red</i></p> <p>The printer is unable to read the dpi setting of the printhead.</p>

**Table 6 • Status of Printer As Shown by Indicator Lights (Continued)**

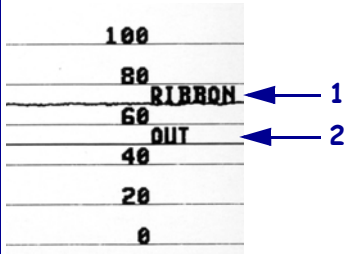
<b>Printers with a ZebraNet wired Ethernet option</b>					
					<i>NETWORK light off</i> No Ethernet link is available.
					<i>NETWORK light steady green</i> A 100 Base link was found.
					<i>NETWORK light steady yellow</i> A 10 Base link was found.
					<i>NETWORK light steady red</i> An Ethernet error condition exists. The printer is not connected to your network.
<b>Printers with a ZebraNet wireless option</b>					
					<i>NETWORK light off</i> A radio was found during power-up. The printer is attempting to associate with the network. The light flashes red while the printer associates with the network. The light then flashes yellow while the printer is authenticating with the network.
					
					
					<i>NETWORK light steady green</i> The radio is associated with your network and authenticated, and the WLAN signal is strong.
					<i>NETWORK light flashing green</i> WLAN—The radio is associated with your network and authenticated, but the WLAN signal is weak.
					<i>NETWORK light steady red</i> A WLAN error condition exists. The printer is not connected to your network.




## Troubleshooting


### Alerts and Error Messages

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
<div>HEAD OPEN CLOSE HEAD</div> <p>STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady yellow</p>	The printhead is not fully closed.	Close the printhead completely.
	The printhead open sensor is not working properly.	Call a service technician to replace the sensor.
<div>MEDIA OUT LOAD MEDIA</div> <p>STATUS light steady red SUPPLIES light steady red</p>	The media is not loaded or is loaded incorrectly.	Load media correctly. See <a href="#">Load the Media on page 32</a> .
	Misaligned media sensor.	Check the position of the media sensor.
	The printer is set for noncontinuous media, but continuous media is loaded.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Install the proper media type, or reset printer for the current media type.</li> <li>2. Calibrate the printer. See <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192</a>.</li> </ol>
<div>WARNING RIBBON IN</div> <p>STATUS light steady yellow SUPPLIES light flashing yellow</p>	Ribbon is loaded, but the printer is set for direct thermal mode.	Ribbon is not required with direct thermal media. If you are using direct thermal media, remove the ribbon. This error message will not affect printing.
		If you are using thermal transfer media, which requires ribbon, set the printer for Thermal Transfer mode. See <a href="#">PRINT METHOD on page 108</a> .
<div>PH NOT AUTHENTICATED REPLACE PRINTHEAD</div> <p>STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady red DATA light steady red</p>	The printhead was replaced with one that is not a genuine Zebra™ printhead.	Install a genuine Zebra™ printhead.



Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
<div> <div>ALERT RIBBON OUT</div> <div> STATUS light steady yellow SUPPLIES light flashing yellow </div> </div>	In thermal transfer mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ribbon is not loaded</li> <li>ribbon is loaded incorrectly</li> <li>the ribbon sensor is not detecting ribbon</li> <li>media is blocking the ribbon sensor</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Load ribbon correctly. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon on page 58</a>.</li> <li>Calibrate the printer. See <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192</a>.</li> </ol>
	In thermal transfer mode, the printer did not detect the ribbon even though it is loaded correctly.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Print a sensor profile (see <a href="#">PRINT INFORMATION on page 120</a>). The ribbon out threshold (2) is likely too high, above the line that indicates where the ribbon is detected (1).               <div>  </div> </li> <li>Calibrate the printer (see <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192</a>) or load printer defaults (see <a href="#">LOAD DEFAULTS on page 125</a>).</li> </ol>
	If you are using direct thermal media, the printer is waiting for ribbon to be loaded because it is incorrectly set for thermal transfer mode.	Set the printer for Direct Thermal mode. See <a href="#">PRINT METHOD on page 108</a> .

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
<div>PRINT HEAD OVERTEMP PRINTING HALTED</div> <p>STATUS light steady yellow</p>	 <b>Caution</b> • The printhead may be hot enough to cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.	
	<p>The printhead is over temperature.</p>	<p>Allow the printer to cool. Printing automatically resumes when the printhead elements cool to an acceptable operating temperature.</p> <p>If this error persists, consider changing where the printer is located or using a slower print speed.</p>
<div>HEAD COLD PRINTING HALTED</div> <div>THERMISTOR REPLACE PRINTHEAD</div> <p>STATUS light steady yellow</p> <p>The printer shows one of these messages or cycles between them.</p>	 <b>Caution</b> • An improperly connected printhead data or power cable can cause these error messages. The printhead may be hot enough to cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.	
	<p>The printhead data cable is not properly connected.</p>	<p>Call a service technician to hook up the printhead properly.</p>
	<p>The printhead has a faulty thermistor.</p>	<p>Call a service technician to replace the printhead.</p>
<div>HEAD COLD PRINTING HALTED</div> <p>STATUS light flashing yellow</p>	 <b>Caution</b> • An improperly connected printhead data or power cable can cause this error message. The printhead may be hot enough to cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.	
	<p>The printhead temperature is approaching its lower operating limit.</p>	<p>Continue printing while the printhead reaches the correct operating temperature. If the error remains, the environment may be too cold for proper printing. Relocate the printer to a warmer area.</p>
	<p>The printhead data cable is not properly connected.</p>	<p>Call a service technician to hook up the printhead properly.</p>
	<p>The printhead has a faulty thermistor.</p>	<p>Call a service technician to replace the printhead.</p>

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
<div>CUT ERROR</div> <p>STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady yellow</p>	 <p><b>Caution</b> • The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers.</p>	
	The cutter blade is in the media path.	Turn off the printer power and unplug the printer. Inspect the cutter module for debris and clean as needed following the cleaning instructions in <a href="#">Clean the Cutter Module</a> on page 218.
<div>USE USB MEMORY DEVICE?</div> <div>YES NO</div>	The USB host port is disabled, and a USB device was plugged into the port.	To use the USB device, select <b>YES</b> , or send the following SGD command to the printer:  ! U1 setvar "usb.host.lock_out" "on"
<div>OUT OF MEMORY STORING GRAPHIC</div> <div>OUT OF MEMORY STORING FORMAT</div> <div>OUT OF MEMORY STORING BITMAP</div> <div>OUT OF MEMORY STORING FONT</div>	There is not enough memory to perform the function specified on the second line of the error message.	<p>Free up some of the printer's memory by adjusting the label format or printer parameters. One way to free up memory is to adjust the print width to the actual width of the label instead of leaving the print width set to the default. See <a href="#">PRINT WIDTH</a> on page 110.</p> <p>Ensure that the data is not directed to a device that is not installed or is unavailable.</p> <p>If the problem persists, call a service technician.</p>

## Printing Issues

Barcode Does Not Scan		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
The barcode printed on a label does not scan.	The barcode is not within specifications because the print is too light or too dark.	Perform the <a href="#">Optimal Darkness and Speed Test on page 237</a> . Adjust the darkness or print speed settings as necessary.
	There is not enough blank space around the barcode.	Leave at least 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) between the barcode and other printed areas on the label and between the barcode and the edge of the label.
Print Consistently Too Light or Too Dark		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Printing too light or too dark over the entire label	The media or ribbon is not designed for high-speed operation.	Replace supplies with those recommended for high-speed operation. For more information, see <a href="http://www.zebra.com/supplies">http://www.zebra.com/supplies</a> .
	The printer is set at an incorrect darkness level.	For optimal print quality, set the darkness to the lowest possible setting for your application. You may want to perform the <a href="#">Optimal Darkness and Speed Test on page 237</a> to determine the ideal darkness setting. See <a href="#">DARKNESS on page 105</a> for how to change the darkness setting.
	You are using an incorrect combination of media and ribbon for your application.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Switch to a different type of media or ribbon to try to find a compatible combination.</li> <li>2. If necessary, consult your authorized Zebra reseller or distributor for information and advice.</li> </ol>
	Incorrect printhead pressure.	Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See <a href="#">Adjust the Printhead Pressure and Toggle Position on page 198</a> .
Printing too light or too dark on one side of the label	Uneven printhead pressure.	Adjust the printhead pressure as needed for good print quality. See <a href="#">Adjust the Printhead Pressure and Toggle Position on page 198</a> .

**Poor Print Quality**

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Smudge marks on labels	The media or ribbon is not designed for high-speed operation.	Replace supplies with those recommended for high-speed operation. For more information, see <a href="http://www.zebra.com/supplies">http://www.zebra.com/supplies</a> .
Poor results with thick labels	The print line is not at an optimal position for your media.	Refer to the <i>Maintenance Manual</i> for instructions on how to adjust the print line for thick media.
General print quality issues	The printer is set at the incorrect print speed.	For optimal print quality, set the print speed to the lowest possible setting for your application via control panel, the driver, or the software. You may want to perform the <a href="#">Optimal Darkness and Speed Test on page 237</a> to determine the optimal settings for your printer. See <a href="#">PRINT SPEED on page 106</a> for how to change the print speed.
	You are using an incorrect combination of labels and ribbon for your application.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Switch to a different type of media or ribbon to try to find a compatible combination.</li> <li>2. If necessary, consult your authorized Zebra reseller or distributor for information and advice.</li> </ol>
	The printer is set at an incorrect darkness level.	For optimal print quality, set the darkness to the lowest possible setting for your application. You may want to perform the <a href="#">Optimal Darkness and Speed Test on page 237</a> to determine the ideal darkness setting. See <a href="#">DARKNESS on page 105</a> for how to change the darkness setting.
	The printhead is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <a href="#">Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 214</a> .
	Incorrect or uneven printhead pressure.	Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See <a href="#">Adjust the Printhead Pressure and Toggle Position on page 198</a> .
	The label format is scaling a font that is not scalable.	Check the label format for font issues.

**Angled Gray Lines on Blank Labels**

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Fine, angular gray lines on blank labels	Wrinkled ribbon.	See wrinkled ribbon causes and solutions in <a href="#">Ribbon Issues on page 252</a> .

### Missing Print

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Long tracks of missing print on several labels	Print element damaged.	Call a service technician.
	Wrinkled ribbon.	See wrinkled ribbon causes and solutions in <i>Ribbon Issues</i> on page 252.

### Loss of Registration

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Loss of printing registration on labels.	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <i>Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 214.
Excessive vertical drift in top-of-form registration.	Media guides are positioned improperly.	Ensure that the media guides are properly positioned. See <i>Load the Media</i> on page 32.
	The media type is set incorrectly.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See <i>MEDIA TYPE</i> on page 107.
	The media is loaded incorrectly.	Load media correctly. See <i>Load the Media</i> on page 32.
Misregistration/skips labels	The printer is not calibrated.	Calibrate the printer. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 192.
	Improper label format.	Check your label format and correct it as necessary.
Misregistration and misprint of one to three labels	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <i>Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 214.
	Media does not meet specifications.	Use media that meets specifications. See <i>Media Specifications</i> on page 284.
Vertical drift in top-of-form position	The printer is out of calibration.	Calibrate the printer. See <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 192.
	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <i>Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller</i> on page 214.

Vertical image or label drift	The printer is using non-continuous labels but is configured in continuous mode.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark—see <a href="#">MEDIA TYPE on page 107</a> ) and calibrate the printer, if necessary (see <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192</a> ).
	The media sensor is calibrated improperly.	Calibrate the printer. See <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192</a> .
	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See <a href="#">Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 214</a> .
	Improper printhead pressure settings (toggles).	Adjust the printhead pressure to ensure proper functionality. See <a href="#">Adjust the Printhead Pressure and Toggle Position on page 198</a> .
	The media or ribbon is loaded incorrectly.	Ensure that the media and ribbon are loaded correctly. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon on page 58</a> and <a href="#">Load the Media on page 32</a> .
	Incompatible media.	You must use media that meets the printer specifications. Ensure that the interlabel gaps or notches are 2 to 4 mm and consistently placed (see <a href="#">Media Specifications on page 284</a> ).

## Ribbon Issues

For videos of some common procedures, go to <http://www.zebra.com/zt600-info>.



Broken Ribbon		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Broken or melted ribbon	Darkness setting too high.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reduce the darkness setting. See <a href="#">DARKNESS on page 105</a> for how to change the darkness setting.</li> <li>2. Clean the printhead thoroughly. See <a href="#">Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 214</a>.</li> </ol>
	The ribbon is coated on the wrong side and cannot be used in this printer.	Replace the ribbon with one coated on the correct side. For more information, see <a href="#">Coated Side of Ribbon on page 24</a> .
Wrinkled Ribbon		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Wrinkled ribbon	Ribbon was loaded incorrectly.	Load the ribbon correctly. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon on page 58</a> .
	Incorrect burn temperature.	For optimal print quality, set the darkness to the lowest possible setting for your application. You may want to perform the <a href="#">Optimal Darkness and Speed Test on page 237</a> to determine the ideal darkness setting. See <a href="#">DARKNESS on page 105</a> for how to change the darkness setting.
	Incorrect or uneven printhead pressure.	Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See <a href="#">Adjust the Printhead Pressure and Toggle Position on page 198</a> .
	Media not feeding properly; “walking” from side to side.	Make sure that media is snug by adjusting the media guide, or call a service technician.
	The printhead or platen roller may be installed incorrectly.	Call a service technician.



Ribbon Detection Issues		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
<p>The printer does not detect when the ribbon runs out.</p> <p>In thermal transfer mode, the printer did not detect the ribbon even though it is loaded correctly.</p>	<p>The printer may have been calibrated without ribbon or without the ribbon loaded properly.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that ribbon is loaded correctly so that it can be detected by the ribbon sensor. Under the printhead, the ribbon should track all the way back, near the printer's firewall. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon</a> on page 58.</li> <li>2. Calibrate the printer. See <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</a> on page 192.</li> </ol>
<p>The printer indicates that ribbon is out, even though ribbon is loaded correctly.</p>	<p>The printer was not calibrated for the label and ribbon being used.</p>	<p>Calibrate the printer. See <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</a> on page 192.</p>

## RFID Issues

For more information about RFID, refer to the *RFID Programming Guide 3*. A copy of the manual is available at <http://www.zebra.com/manuals>.

Printer Stops at RFID Inlay		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
The printer stops at the RFID inlay.	The printer calibrated the label length only to the RFID inlay instead of to the interlabel gap.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Select FEED for the media power up and head close parameters (see <a href="#">POWER UP ACTION on page 123</a> or <a href="#">HEAD CLOSE ACTION on page 124</a>).</li> <li>2. Manually calibrate the printer (see <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192</a>).</li> </ol>
Voided Labels		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Low yields. Too many RFID tags per roll are voided.	The RFID labels are not within specifications for the printer, which means that the transponder is not in an area that can be programmed consistently.	Make sure that the labels meet transponder placement specifications for your printer. See <a href="http://www.zebra.com/transponders">http://www.zebra.com/transponders</a> for transponder placement information. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i> , or contact an authorized Zebra RFID reseller.
	Incorrect read and write power levels.	Change the RFID read and write power levels. For instructions, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i> .
	Radio frequency (RF) interference from another RF source.	Do one or more of the following as necessary: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Move the printer away from fixed RFID readers.</li> <li>• Make sure that the media door is closed at all times during RFID programming.</li> </ul>
	The printer is using outdated printer firmware and reader firmware versions.	Go to <a href="http://www.zebra.com/firmware">http://www.zebra.com/firmware</a> for updated firmware.

**Voided Labels (Continued)**


<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
The printer voids every label.	The printer is not calibrated for the media being used.	Manually calibrate the printer (see <i>Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors</i> on page 192).
	You are using an RFID label with a tag type that is not supported by your printer.	These printers support only Gen 2 RFID labels. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i> , or contact an authorized Zebra RFID reseller.
	The printer is unable to communicate with the RFID reader.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Turn off (O) the printer.</li><li>2. Wait 10 seconds.</li><li>3. Turn on (I) the printer.</li><li>4. If the problem persists, you may have a bad RFID reader or a loose connection between the RFID reader and the printer. Contact Technical Support or an authorized Zebra RFID service technician for assistance.</li></ol>
	Radio frequency (RF) interference from another RF source.	Do one or more of the following as necessary: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Move the printer away from fixed RFID readers or other RF sources.</li><li>• Make sure that the media door is closed at all times during RFID programming.</li></ul>
	The settings are incorrect in your label designer software.	The software settings override the printer settings. Make sure that the software and printer settings match.
	You are using an incorrect programming position, particularly if the tags being used are within printer specifications.	Do one or more of the following as necessary: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check the RFID programming position or the program position setting in your label designer software. If the position is incorrect, change the setting.</li><li>• Restore the RFID programming position back to the default value.</li></ul> For more information, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i> . For transponder placement details, go to <a href="http://www.zebra.com/transponders">http://www.zebra.com/transponders</a> .
	You are sending RFID ZPL or SGD commands that are incorrect.	Check your label formats. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i> .

Other RFID Issues		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
<p>RFID parameters do not appear in Setup mode, and RFID information does not appear on the printer configuration label.</p> <p>The printer does not void RFID labels that are not programmed correctly.</p>	<p>The printer was powered off (O) and then back on (I) too quickly for the RFID reader to initialize properly.</p>	<p>Wait at least 10 seconds after turning the printer power off before turning it back on.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off (O) the printer.</li> <li>2. Wait 10 seconds.</li> <li>3. Turn on (I) the printer.</li> <li>4. Check for the RFID parameters in Setup mode or for RFID information on a new configuration label.</li> </ol>
	<p>An incorrect version of printer or reader firmware was loaded on the printer.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the correct firmware version is loaded on your printer. For more information, refer to the <i>RFID Programming Guide 3</i>.</li> <li>2. Download the correct printer or reader firmware if necessary.</li> <li>3. If the problem persists, contact Technical Support.</li> </ol>
	<p>The printer is unable to communicate with the RFID subsystem.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off (O) the printer.</li> <li>2. Wait 10 seconds.</li> <li>3. Turn on (I) the printer.</li> <li>4. If the problem persists, you may have a bad RFID reader or a loose connection between the RFID reader and the printer. Contact Technical Support or an authorized service technician for assistance.</li> </ol>
<p>The DATA light flashes indefinitely after you attempt to download printer or reader firmware.</p>	<p>The download was not successful. For best results, cycle power on the printer before downloading any firmware.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn off (O) the printer.</li> <li>2. Wait 10 seconds.</li> <li>3. Turn on (I) the printer.</li> <li>4. Attempt to download the firmware again.</li> <li>5. If the problem persists, contact Technical Support.</li> </ol>

## Communications Issues

Label Formats Not Recognized		
Issue	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
A label format was sent to the printer but was not recognized. The DATA light does not flash.	The communication parameters are incorrect.	Check the printer driver or software communications settings (if applicable) for your connection. You may wish to reinstall the printer driver following the instructions in <i>Install the Printer Driver and Connect the Printer to the Computer</i> on page 62.
		If you are using serial communication, check the serial port settings. See <i>PORTS</i> on page 104.
		If you are using serial communication, make sure that you are using a null modem cable or a null modem adapter.
		Check the printer’s handshake protocol setting. The setting used must match the one being used by the host computer. See <i>HOST HANDSHAKE</i> on page 184.
A label format was sent to the printer but was not recognized. The DATA light flashes but no printing occurs.	The prefix and delimiter characters set in the printer do not match the ones in the label format.	Verify the prefix and delimiter characters. See <i>COMMAND CHAR</i> on page 172 and <i>DELIMITER CHAR</i> on page 174.
	Incorrect data is being sent to the printer.	Check the communication settings on the computer. Ensure that they match the printer settings.
		If the problem continues, check the label format.
Labels Stop Printing Correctly		
Issue	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
A label format was sent to the printer. Several labels print, then the printer skips, misplaces, misses, or distorts the image on the label.	The serial communication settings are incorrect.	Ensure that the flow control settings match.
		Check the communication cable length. See <i>General Specifications</i> on page 276 for requirements.
		Check the printer driver or software communications settings (if applicable).

## Miscellaneous Issues

Issues with the Display		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
The control panel display shows a language that I cannot read	The language parameter was changed through the control panel or a firmware command.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. On the control panel display, scroll to LANGUAGE Menu. </li> <li>2. Press OK to access the items in this menu.</li> <li>3. Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to scroll through the language selections under the first menu option. The selections for this parameter are displayed in the actual languages to make it easier for you to find one that you are able to read.</li> <li>4. Select the language that you want to display.</li> </ol>
The display is missing characters or parts of characters	The display may need replacing.	Call a service technician.
The USB Host Port Is Not Acknowledging a USB Device		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
The printer is not acknowledging a USB device or is not reading the files on a USB device that is plugged into the USB host port.	The printer currently supports USB drives only up to 1 TB in size.	Use a USB drive that is 1 TB or smaller.
	The USB device may require its own external power.	If your USB device requires external power, make sure that it is plugged into a working power supply.
Printer Parameters Are Not Set As Expected		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Changes in parameter settings did not take effect.	A firmware setting or command prevented the ability to change the parameter.	Check your label formats or the settings of the software that you use to send formats to the printer.
OR Some parameters changed unexpectedly.	A command in a label format changed the parameter back to the previous setting.	If necessary, refer to the <i>Programming Guide for ZPL, ZBI, Set-Get-Do, Mirror, and WML</i> or call a service technician.

IP Address Changing		
<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
My printer reassigns a new IP address to the print server after the printer has been off for a while.	The settings for your network are causing the network to reassign a new IP address.	<p>If the printer changing IP addresses causes issues for you, follow these steps to assign it a static IP address:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Find out what values need to be assigned to the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway for your print server (wired, wireless, or both).</li> <li>2. Change the appropriate IP protocol value to PERMANENT. See <a href="#">WIRED IP PROTOCOL on page 146</a> or <a href="#">WLAN IP PROTOCOL on page 151</a>.</li> <li>3. Change the values for the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway for the appropriate print server to what you want them to remain.</li> </ol> <p>Wired:  <a href="#">WIRED IP ADDRESS on page 143</a>  <a href="#">WIRED SUBNET MASK on page 144</a>  <a href="#">WIRED GATEWAY on page 145</a></p> <p>Wireless:  <a href="#">WLAN IP ADDRESS on page 148</a>  <a href="#">WLAN SUBNET MASK on page 149</a>  <a href="#">WLAN GATEWAY on page 150</a></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Reset the network using <a href="#">RESET NETWORK on page 158</a> to save the changes.</li> </ol>

### Calibration Issues

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
Auto Calibrate failed.	The media or ribbon is loaded incorrectly.	Ensure that the media and ribbon are loaded correctly. See <a href="#">Load the Ribbon on page 58</a> and <a href="#">Load the Media on page 32</a> .
	The sensors could not detect the media or ribbon.	Calibrate the printer manually. See <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192</a> .
	The sensors are dirty or positioned improperly.	Ensure that the sensors are clean and properly positioned.
	The media type is set incorrectly.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See <a href="#">MEDIA TYPE on page 107</a> .
Non-continuous labels are being treated as continuous labels.	The printer was not calibrated for the media being used.	Calibrate the printer. See <a href="#">Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 192</a> .
	The printer is configured for continuous media.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See <a href="#">MEDIA TYPE on page 107</a> .

### Printer Locks Up

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Possible Cause</i>	<i>Recommended Solution</i>
All indicator lights are on, nothing is on the display, and the printer locks up.	Internal electronic or firmware failure.	Power cycle the printer. If that does not solve the issue, call a service technician.
The printer locks up while booting up.	Main logic board failure.	



# Using the USB Host Ports and the NFC Capabilities

This section will help you to learn how to use the USB host ports on your Zebra printer and how to use the printer's Near Field Communication (NFC) capability. The information is presented in the form of exercises with some SGD commands listed for advanced users.



**Note** • You are not required to complete these exercises, which may use several tags during printing. The information is included to teach you how the USB host ports and NFC capabilities work.

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## Items Required for the Exercises

To perform the exercises in this document, you will need the following:

- a USB Flash drive (sometimes called a “thumb drive” or “memory stick”) that is up to 1 Terabyte (1 TB). The printer will not recognize drives larger than 1 TB.
- a USB keyboard
- the various files attached below
- the free Zebra Utilities app for your smart phone (search for Zebra Tech in the Google Play store)

## Files for Completing the Exercises

Most of the actual files that you need to complete the exercises in these section are attached here. Copy these files to your computer before you begin the exercises. Where possible, the contents of the files are shown. The contents of files that contain coded content, which cannot be viewed as text or as an image, are not included.

### File 1: ZEBRA.BMP



### File 2: SAMPLELABEL.TXT

```
^XA
^F0100,75^XGE:zebra.bmp^FS
^F0100,475^A0N,50,50^FDMirror from USB
Completed^FS
^XZ
```

This simple label format prints the Zebra logo and a line of text at the end of the mirroring exercise.

**File 3: LOGO.ZPL****File 4: USBSTOREDFILE.ZPL**

```
CT~CD,~CC^~CT~  
^XA~TA012~JSN^LT0^LH0,0^JMA^PR4,4~SD15^LRN^CI0^XZ  
~DG000.GRF,07680,024,,[image data]  
^XA  
^LS0  
^SL0  
^BY3,3,91^FT35,250^BCN,,Y,N^FC%,{,#{^FD%d/%m/%Y^FS  
^FT608,325^XG000.GRF,1,1^FS  
^FT26,75^A0N,28,28^FH\^FDThis label was printed from a  
format stored^FS  
^FT26,125^A0N,28,28^FH\^FDOn a USB Flash Memory drive. ^FS  
^BY3,3,90^FT33,425^BCN,,Y,N  
^FD>:Zebra Technologies^FS  
^PQ1,0,1,Y^XZ  
^XA^ID000.GRF^FS^XZ
```

This label format prints an image and text. This file will be stored on the USB memory device at the root level so that it can be printed.

**File 5: VLS\_BONKGRF.ZPL****File 6: VLS\_EIFFEL.ZPL****File 7: KEYBOARDINPUT.ZPL**

```
^XA  
^CI28  
^BY2,3,91^FT38,184^BCN,,Y,N^FC%,{,#{^FD%d/%m/%Y^FS  
^F0385,75^XGE:zebra.bmp^FS  
^FT40,70^A0N,28,28^FH\^FDThis label was printed using a  
keyboard input. ^FS  
^FT35,260^A0N,28,28^FH\^FDThis label was printed by:^FS  
^FT33,319^A0N,28,28^FN1"Enter Name"^FS  
^XZ
```

This label format, used for the USB keyboard input exercise, does the following:

- creates a barcode with the current date, based on your Real-Time Clock (RTC) setting
- prints the Zebra logo graphic
- prints fixed text
- **^FN** prompts you to enter your name, and the printer prints what you entered

### File 8: SMARTDEVINPUT.ZPL

```
^XA
^CI28
^BY2,3,91^FT38,184^BCN,,Y,N^FC%,{,#{^FD%d/%m/%Y^FS
^F0385,75^XGE:zebra.bmp^FS
^FT40,70^A0N,28,28^FH\^FDThis label was printed using a
smart device input. ^FS
^FT35,260^A0N,28,28^FH\^FDThis label was printed by:^FS
^FT33,319^A0N,28,28^FN1"Enter Name"^FS^XZ
```

The same label format as the previous label, only with different text printing. This format is used for the smart device input exercise.

### File 9: Firmware File

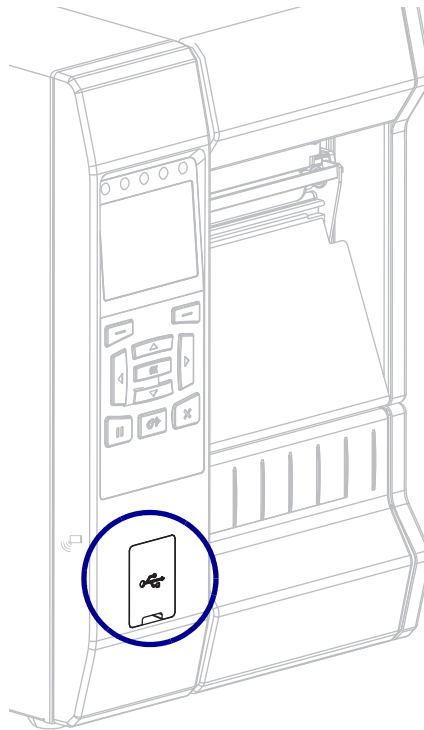
You may want to download a firmware file for your printer and copy it to your computer for use during the exercises. You may omit doing this if you wish.

You can download the latest firmware file from <http://www.zebra.com/firmware>.

## USB Host

The USB host ports allow you to connect USB devices—such as a keyboard, scanner, or USB Flash drive—to the printer. The exercises in this section will teach you how to perform USB mirror, how to transfer files to and from the printer, and how to provide information for which you are prompted and then print a label using that information.

**Figure 23 • USB Host Port Location**

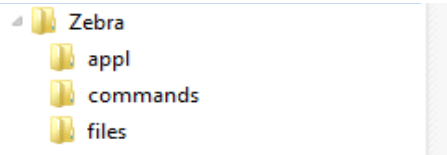


**Important •** When using the USB host ports, files should be named only with 1 to 16 alphanumeric characters (A, a, B, b, C, c, ..., 0, 1, 2, 3, ...). Do not use Asian characters, Cyrillic characters, or accented characters in file names.

Some functions may not work properly if there are underscores in a file name. Use periods instead.

## Exercise 1: Copy Files to a USB Flash Drive and Perform USB Mirror

1. On your USB Flash Drive, create the following:



- a folder called **Zebra**
- in that folder, three subfolders:
  - **appl**
  - **commands**
  - **files**

2. In the **/appl** folder, place a copy of the latest firmware for your printer.



**Note** • Some functions may not work properly if there are underscores in a file name. Use periods instead.

3. In the **/files** folder, place the following file:

- **File 1: ZEBRA.BMP**

4. In the **/commands** folder, place the following files:

- **File 2: SAMPLELABEL.TXT**
- **File 3: LOGO.ZPL**

5. Insert the USB Flash drive into a USB host port on the front of your printer.

6. Observe the control panel and wait.

The following should happen:

- If the firmware on the USB Flash drive is different than what is on the printer, the firmware downloads to the printer. The printer then restarts and prints a printer configuration label. (If there is no firmware on the USB Flash drive or if the firmware version is the same, the printer skips this action.)
- The printer downloads the files in the **/files** folder and briefly shows the names of the files that are downloading on the display.
- The printer executes any files in the **/commands** folder.
- The printer restarts and then displays the message **MIRROR PROCESSING FINISHED**.

7. Remove the USB Flash drive from the printer.

## Exercise 1: Advanced User Information

See the *Zebra® Programming Guide* for more information about these commands.

### Enable/disable mirroring:

```
! U1 setvar "usb.mirror.enable" "value"
```

Values: "on" or "off"

### Enable/disable automatic mirroring that occurs when a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB host port:

```
! U1 setvar "usb.mirror.auto" "value"
```

Values: "on" or "off"

### Specify the number of times that the mirror operation will be repeated if it fails:

```
! U1 setvar "usb.mirror.error_retry" "value"
```

Values: 0 to 65535

### Change the path to the location on the USB device from which mirror files are retrieved:

```
! U1 setvar "usb.mirror.appl_path" "new_path"
```

Default: "zebra/appl"

### Change the path to the location on the printer from which mirror files are retrieved:

```
! U1 setvar "usb.mirror.path" "path"
```

Default: "zebra"

### Enable/disable the ability to use the USB port:

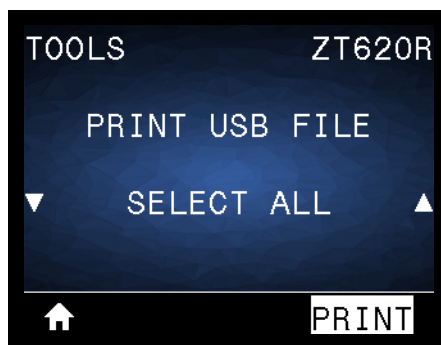
```
! U1 setvar "usb.host.lock_out" "value"
```

Values: "on" or "off"

## Exercise 2: Print a Label Format from a USB Flash Drive

The Print USB File option allows you to print files from a USB mass storage device, such as a USB Flash drive. Only printable files (.ZPL and .XML) may be printed from the USB mass storage device, and the files must be located at the root level, not in a directory.

1. Copy the following files to your USB Flash drive:
  - [File 4: USBSTOREDFILE.ZPL](#)
  - [File 5: VLS\\_BONKGRF.ZPL](#)
  - [File 6: VLS\\_EIFFEL.ZPL](#)
2. Insert the USB Flash drive into a USB host port on the front of your printer.
3. On the printer's control panel, press the LEFT SELECT button (below the home icon ) to access the printer's Home Menu.
4. Use the ARROW buttons to scroll to the Tools menu. 
5. Press OK.
6. Use the ARROW buttons to scroll to **PRINT USB FILE**.




The printer loads any executable files and processes them. The available files are listed. **SELECT ALL** is available to print all files on the USB Flash drive.

7. If necessary, use the up and down arrow to select [USBSTOREDFILE.zpl](#).
8. Press the RIGHT SELECT button to select **PRINT**.  
The label prints.



### Exercise 3: Copy Files to/from a USB Flash Drive

The Copy USB File option allows you to copy files from a USB mass storage device to the printer's Flash memory **E:** drive.

1. Copy the following files to the root directory of your USB Flash drive. Do not put these files into a subfolder.
  - [File 7: KEYBOARDINPUT.ZPL](#)
  - [File 8: SMARTDEVINPUT.ZPL](#)
2. Insert the USB Flash drive into a USB host port on the front of your printer.
3. On the printer's control panel, press the LEFT SELECT button to access the printer's Home Menu.
4. Use the ARROW buttons to scroll to the Tools menu. 
5. Press OK.
6. Use the ARROW buttons to scroll to **COPY USB FILE TO E:**.



The printer loads any executable files and processes them. The available files are listed. **SELECT ALL** is available to copy all of the available files from the USB Flash drive.

7. If necessary, use the UP or DOWN ARROW to select the file [STOREFMT.ZPL](#).
8. Press the RIGHT SELECT button to select **STORE**.  
The printer stores the file in **E:** memory. All file names are converted to uppercase.
9. Repeat this process to select the file [STOREFMTM1.ZPL](#).
10. Press the RIGHT SELECT button to select **STORE**.  
The printer stores the file in **E:** memory.

11. Remove the USB Flash drive from the USB host port.


NOTE: You can now copy these files from the printer to a USB Flash drive using the user menu item **STORE E: FILE TO USB**.

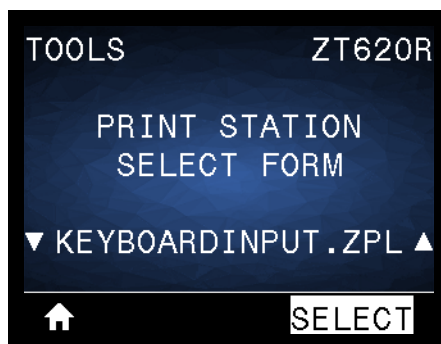


The option **SELECT ALL** is available to store all of the available files from the printer to the USB Flash drive. Any .ZPL file that is copied will be post-processed such that the contents of the file will be suitable to be sent to a printer for normal execution.

## Exercise 4: Enter Data for a Stored File with a USB Keyboard and Print a Label

The Print Station feature allows you to use a USB Human Interface Device (HID), such as a keyboard or a barcode scanner, to enter ^FN field data into a \*.ZPL template file.

1. After performing the previous exercise, plug a USB keyboard into a USB host port.
2. Use the ARROW buttons to scroll to the Tools menu. 
3. Press OK.
4. Use the ARROW buttons to scroll to **PRINT STATION**.



The printer loads any executable files and processes them. The available files are listed.

5. If necessary, use the UP or DOWN ARROW to select the file **KEYBOARDINPUT.ZPL**.
6. Press the RIGHT SELECT button to choose **SELECT**.  
The printer accesses the file and prompts you for the information in the ^FN fields in the file. In this case, it prompts you for your name.
7. Type your name, and then press <ENTER>.  
The printer prompts for the number of labels to print.
8. Specify the desired quantity of labels, and then press <ENTER> again.  
The specified number of labels is printed, with your name in the appropriate fields.

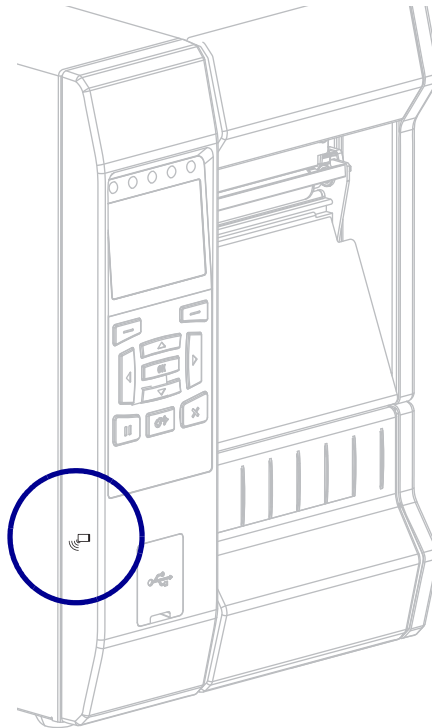
## Near Field Communication (NFC)

The Zebra Print Touch™ feature allows you to touch an Android™-based, NFC-enabled device (such as a smart phone or tablet) to the printer's NFC logo (Figure 24) to pair the device to the printer. This capability allows you to use your device to provide information for which you are prompted and then print a label using that information.



**Important** • Some devices may not support NFC communication with the printer until you alter their settings. If you encounter difficulties, consult your service provider or your smart device manufacturer for more information.

**Figure 24 • NFC Logo Location**



## Exercise 5: Enter Data for a Stored File with a Smart Device and Print a Label



**Note** • The steps in this exercise may vary somewhat based on your smart device, on your service provider, or on whether you already have the free Zebra Utilities app installed on your smart device.

Refer to the *Zebra Bluetooth User Guide* for specific instructions for configuring your printer to use a Bluetooth interface. A copy of this manual is available at <http://www.zebra.com/manuals>.

1. If you do not have the Zebra Utilities app installed on your device, go to the app store for your device, search for the Zebra Utilities app, and install it.
2. Pair your smart device with the printer by holding the smart device next to the NFC icon on the printer.
  - a. If necessary, access the Bluetooth information about your printer using your smart device. For instructions, refer to the manufacturer's documentation for your device.
  - b. If necessary, select the Zebra printer's serial number to pair it with the device.
  - c. After your smart device has been detected by the printer, the printer may prompt you to accept or reject the pairing. If necessary, press the LEFT SELECT button on the printer to select **ACCEPT**. Some smart devices will pair with the printer without this prompt.



The printer and your device are paired.

3. Start the Zebra Utilities app on your device.  
The Zebra Utilities main menu displays.



4. Perform these steps if you have an Apple device:
  - a. Tap the Settings icon in the lower-right corner.
  - b. Change the setting for **Get Labels From Printer** to **ON**.
  - c. Tap Done.
5. Tap Files.



The smart device gets data from the printer and displays it.



**Note** • This retrieval process may take a minute or more to complete.

6. Scroll through the formats shown and select **E:SMARTDEVINPUT.ZPL**.  
Based on the **^FN** field in the label format, the smart device prompts you for your name.
7. Enter your name at the prompt.
8. Change the quantity of labels to print, if desired.
9. Tap **PRINT** to print the label.

# Specifications

This section lists general printer specifications, printing specifications, ribbon specifications, and media specifications.

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## General Specifications

		ZT610™	ZT620™
Height		15.58 in. (395.68 mm)	15.58 in. (395.68 mm)
Width		10.56 in. (268.2 mm)	13.44 in. (341.45 mm)
Depth		19.88 in. (505.0 mm)	19.88 in. (505 mm)
Weight		50 lb (22.7 kg)	57.4 lb (26 kg)
Temperature	Operating	Thermal Transfer: 40° to 105°F (5° to 40°C) Direct Thermal: 32° to 105°F (0° to 40°C)	
	Storage	–22° to 140°F (–30° to 60°C)	
Relative Humidity	Operating	20% to 85%, non-condensing	
	Storage	20% to 85%, non-condensing	
Communication Interface Specifications	Standard	<b>Bluetooth® version 4.0</b> Limitations and Requirements Many mobile devices can communicate with the printer within a 30-foot radius of the printer. Connections and Configuration Refer to the <i>Zebra Bluetooth User Guide</i> for specific instructions for configuring your printer to use a Bluetooth interface. A copy of this manual is available at <a href="http://www.zebra.com/manuals">http://www.zebra.com/manuals</a> .	
		<b>Two USB host ports</b> See <i>Using the USB Hosts Port and the NFC Capabilities on page 261</i> for more information. Limitations and Requirements You can only plug one device into each of the printer’s two USB host ports. You cannot use a third device by plugging it into a USB port on one of the devices, nor can you use an adapter to split a USB host port on the printer to accept more than one device at a time. Connections and Configuration No additional configuration is necessary.	

(Continued on next page.)



		<b>ZT610™</b>	<b>ZT620™</b>
Communication Interfaces (continued)	Standard (continued)	<b>Zebra PrintTouch/Near Field Communication (NFC)</b> See <i>Using the USB Hosts Port and the NFC Capabilities on page 261</i> for more information. <b>Limitations and Requirements</b> NFC communication must be initiated by touching your device to the appropriate location on the printer. <b>Connections and Configuration</b> Some devices may not support NFC communication with the printer until you alter their settings.	
		<b>USB 2.0 Data Interface</b> <b>Limitations and Requirements</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maximum cable length of 16.4 ft (5 m).</li> </ul> <b>Connections and Configuration</b> No additional configuration is necessary.	
		<b>Wired Gigabit Internal Ethernet Print Server</b> <b>Limitations and Requirements</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The printer must be configured to use your LAN.</li> <li>A second wired print server can be installed in the bottom option slot.</li> </ul> <b>Connections and Configuration</b> Refer to the <i>ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Servers User Guide</i> for configuration instructions. A copy of this manual is available at <a href="http://www.zebra.com/manuals">http://www.zebra.com/manuals</a> .	
		<b>RS-232/C Serial Data Interface</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2400 to 115000 baud</li> <li>parity, bits/character</li> <li>7 or 8 data bit</li> <li>XON-XOFF, RTS/CTS, or DTR/DSR handshake protocol required</li> <li>750mA at 5 V from pins 1 and 9</li> </ul> <b>Limitations and Requirements</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You must use a null-modem cable to connect to the printer or a null-modem adapter if using a standard modem cable.</li> <li>Maximum cable length of 50 ft (15.24 m).</li> <li>You may need to change printer parameters to match the host computer.</li> </ul> <b>Connections and Configuration</b> The baud rate, number of data and stop bits, the parity, and the XON/XOFF or DTR control must match those of the host computer.	

		ZT610™	ZT620™
Communication Interfaces (continued)	Optional	<b>Wireless print server</b> See <i>Wireless Specifications on page 281</i> for more information. Limitations and Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Can print to the printer from any computer on your Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN).</li><li>• Can communicate with the printer through the printer’s web pages.</li><li>• The printer must be configured to use your WLAN.</li><li>• Can be installed only in the top option slot.</li></ul> Configuration Refer to the <i>ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Servers User Guide</i> for configuration instructions. A copy of this manual is available at <a href="http://www.zebra.com/manuals">http://www.zebra.com/manuals</a> .	
		<b>IEEE 1284 Bidirectional Parallel data interface</b> Limitations and Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Maximum cable length of 10 ft (3 m).</li><li>• Recommended cable length of 6 ft (1.83 m).</li><li>• No printer parameter changes required to match the host computer.</li><li>• Can be installed in either the top or bottom option slot.</li></ul> Connections and Configuration No additional configuration is necessary.	
		<b>Applicator interface</b> with DB15F connector	
		<b>External ZebraNet 10/100 Print Server</b> Requires the parallel data interface option	
Memory		1 Gigabyte DRAM (32 MB user available) 2 Gigabyte Flash (512 MB user available on-board Flash)	

## Power Specifications

	ZT610™	ZT620™
Electrical	100–240 VAC, 50-60 Hz	
Power consumption	120 VAC, 60 Hz	
Inrush Current (Irms)	37.0	37.0
Idle Power (Watts)	7.8	8.2
Idle Power (VA)	13.9	17.5
Sleep Power (Watts)	3.0	3.1
Sleep Power (VA)	10.6	14.3
Print Power (Watts)	122.0	128.0
Print Power (VA)	130.0	156.0
Power consumption	230 VAC, 50 Hz	
Inrush Current (Irms)	49.0	49.0
Idle Power (Watts)	7.5	7.9
Idle Power (VA)	26.9	35.6
Sleep Power (Watts)	3.2	3.2
Sleep Power (VA)	23.2	31.6
Print Power (Watts)	120.0	127.0
Print Power (VA)	134.0	156.0

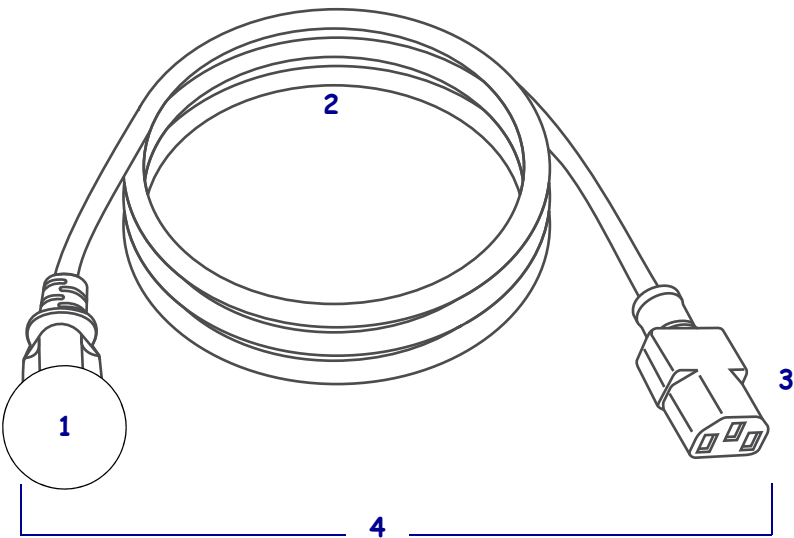
## Power Cord Specifications



**Caution** • For personnel and equipment safety, always use an approved three-conductor power cord specific to the region or country intended for installation. This cord must use an IEC 320 female connector and the appropriate region-specific, three-conductor grounded plug configuration.

Depending on how your printer was ordered, a power cord may or may not be included. If one is not included or if the one included is not suitable for your requirements, see [Figure 25](#) for specifications.

Figure 25 • Power Cord Specifications



1	AC power plug for your country—This should bear the certification mark of at least one of the known international safety organizations ( <a href="#">Figure 26</a> ). The chassis ground (earth) <b>must</b> be connected to ensure safety and reduce electromagnetic interference.
2	3-conductor HAR cable or other cable approved for your country.
3	IEC 320 connector—This should bear the certification mark of at least one of the known international safety organizations ( <a href="#">Figure 26</a> ).
4	Length ≤ 9.8 ft. (3 m). Rating 10 Amp, 250 VAC.

Figure 26 • International Safety Organization Certification Symbols



## Wireless Specifications

Antenna Information	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type = Patch</li> <li>Gain = 3.66dBi @ 2.4GHz</li> <li>Gain = 3.19dBi @ 5GHz</li> <li>Impedance = 50 ohms</li> </ul>	
WLAN Specifications	
802.11 b <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2.4 GHz</li> <li>DSSS (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK)</li> <li>RF power 17.77 dBm (EIRP)</li> </ul>	Bluetooth 4.1 + Low Energy (LE) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2.4 GHz</li> <li>FHSS(BDR/EDR), GFSK (Bluetooth Low Energy)</li> <li>RF power 9.22 dBm (EIRP)</li> </ul>
802.11 g <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2.4 GHz</li> <li>OFDM</li> </ul> (16-QAM and 64-QAM with BPSK and QPSK) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RF power 18.61 dBm (EIRP)</li> </ul>	Bluetooth Classic + Low Energy (LE) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2.4 GHz</li> <li>FHSS(BDR/EDR), DSSS (Bluetooth LE)</li> <li>RF power 9.22 dBm (EIRP)</li> <li>FHSS(BDR/EDR), DSSS (Bluetooth LE)</li> <li>RF power 9.22 dBm (EIRP)</li> </ul>
802.11 n <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2.4 GHz</li> <li>OFDM</li> </ul> (16-QAM and 64-QAM with BPSK and QPSK) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RF power 18.62 dBm (EIRP)</li> </ul>	RFID M6e Radio Module <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>865-928 MHz</li> <li>FHSS</li> <li>RF power 27.893 dBm</li> </ul>
802.11 a/n <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, 5.47-5.725 GHz</li> <li>OFDM (16-QAM and 64-QAM with BPSK and QPSK)</li> <li>RF power 17.89 dBm (EIRP)</li> </ul>	EVM Android WLAN and Bluetooth Radio Modules (for color touch displays) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2.4 and 5 GHz</li> <li>RF power 14.79 dBm (Bluetooth classic)</li> <li>RF power 24.1 dBm (2.4G)</li> <li>RF power 22 dBm (5G)</li> </ul>
802.11 ac <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, 5.47-5.725 GHz</li> <li>OFDM (16-QAM and 64-QAM with BPSK and QPSK)</li> <li>RF power 13.39 dBm (EIRP)</li> </ul>	

## Printing Specifications

		<b>ZT610</b>	<b>ZT620</b>
Print resolution		203 dpi (dots/in.)/8 dots/mm	203 dpi (dots/in.)/8 dots/mm
		300 dpi/12 dots/mm	300 dpi/12 dots/mm
		600 dpi/24 dots/mm	N/A
Maximum print width	203 dpi	4.09 in. (104 mm)	6.6 in. (168 mm)
	300 dpi	4.09 in. (104 mm)	6.6 in. (168 mm)
	600 dpi	4.09 in. (104 mm)	N/A
Programmable constant print speeds (inches per second/ips or millimeters per second)	203 dpi	2 to 14 in. (50.8 to 355.6 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments	2 to 12 in. (50.8 to 304.8 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments
	300 dpi	2 to 12 in. (50.8 to 304.8 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments	2 to 8 in. (50.8 to 203.2 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments
	600 dpi	1 to 6 in. (25.4 to 152.4 mm) per second in 1-in. (25.4 mm) increments	N/A
Dot size (nominal) (width x length)	203 dpi	0.0049 in. x 0.0049 in. (0.125 mm x 0.125 mm)	0.0049 in. x 0.0049 in. (0.125 mm x 0.125 mm)
	300 dpi	0.0033 in. x 0.0039 in. (0.084 mm x 0.099 mm)	0.0033 in. x 0.0039 in. (0.084 mm x 0.099 mm)
	600 dpi	0.0016 in. x 0.0016 in. (0.042 mm x 0.042 mm)	N/A
First dot location (measured from the inside edge of the media)	203 dpi	0.14 in. $\pm$ 0.05 in. (3.5 mm $\pm$ 1.25 mm)	0.10 in. $\pm$ 0.035 in. (2.5 mm $\pm$ 0.9mm)
	300 dpi	0.08 in. $\pm$ 0.05 in. (2.1 mm $\pm$ 1.25 mm)	0.10 in. $\pm$ 0.035 in. (2.5 mm $\pm$ 0.9mm)
	600 dpi	0.08 in. $\pm$ 0.05 in. (2.1 mm $\pm$ 1.25 mm)	N/A
Barcode modulus (X) dimension			
Picket fence (non-rotated) orientation	203 dpi	4.9 mil to 49 mil	3.3 mil to 49 mil
	300 dpi	3.3 mil to 49 mil	
	600 dpi	1.6 mil to 16 mil	N/A
Ladder (rotated) orientation	203 dpi	4.9 mil to 49 mil	3.9 mil to 39 mil
	300 dpi	3.9 mil to 39 mil	
	600 dpi	1.6 mil to 16 mil	N/A

		ZT610	ZT620
Vertical registration (203 and 300 dpi)	< 4 ips	±0.30 mm	±1.5 mm
	4 to 6 ips	±0.50 mm	
	> 6 ips	±1.5 mm	
Vertical registration (600 dpi) (1 and 2 ips)	Tear	±0.20 mm	N/A
	Rewind	±0.20 mm	
	Peel	±0.20 mm	
	Cutter	±0.40 mm	
Vertical registration (600 dpi) (3 to 6 ips)	Tear	±0.43 mm	N/A
	Rewind	±0.37 mm	
	Peel	±0.37 mm	
	Cutter	±0.43 mm	
Horizontal registration		±1.5 mm	±1.5 mm

## Media Specifications

		ZT610	ZT620
Label length MINIMUM (203 and 300 dpi)	Non-RFID		
	Tear-off	0.7 in. (18 mm)	0.7 in. (18 mm)
	Rewind	0.25 in. (6 mm)	0.25 in. (6 mm)
	Peel-off	0.5 in (13 mm)	0.5 in (13 mm)
	Cutter	1.5 in. (38 mm)	1.5 in. (38 mm)
	RFID	Varies for each transponder type	
Label length MINIMUM (600 dpi)	Non-RFID		
	Tear-off	0.125 in. (3 mm)	N/A
	Rewind	0.125 in. (3 mm)	
	Peel-off	0.5 in. (13 mm)	
	Cutter	1.5 in. (38 mm)	
	RFID	Varies for each transponder type	
Label length MAXIMUM (non-continuous media)		39 in. (991 mm)	
Print length MAXIMUM (continuous media)	200 dpi	150 in. (3810 mm)	150 in. (3810 mm)
	300 dpi	100 in. (2540 mm)	80 in. (2032 mm)
	600 dpi	30 in. (762 mm)	N/A
Label width MINIMUM	Non-RFID	0.79 in. (20 mm)	2 in. (51 mm)
	RFID	Varies for each transponder type	
Label width MAXIMUM (label and liner)		4.5 in. (114 mm)	7.1 in. (180 mm)
Total thickness MINIMUM (includes liner, if any)		0.003 in. (0.076 mm)	
Total thickness MAXIMUM (includes liner, if any)	Cutter	0.009 in. (0.23 mm)	0.007 in. (0.18 mm)
	Other	0.012 in. (0.30 mm)	0.012 in. (0.30 mm)
Roll outside diameter MAXIMUM		8 in. (203 mm) on a 3-in. (76-mm) inside diameter core	
Inter-label gap	Minimum	0.079 in. (2 mm)	
	Preferred	0.118 in. (3 mm)	
	Maximum	0.157 in. (4 mm)	
Ticket/tag notch size (width x length)		0.25 in. x 0.12 in. (6 mm x 3 mm)	
Sensing hole diameter		0.125 in. (3 mm)	



	ZT610	ZT620
Black mark density, in Optical Density Units (ODU)	> 1.0 ODU	
Media density MAXIMUM (black mark)	0.5 ODU	
Black mark length (parallel to inside media edge)	0.12 to 0.43 in. (3 to 11 mm)	
Black mark width (perpendicular to inside media edge)	> 0.43 in. (> 11 mm)	
Black mark location	within 0.040 in. (1 mm) of inside media edge	

## Ribbon Specifications

Standard printers use ribbon that is coated on the outside. An optional ribbon spindle is available to use ribbon that is coated on the inside. Contact your authorized Zebra reseller for ordering information.

	<b>ZT610</b>	<b>ZT620</b>
Ribbon width MINIMUM*	0.79 in. (20 mm)	2 in.** (51 mm**)
Ribbon width MAXIMUM	4.33 in. (110 mm)	6.7 in. (170 mm)
Ribbon length MAXIMUM	1476 ft (450 m)	
Ribbon core inside diameter	1 in. (25 mm)	
Ribbon roll outside diameter MAXIMUM	3.2 in. (81.3 mm)	

\* Zebra recommends using ribbon that is at least as wide as the media to protect the printhead from wear.

\*\* Depending on your application, you may be able to use ribbon narrower than 2 in. (51 mm), as long as the ribbon is wider than the media being used. To use a narrower ribbon, test the ribbon's performance with your media to assure that you get the desired results.

# Glossary

**alphanumeric** Indicating letters, numerals, and characters such as punctuation marks.

**backfeed** When the printer pulls the media and ribbon (if used) backward into the printer so that the beginning of the label to be printed is properly positioned behind the printhead. Backfeed occurs when operating the printer in Tear-Off and Applicator modes.

**barcode** A code by which alphanumeric characters can be represented by a series of adjacent stripes of different widths. Many different code schemes exist, such as the universal product code (UPC) or Code 39.

**black mark** A registration mark found on the underside of the print media that acts as a start-of-label indication for the printer. (See [non-continuous media](#).)

**calibration (of a printer)** A process in which the printer determines some basic information needed to print accurately with a particular media and ribbon combination. To do this, the printer feeds some media and ribbon (if used) through the printer and senses whether to use the direct thermal or thermal transfer print method, and (if using non-continuous media) the length of individual labels or tags.

**configuration** The printer configuration is a group of operating parameters specific to the printer application. Some parameters are user selectable, while others are dependent on the installed options and mode of operation. Parameters may be switch selectable, control panel programmable, or downloaded as ZPL II commands. A configuration label listing all the current printer parameters may be printed for reference.

**continuous media** Label or tag-stock media that has no notch, gap, or web (media liner only) to separate the labels or tags. The media is one long piece of material.

**core diameter** The inside diameter of the cardboard core at the center of a roll of media or ribbon.

**diagnostics** Information about which printer functions are not working that is used for troubleshooting printer problems.

**die-cut media** A type of label stock that has individual labels stuck to a media liner. The labels may be either lined up against each other or separated by a small distance. Typically the material surrounding the labels has been removed. (See *non-continuous media*.)

**direct thermal** A printing method in which the printhead presses directly against the media. Heating the printhead elements causes a discoloration of the heat-sensitive coating on the media. By selectively heating the printhead elements as the media moves past, an image is printed onto the media. No ribbon is used with this printing method. Contrast this with *thermal transfer*.

**direct thermal media** Media that is coated with a substance that reacts to the application of direct heat from the printhead to produce an image.

**dynamic RAM** The memory devices used to store the label formats in electronic form while they are being printed. The amount of DRAM memory available in the printer determines the maximum size and number of label formats that can be printed. This is volatile memory that loses the stored information when power is turned off.

**fanfold media** Media that comes folded in a rectangular stack. Contrast this with *roll media*.

**firmware** This is the term used to specify the printer's operating program. This program is downloaded to the printer from a host computer and stored in FLASH memory. Each time the printer power is turned on, this operating program starts. This program controls when to feed the media forward or backward and when to print a dot on the label stock.

**FLASH memory** FLASH memory is non-volatile and maintains the stored information intact when power is off. This memory area is used to store the printer's operating program. In addition, this memory can be used to store optional printer fonts, graphic formats, and complete label formats.

**Font** A complete set of alphanumeric characters in one style of type. Examples include CG Times™, CG Triumvirate Bold Condensed™.

**ips (inches-per-second)** The speed at which the label or tag is printed. Many Zebra printers can print from 1 ips to 14 ips.

**label** An adhesive-backed piece of paper, plastic, or other material on which information is printed.

**label backing (liner)** The material on which labels are affixed during manufacture and which is discarded or recycled by the end-users.

**light emitting diode (LED)** Indicators of specific printer status conditions. Each LED is either off, on, or blinking depending on the feature being monitored.

**linerless media** Linerless media does not use backing to keep the layers of labels on a roll from sticking to one another. It is wound like a roll of tape, with the sticky side of one layer in contact with the non-sticky surface of the one below it. Individual labels may be separated by perforations, or they can be cut apart. Because there is no liner, more labels can potentially fit on a roll, cutting down the need to change media as often. Linerless media is considered an environmentally friendly option because no backing is wasted, and the cost per label can be considerably less than that of standard labels.

**liquid crystal display (LCD)** The LCD is a back-lit display that provides the user with either operating status during normal operation or option menus when configuring the printer to a specific application.

**media** Material onto which data is printed by the printer. Types of media include: tag stock, die-cut labels, continuous labels (with and without media liner), non-continuous media, fanfold media, and roll media.

**media sensor** This sensor is located behind the printhead to detect the presence of media and, for non-continuous media, the position of the web, hole, or notch used to indicate the start of each label.

**media supply hanger** The stationary arm that supports the media roll.

**non-continuous media** Media that contains an indication of where one label/printed format ends and the next one begins. Examples are die-cut labels, notched tag-stock, and stock with black mark registration marks.

**non-volatile memory** Electronic memory that retains data even when the power to the printer is turned off.

**notched media** A type of tag stock containing a cutout area that can be sensed as a start-of-label indicator by the printer. This is typically a heavier, cardboard-like material that is either cut or torn away from the next tag. (See [non-continuous media](#).)

**peel-off** A mode of operation in which the printer peels a printed label away from the backing and allows the user to remove it before another label is printed. Printing pauses until the label is removed.

**print speed** The speed at which printing occurs. For thermal transfer printers, this speed is expressed in terms of ips (inches per second).

**printhead wear** The degradation of the surface of the printhead and/or the print elements over time. Heat and abrasion can cause printhead wear. Therefore, to maximize the life of the printhead, use the lowest print darkness setting (sometimes called burn temperature or head temperature) and the lowest printhead pressure necessary to produce good print quality. In the thermal transfer printing method, use ribbon that is as wide or wider than the media to protect the printhead from the rough media surface.

**registration** Alignment of printing with respect to the top (vertical) or sides (horizontal) of a label or tag.

**ribbon** A band of material consisting of a base film coated with wax or resin “ink.” The inked side of the material is pressed by the printhead against the media. The ribbon transfers ink onto the media when heated by the small elements within the printhead. Zebra ribbons have a coating on the back that protects the printhead from wear.

**ribbon wrinkle** A wrinkling of the ribbon caused by improper alignment or improper printhead pressure. This wrinkle can cause voids in the print and/or the used ribbon to rewind unevenly. This condition should be corrected by performing adjustment procedures.

**roll media** Media that comes supplied rolled onto a core (usually cardboard). Contrast this with *fanfold media*.

**supplies** A general term for media and ribbon.

**symbology** The term generally used when referring to a barcode.

**tag** A type of media having no adhesive backing but featuring a hole or notch by which the tag can be hung on something. Tags are usually made of cardboard or other durable material.

**tear-off** A mode of operation in which the user tears the label or tag stock away from the remaining media by hand.

**thermal transfer** A printing method in which the printhead presses an ink or resin coated ribbon against the media. Heating the printhead elements causes the ink or resin to transfer onto the media. By selectively heating the printhead elements as the media and ribbon move past, an image is printed onto the media. Contrast this with *direct thermal*.

**void** A space on which printing should have occurred, but did not due to an error condition such as wrinkled ribbon or faulty print elements. A void can cause a printed barcode symbol to be read incorrectly or not at all.

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